1	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT	
2	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
3	(SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION)	
4		
5	In re: Case No. 19-30088	
6	PG&E CORPORATION, Chapter 11	
7	San Francisco, California January 31, 2019	
8	10:04 a.m. Debtor.	
9		
10	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS 1. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR ENTRY OF ORDER DIRECTING JOINT ADMINISTRATION OF CHAPTER 11 CASE	
12	2. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR INTERIM AND FINAL ORDERS (I) AUTHORIZING THE DEBTORS TO MAINTAIN INSURANCE POLICIES,	
13	WORKERS' COMPENSATION PROGRAM, AND SURETY BOND PROGRAM AND PAY ALL OBLIGATIONS THERETO; AND (ii) GRANTING RELIEF FROM THE AUTOMATIC STAY WITH RESPECT TO	
14	WORKER'S COMPENSATION CLAIMS 3. MOTION OF DEBTORS TO (A) HONOR PRE-PETITION OBLIGATIONS	
15	TO NATURAL GAS AND ELECTRICITY EXCHANGE OPERATORS; (B) GRANT ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE CLAIMS AND AUTHORIZE	
16	POSTING OF COLLATERAL TO EXCHANGE OPERATORS TRADING COUNTER-PARTIES AND FUTURE COMMISSION MERCHANTS;	
17	(C) MODIFY THE AUTOMATIC STAY; AND (D) GRANTED RELATED RELIEF	
18	4. APPLICATION OF DEBTORS FOR ORDER APPOINTING JASON P. WELLS AS RESPONSIBLE INDIVIDUAL	
19	5. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR INTERIM AND FINAL AUTHORITY TO (I)(A) CONTINUE EXISTING CASH MANAGEMENT SYSTEM,	
20	(1) (A) CONTINGE EXISTING CASH MANAGEMENT STSTEM, (B) HONOR CERTAIN PRE-PETITION OBLIGATIONS RELATED TO THE USE THEREOF, (C) CONTINUE INTER-COMPANY	
21	ARRANGEMENTS, (D) CONTINUE TO HONOR OBLIGATIONS RELATED TO JOINT INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS, AND	
22	(E) MAINTAIN EXISTING BANK ACCOUNTS AND BUSINESS FORMS; AND (II) WAIVING THE REQUIREMENTS OF 11 U.S.C. 345(b)[7]	
23	6. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR INTERIM AND FINAL ORDERS ESTABLISHING NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES AND APPROVING	
24	RESTRICTION ON CERTAIN TRANSFERS OF STOCK OF, AND	
25	CLAIMS AGAINST, THE DEBTORS	

1	7. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR INTERIM AND FINAL ORDERS
	(I) AUTHORIZING DEBTORS TO (A) MAINTAIN AND ADMINISTER
2	CUSTOMER PROGRAMS, INCLUDING PUBLIC PURPOSE PROGRAMS,
	AND (B) HONOR ANY PRE-PETITION OBLIGATIONS RELATING
3	THERETO; AND (II) AUTHORIZING FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS
	TO HONOR AND PROCESS RELATED CHECKS AND TRANSFERS
4	8. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR (I) INTERIM AND FINAL AUTHORITY
	TO PAY PRE-PETITION OBLIGATIONS OWED TO SHIPPERS,
5	WAREHOUSEMEN, AND OTHER LIEN CLAIMANTS; AND (II) GRANTING
	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE PRIORITY STATUS FOR CLAIMS
6	ARISING FROM GOODS DELIVERED TO THE DEBTORS POST-PETITION
	9. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR INTERIM AND FINAL AUTHORITY TO
7	(I) PAY PRE-PETITION WAGES, SALARIES, WITHHOLDING
	OBLIGATIONS, AND OTHER COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS;
8	(II) MAINTAIN EMPLOYEE BENEFITS PROGRAMS; AND
	(III) PAY RELATED ADMINISTRATIVE OBLIGATIONS
9	10. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR ENTRY OF ORDER (I) EXTENDING
	TIME TO FILE SCHEDULES OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND
10	STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL AFFAIRS, AND (II) EXTENDING
	TIME TO FILE 2015.3 REPORTS
11	11. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR INTERIM AND FINAL AUTHORITY TO
12	PAY CERTAIN PRE-PETITION TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS AND GRANTING RELIEF
12	12. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR ENTRY OF AN ORDER AUTHORIZING
13	THE FILING UNDER SEAL OF THE PROPOSED DEBTOR IN POSSESSION
10	FINANCING FEE LETTERS
14	13. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR ENTRY OF ORDER (I) WAIVING THE
	REQUIREMENTS TO FILE LISTS OF CREDITORS AND EQUITY HOLDERS
15	AND GRANTING RELATED RELIEF; AND (II) AUTHORIZING AND
	APPROVING PROCEDURES FOR PROVIDING NOTICE OF THE
16	COMMENCEMENT OF CHAPTER 11 CASES
	14. DEBTORS' APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF PRIME CLERK LLC
17	AS CLAIMS AND NOTICING AGENT
	15. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR INTERIM AND FINAL ORDERS (I)
18	AUTHORIZING THE DEBTORS TO OBTAIN SENIOR SECURED,
	SUPER-PRIORITY, POST-PETITION FINANCING, (II) GRANTING
19	LIENS AND SUPER-PRIORITY CLAIMS, (III) MODIFYING THE
	AUTOMATIC STAY (IV) SCHEDULING FINAL HEARING, AND
20	(V) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF
	16. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR INTERIM AND FINAL AUTHORITY
21	TO PAY PRE-PETITION OBLIGATIONS OWED TO CERTAIN SAFETY
	AND RELIABILITY, OUTAGE, AND NUCLEAR FACILITY SUPPLIERS
22	17. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR ENTRY OF ORDER AUTHORIZING
	OVERSIZE BRIEFING FOR CERTAIN FIRST-DAY MOTIONS
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PACIFIC GAS and ELECTRIC Case No. 19-30089 COMPANY, 2 Chapter 11 3 Debtor. 4 TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS 5 MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR INTERIM AND FINAL ORDERS (I) AUTHORIZING THE DEBTORS TO MAINTAIN INSURANCE POLICIES, 6 WORKERS' COMPENSATION PROGRAM, AND SECURITY BOND PROGRAM AND PAY ALL OBLIGATIONS WITH RESPECT THERETO; AND 7 (II) GRANTING RELIEF FROM THE AUTOMATIC STAY WITH RESPECT TO WORKERS' COMPENSATION CLAIMS 8 2. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR INTERIM AND FINAL AUTHORITY TO (I) PAY PRE-PETITION WAGES, SALARIES, WITHHOLDING 9 OBLIGATIONS, AND OTHER COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS; (II) MAINTAIN EMPLOYEE BENEFITS PROGRAM; AND 10 (III) PAY RELATED ADMINISTRATIVE OBLIGATIONS 3. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR INTERIM AND FINAL AUTHORITY TO 11 (I) (A) CONTINUE EXISTING CASH MANAGEMENT SYSTEM, (B) HONOR CERTAIN PRE-PETITION OBLIGATIONS RELATED TO THE 12 USE THEREOF, (C) CONTINUE INTER-COMPANY ARRANGEMENTS, (D) CONTINUE TO HONOR OBLIGATIONS RELATED TO JOINT 13 INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS, AND (E) MAINTAIN EXISTING BANK ACCOUNTS AND BUSINESS FORMS; AND (II) WAIVING THE 14 REQUIREMENTS OF 11 U.S.C. 345(b)[7] MOTION OF DEBTORS TO (A) HONOR PRE-PETITION OBLIGATIONS 15 TO NATURAL GAS AND ELECTRICITY EXCHANGE OPERATORS, (B) GRANT ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE CLAIMS AND AUTHORIZE 16 POSTING OV COLLATERAL TO EXCHANGE OPERATORS TRADING COUNTER-PARTIES, AND FUTURE COMMISSION MERCHANTS, (C) MODIFY THE AUTOMATIC STAY, AND (D) GRANT RELATED RELIEF 17 5. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR ENTRY OF ORDER (I) EXTENDING 18 TIME TO FILE SCHEDULES OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL AFFAIRS, AND (II) EXTENDING TIME TO FILE 2015.3 REPORTS 19 MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR INTERIM AND FINAL ORDERS (I) AUTHORIZING DEBTORS TO (A) MAINTAIN AND ADMINISTER 20 CUSTOMER PROGRAMS, INCLUDING PUBLIC PURPOSE PROGRAMS, AND (B) HONOR ANY PRE-PETITION OBLIGATIONS RELATING THERETO; 21 AND (II) AUTHORIZING FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS TO HONOR 22 AND PROCESS RELATED CHECKS AND TRANSFERS 7. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR INTERIM AND FINAL ORDERS (I) AUTHORIZING THE DEBTORS TO OBTAIN SENIOR SECURED, 23 SUPER-PRIORITY, POST-PETITION FINANCING, (II) GRANTING

LIENS AND SUPER-PRIORITY CLAIMS, (III) MODIFYING THE AUTOMATIC STAY, (IV) SCHEDULING FINAL HEARING; AND

(V) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF

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1	8. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR ENTRY OF ORDER (I) WAIVING THE REQUIREMENTS TO FILE LISTS OF CREDITORS AND EQUITY
2	HOLDERS AND GRANTING RELATED RELIEF; AND (II) AUTHORIZING
2	AND APPROVING PROCEDURES FOR PROVIDING NOTICE OF THE
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5	PAY CERTAIN PRE-PETITION TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS
6	AND GRANTING RELATED RELIEF 11. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR ENTRY OF AN ORDER AUTHORIZING
6	THE FILING UNDER SEAL OF THE PROPOSED DEBTOR IN POSSESSION
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8	OVERSIZE BRIEFING FOR CERTAIN FIRST-DAY MOTIONS
9	13. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR (I) INTERIM AND FINAL AUTHORITY TO PAY PRE-PETITION OBLIGATIONS OWED TO SHIPPERS,
9	WAREHOUSEMEN, AND OTHER LIEN CLAIMANTS, AND (II)
LO	GRANTING ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE PRIORITY STATUS FOR
	CLAIMS ARISING FROM GOODS DELIVERED TO THE DEBTORS
L1	POST-PETITION
L2	14. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR INTERIM AND FINAL AUTHORITY TO PAY PRE-PETITION OBLIGATIONS OWED TO CERTAIN
LZ	SAFETY AND RELIABILITY, OUTAGE, AND NUCLEAR
L3	FACILITY SUPPLIERS
	15. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR INTERIM AND FINAL ORDERS
L 4	ESTABLISHING NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES AND APPROVING
L 5	RESTRICTIONS ON CERTAIN TRANSFERS OF STOCK OF, AND CLAIMS AGAINST, THE DEBTORS
	16. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR ENTRY OF ORDER AUTHORIZING
L 6	OVERSIZE BRIEFING FOR CERTAIN FIRST-DAY MOTIONS
	17. MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR ENTRY OF ORDER DIRECTING
L7	JOINT ADMINISTRATION OF CHAPTER 11 CASES
L 8	
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PROCEEDINGS

2 January 31, 2019 10:04 a.m.

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2.4

COURTROOM DEPUTY: All rise. The court is now in session, The Honorable Dennis Montali presiding.

THE COURT: Good morning, everyone.

ALL COUNSEL: Good morning.

THE COURT: Please be seated. Sorry about the slight delay. Let me make a couple of preliminary announcements. One announcement is, if someone in the back of the room doesn't hear me because I'm close or not close to the microphone, please wave your hand. I'll try to stay close.

I won't go through the same introductions and comments that I made on Tuesday, but I will just remind everyone of a couple of points, and for people who were not here on Tuesday, this is a reminder of what are the rules here. We cannot record this proceeding, or you may not record it by a cell phone or a laptop or any other magic, and if that takes place, we'll have to ask the court security officer to remove any such device. But each day during the PG&E case, we will upload an audio transcript onto the public docket in the evening, so people who want to follow what took place will be able to listen to that as long as they have a PACER account.

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During the course of the presentation today, I want speakers to come to the center podium and identify yourself and if you are, as most of the speakers I'm sure will be, acting as counsel, please identify your clients, and later in the morning, if I allow and when I allow comments from people who are on their own, I'll certainly understand that.

We also have been able to arrange for our overflow courtroom next-door that -- (the recorder is malfunctioning) -- what's happening? Is it doing it now?

No. Okay. We've arranged in the overflow courtroom for people to speak at the podium also and we have a video feed on that. So when we are going through the motions on the calendar this morning -- (laughing) going through the motions -- going through the matters that are here for action, I will recognize counsel who want to be heard on those motions, and I'll just do my best to recognize them if they're either in our primary courtroom or in the overflow courtroom.

(Recorder feedback resumes)

Can we do anything about that feedback?

(Pause.)

Okay. Well -- do you think if I turn this speaker off, it'll matter? All right. I'm going to continue to hope that this isn't going to happen again.

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All right. Here's the agenda that I wish to follow, and the counsel for the Debtors were very helpful in putting forth an agenda. I'm going to tweak it a little bit. As I said on Tuesday, I'm going to ask principal counsel for the Debtors to make some kind of an opening statement, whether it's short or long I'm going to let them be the judge, but just an overview of where things are going.

Then after that, I intend to go down the more formal agenda of the various motions that the Debtors have filed. You will recall the other day that I said there were 17 of them. I'm still counting 17, and I'm sure a couple of them are non-controversial, but I'm sure others will attract a lot of attention from people. I'm mindful that a number of parties have filed objections under the tight schedule we set forth, and I and counsel for the Debtors will do our best to keep track of those, but when your name is called or the matter is up and you want to present yourself and make your argument, please understand that in some of the written objections, we just haven't had a chance to absorb them all.

Now, even though we started only a couple minutes late, my plan is to go through the motions in whatever number we can get out of the way, and I'll ask counsel for the Debtors to suggest -- see if there's an agreement on which ones to take when. But I'm going to plan that at

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about 11:30 this morning, we'll take a personal convenience break for a few minutes, and then after that, I will allow people who are here and want to be heard generally to talk. I don't have an absolute rule about how much time they'll be allowed, but I'm going to tell you that if you're speaking and expressing your views about things, I expect you to be brief; I expect you to tell me what you want to say; and I will do my best to listen, but we don't intend -- I and I don't expect the lawyers for the Debtors to respond in any meaningful way -- I don't mean to say that they're going to ignore you, but anything you may have to say is just simply not an action item for today, and I'm very mindful -- many of you who have been following either in the media or otherwise about what's going on upstairs in the District Court, and that's upstairs in the District Court. So to the extent that any people want to express their views on how they think the court ought to respond or deal with those, please do not take time to repeat those comments in this court. This is a Bankruptcy Court dealing with civil matters and particularly in the matters that we're talking about.

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And then I will permit the comments from anyone who wants to be heard until around 12:30, and then we'll take at least an hour break for everyone's convenience, and depending upon how many -- and, you know, I'm being overly

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optimistic perhaps -- that maybe we'll be through the motions, but maybe we won't, and when we resume, I will then pick up the discussion of the motions, and when the motions are done, depending upon the time if there's still a need to listen to public comments, I'll be happy to let them be presented.

2.4

For some of the motions they are routine, and experienced lawyers are familiar with how these happen, and to the extent that a motion either is uncontested or contested but I overrule, then objection and that'll be the end of it. I will presumably grant or grant with a modification the motion. There may be some that based upon the objections or comments, I will simply take them under advisement, meaning I will not issue an order orally this morning or this afternoon, but do my best to act as quickly as necessary on any particular motions.

Mr. Karotkin, are you going to make the presentation?

MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Are you comfortable with kind of going through the administrative ones that are sort of routine or is it important for you to change the sequence?

MR. KAROTKIN: May I approach?

THE COURT: Oh sure, by all means. Yeah. I mean I'm going to invite you to make your statements too, but I

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just wanted to see if you're okay with kind of getting the
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    housekeeping out of the way. Any problem with that?
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              MR. KAROTKIN: No, sir.
 4
              THE COURT: Okay. All right. Well then, I'm
 5
    going to let you make whatever statement, or if you or any
 6
    of the other co-counsel are going to be making any kind of
    general -- what I'll call the Opening Statement -- I invite
 8
    you to do so.
 9
              MR. KAROTKIN: You would like me to do that before
    we get to the --
10
11
              THE COURT: Yeah.
12
              MR. KAROTKIN: Yeah, okay.
13
              THE COURT: Well, I mean again, are you okay with
    that?
14
15
              MR. KAROTKIN: Yes.
              THE COURT: You know I've doing all the talking.
16
17
              MR. KAROTKIN: I'm okay with it.
18
              THE COURT: I want to let you do it now.
19
              MR. KAROTKIN: I'm okay with anything you say,
20
    sir.
21
              THE COURT: Really?
22
         (Laughter.)
23
              THE COURT: All right. I'll see you next week.
2.4
         (Laughter.)
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              THE COURT: You can stay here where it's nice and
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warm. We don't want to send you back to whatever the temperature is in New York City. All right. Please, go ahead.

OPENING STATEMENT

BY MR. KAROTKIN:

2.4

Thank you, Your Honor, Stephen Karotkin of Weil Gotshal and Manges for the Debtors. I thought I had some influence with the Utility, Your Honor, to get the air conditioning fixed, but apparently that didn't work today either.

THE COURT: It's doing a little better. We took that with GSA, you know. This isn't our air conditioning system.

MR. KAROTKIN: Okay. And thank you for scheduling the hearing today. As we mentioned the other day, we appreciate seeing you on this expedited schedule. You've already been introduced to the attorneys who will be appearing today on behalf of the Debtors, and I introduced you to Ms. Loduca, the interim general counsel for PG&E and Jason Wells, the senior vice president, both of whom are here today.

As stated, Your Honor, in Mr. Wells' declaration filed in connection with the Chapter 11 petitions, the Debtors' decision to seek relief under Chapter 11 followed a comprehensive review of a variety of factors in the

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context of the circumstances facing the Debtors at the time. As a consequence of the catastrophic and tragic wildfires that occurred in Northern California in 2017 and 2018, the Debtors were faced with a multitude of pending claims and literally thousands of claims yet to be filed.

2.4

As of the middle of January, Your Honor, there were 700 complaints filed on behalf of thirty-six hundred plaintiffs as to the 2017 Northern California wildfires, 41 insurance subrogation complaints and a number of claims filed by governmental agencies.

As to the recent Camp fire in November, already 50 complaints on behalf of 2,000 plaintiffs have been filed with only three months having elapsed since that fire. No doubt thousands of claims will be asserted in view of the fact that there were 86 fatalities and the destruction of nearly 14,000 residences, 528 commercial buildings, and nearly forty-three hundred other structures. Under these circumstances, Your Honor, with the potential liabilities involved, all exacerbated by the doctrine of inverse condemnation in the State of California that imposes strict liability regardless of negligence and regardless of whether PG&E was negligent, if its equipment caused the fire, it became abundantly clear that PG&E could not access the capital necessary to address and resolve the wildfires already asserted and to be asserted in the State Court

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system over the next several months and years, could not access the capital necessary to continue to operate its business and provide reliable utility service to 16 million customers, could not access the capital necessary to properly invest in its business, in its infrastructure and in critical safety initiatives to mitigate future wildfire risk, and could not access the necessary capital, Your Honor, to service its approximately 23 billion dollars of outstanding debt.

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Simply stated, Your Honor, under those circumstances, there was no feasible way for PG&E to finance its way through the years of litigation and the resolution of claims in the State Court system, and at the same time properly invest and operate its business.

Chapter 11, Your Honor, is the only viable alternative to restore PG&E's financial stability and to fairly address the wildfire claims and assure that the company has access to sufficient capital to operate its business.

And of course, Your Honor, everyone is aware and there has been much written about Cal Fire's recent report last Thursday with respect to the Tubbs fire, and Cal Fire's finding that PG&E's equipment was not the cause of the Tubbs fire, and that perhaps, Your Honor, because of that report, we would not be here before you today. The fact is, however, the comprehensive analysis undertaken by

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PG&E and its Board in deciding to seek relief under Chapter 11 fully took into account PG&E's longstanding belief that its facilities did not cause the Tubbs fire. Despite Cal Fire's finding, PG&E still faces the same liquidity issues; it still faces the thousands of pending claims with respect to the other 2017 fires, and it will still face the thousands more claims that will be asserted with respect to the Camp fire.

Moreover, Your Honor, the plaintiff lawyers have made it abundantly clear that they believe they have other theories of liability to hold PG&E responsible for the Tubbs fire, and there is no reason to believe that they will be dropping their lawsuits with respect to those claims.

I want to emphasize, as Mr. Wells emphasized in his declaration that the filing of these cases is not a strategic ploy to avoid PG&E's responsibility for the devastating damage and loss of life sustained as a result of the 2017 and 2018 California wildfires. The objectives, Your Honor, of these cases and what we hope to accomplish is precisely the opposite. PG&E believes the Chapter 11 cases will promote the fair orderly and expeditious resolution of PG&E's wildfire liability, in fact, more equitably and more quickly than most liabilities could be addressed in the tort system. PG&E also believes that the

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- 1 Chapter 11 cases will restore PG&E's financial stability 2 and as I said, assure it has access to the capital necessary to invest in its infrastructure and run its Third, we believe the Chapter 11 cases will enable PG&E to continue its extensive restoration and rebuilding efforts to assist the communities affected by both the 2017 and 2018 Northern California wildfires, and 8 fourth, during the administration of these cases, Your Honor, the Debtors intend to work together with the CPUC 10 and State policy makers to address safety and structural reforms and to build systems to provide safe and reliable 11 12 service to PG&E's customers for the long term.
 - I can assure you of one thing, Your Honor, that unlike PG&E's prior Chapter 11 case, these Debtors are committed to work collaboratively with the CPUC and achieve a successful reorganization.
 - THE COURT: You don't think they were collaboratively engaged 18 years ago?
- 19 (Laughter.)

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- MR. KAROTKIN: I wasn't here 18 years ago, but from what I heard, I don't think so.
 - THE COURT: I still have the boxing gloves bronzed in my chambers.
- 24 (Laughter.)
- MR. KAROTKIN: I think Mr. Kornberg is too old to

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fight this year.

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THE COURT: I know. I know. I told you he was one of the veterans.

MR. KAROTKIN: Your Honor, the Debtors also believe that these cases in the Chapter 11 process will provide the necessary catalyst to address the significant increase in wildfire risks in an environment severely challenged by climate change.

As we've noted, Your Honor, PG&E could have accessed secured debt to temporarily extend its runway outside of Chapter 11, but kicking the can down the road would not have addressed the fundamental issues facing PG&E. That path, Your Honor, was a dead end in the State Court system. It was not a feasible way to address and resolve the claims and maintain adequate liquidity to operate the business. In that context, Your Honor, I would note that piling on secured debt that would have the effect of subordinating the wildfire claims and the capital stack was not a path that PG&E or its Board was willing to take.

THE COURT: Am I correct, though, the proposed financing does take a situation that's generally unsecured and a layer of substantial secured debt on the Debtor.

MR. KAROTKIN: Precisely, Your Honor, but -THE COURT: That's what it is, right? I mean that
could happen anywhere.

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MR. KAROTKIN: Again, but the way we saw that,
Your Honor, is that if we incurred additional secured debt,
we'd be here six or nine months from now with another five
and a half million piled on top of the wildfire claimants,
and we didn't think that was appropriate. It's not a
solution.

THE COURT: Billion, not million.

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MR. KAROTKIN: Billion, sorry. Thank you, sir.

And the most recent financing proposals sent to the Debtors by various funds were both extremely costly and not surprisingly, Your Honor, quite economically attractive to those making the proposals. Unlike those entities, Your Honor, the Debtors are charged with the duty to represent the interests of all economic stakeholders, and that is what we intend to do during this process.

The Chapter 11 cases provide the opportunity for all wildfire claims to be addressed in one forum and to be addressed comprehensively. Their pari passu status, and PG&E's other pre-petition debt including 23 billion dollars approximately of funded debt is preserved, and moreover, Your Honor, it avoids the real risk, outside of Chapter 11, that due to PG&E's financial stress, those wildfire claims dealt with earlier in the process in the State Court system will fare much better than those addressed later in the State Court system. Your Honor, we know these cases are

large. There are many interested parties, but we hope to move through this process as expeditiously as possible. We now have a centralized forum to work with all constituencies, wildfire claimants, other pre-petition creditors, shareholders, the CPUC, the communities, policy makers from the State to achieve a comprehensive solution that treats all parties fairly and equitably while assuring that this company can continue to serve its 16 million customers.

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We think, Your Honor, that the dynamics of Chapter 11 will facilitate negotiations among the core group of claimants and other parties for a global resolution of the aggregate wildfire liabilities to be addressed in a Plan of Reorganization. Discussions, Your Honor, with the core group of claimants' lawyers, the subrogation claimants, the attorneys representing the communities, and the attorneys representing the other plaintiffs have already commenced, and at the appropriate time, we would anticipate bringing the CPUC and the State and other parties into the process.

The ultimate goal, Your Honor, in Chapter 11 would be to establish a trust under a Plan of Reorganization to which all of the wildfire claims would be channeled and resolved. That trust could be funded in a number of ways and would also include claims resolution

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- procedures to be adopted in connection with the
 establishment of the trust under the Plan of
 Reorganization, and that would, we expect, Your Honor,
 create expedited payments to wildfire claimants, again,
 much faster than most claimants would receive distributions
 in the State Court system. And that is our goal, and we
 are confident that we can move forward with that in an
 expeditious manner, and we look forward to working with all
 the other constituencies to achieve that goal.
 - I'm happy to briefly go through the capital structure of the Debtors just to give you some background, if you'd like.

- THE COURT: If you think it's helpful. I mean you can make whatever preliminary statements you want, so feel free if you think it's important. I think I'm somewhat educated on all this, but --
- MR. KAROTKIN: Let me just make a few brief comments.
- THE COURT: -- there's a lot of people that are not, and your comments are quite helpful.
 - MR. KAROTKIN: Okay. Thank you. A few brief comments: Obviously, PG&E Corporation is the holding company. It owns all of the common stock of Pacific Gas and Electric Corporation which is the operating utility. The pre-petition debt, Your Honor, of the Debtors consists

of an unsecured revolving credit agreement at the holding company which is fully drawn in the outstanding amount of 300 million dollars. There is also an unsecured revolving credit facility at the Utility with approximately 2.9 billion outstanding, again unsecured, and those obligations are not cross-guaranteed.

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The holding company has an unsecured 350 million dollar term loan, and the utility has a 250 million dollar outstanding term loan, again, Your Honor, no crossguaranties. There are approximately seventeen and a half billion dollars of unsecured notes outstanding at the Utility level, again not guaranteed by the parent, and the Utility has various issues of tax-exempt pollution control bonds in the aggregate amount of approximately 860 million dollars, 760 million of which are backed by letters of credit with reimbursement obligations that are unsecured. As of the petition date, there's approximately 2.1 billion dollars of trade debt, and of course, there are the wildfire liabilities in an unliquidated amount. And I would note that, Your Honor, all of the funded debt is unsecured as I mentioned. The trade debt is largely unsecured, and of course, the wildfire liabilities are unsecured.

THE COURT: Do your protections include claims that might come out of rejection claims, rejection damages?

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- I mean you don't -- typically those aren't booked as liabilities.
- 3 MR. KAROTKIN: No. This does not include rejection then, and if it does, our rejection damage claims --5
 - THE COURT: But if there are Motions to Reject, it would mean increase of the claims.
- MR. KAROTKIN: It would, and I would note, Your Honor, that despite what's been written in the newspapers, there are not any motions on file at this time to reject any power purchase agreements --11
 - THE COURT: No, I'm aware of that. I'm aware of that.
 - MR. KAROTKIN: -- or any other contracts and there is no current intention to file any of those motions in the immediate future. Those will be evaluated as the case progresses, and of course in consultation with the official committees that are appointed.
- 19 THE COURT: Okay.

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- 20 MR. KAROTKIN: And unless you have any 21 questions --
 - THE COURT: No. That's fine. And again, I'm not going to turn this open for questions of you because that's not the plan here today. There will be an opportunity either in the media or private consultations. People who

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want to talk to you or others are free to do that. going to make it part of the agenda here. I told you I want to go through the administrative motions first, but I have one sort of overriding question that is not on the agenda, but I want to get your views on it, and that is, under our rules, which I think are somewhat different from many courts in the country, we have a very quick claims bar date automatically imbedded in the rules, and as I recall, even in PG&E One, we use a very early date. I'm more inclined to go the other way in this case, and so we don't have to have a decision on it today, but I'd like to make sure it's on your agenda to take up with the U.S. Trustee or any committee, but it would be my sense that we should be much more going the other way on a claims bar date. So --

MR. KAROTKIN: Yes. We totally agree with that.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. KAROTKIN: And we've already had some preliminary discussions with some of the attorneys representing the plaintiffs in order to discuss with them the most efficient way to address that process, particularly because of all the individuals involved.

THE COURT: Great. That's all I need to hear on that subject. So shall we go through the motions, the formal motions? (Laughing) We can go through all kinds of

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motions, but let's go through the formal motions.

2 MR. KAROTKIN: Sure

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THE COURT: Does that work?

MR. KAROTKIN: Yes.

THE COURT: And I would request that we take the joint administration motion first, and then I'm going to let you pick whatever you want, because there are a couple of tweaks that I want to raise from the Clerk's side of our end of it. You've gotten some objections from one group of bond holders. You're aware of that -- not bond holders, excuse me -- yeah, Institution of Bondholders, excuse me. Are you familiar with that one?

MR. KAROTKIN: Yeah. I am familiar with it, and as I say, that's a first for me.

mean we can resolve the issue. Well, as you know, the Ninth Circuit came down with a decision that some lawyers, you know, are concerned about, and as I read the objection from the ad hoc group, which unless I'm not aware of what else has been filed, that's the only objection.

MR. KAROTKIN: I think the U.S. Trustee -
THE COURT: Oh, did the U.S. Trustee have an
objection too? Okay. Well, on the bondholder one, it
seemed like it can be dealt with, with language. I mean as
I understand it, they just want to -- don't get trapped in

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some sort of a bind later down the road, and I'm of the view that we should just deal with this purely administratively, but do you have any contrary view?

MR. KAROTKIN: I don't. If they want to reserve their rights on the record or in the order to argue that the Ninth Circuit law doesn't apply in this court, that's fine with me.

(Laughter.)

THE COURT: Well, it does apply. We're in the Ninth Circuit. It's home for us, you know. Ms. Kelly, you have -- I did not catch up because we've been rushed, so why don't you tell me what objections the U.S. Trustee has to the joint administration.

MS. KELLY: Thank you, Your Honor. Lynette Kelly on behalf of the U.S. Trustee. Your Honor, the U.S. Trustee does not object to most of the joint administration motion, but there is one point. It is proposed that the Court decide today that monthly operating reports can be combined, and we, first of all say, that is premature in that it is not something that absolutely has to be done today to avoid irreparable harm. The first monthly operating report is not due for some time. And that may not be appropriate. The U.S. Trustee needs to look at this case further, and any appointed committees will need to look at that to decide whether that prejudices anyone. And

it also can really muddy the quarterly fees that are due and other issues like that.

THE COURT: We don't want to do that. They're paying two sets of fees now.

MS. KELLY: So it's an important issue that needs more consideration than just today being tucked into the joint administration order.

THE COURT: Well, I told you that I just couldn't catch up with all the filings. Does combine mean consolidated or does combine mean just one report that has two sets of data in them?

MS. KELLY: Well, it wasn't really clear.

MR. KAROTKIN: Perhaps I could just short circuit this.

THE COURT: Sure.

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MR. KAROTKIN: We're happy for the interim -- for interim relief to take that paragraph out of the order that says we can file jointly. Does that --

THE COURT: Okay. I have another procedural point, Mr. Karotkin. You've got to stay here on this one. The way your firm -- and by the way, your local co-counsel, Mr. Keller and his colleagues and everyone working at your end have been extremely helpful with just the huge volume of stuff and helpful to us in chambers to just keep up with it. But there's a couple of things that I think I'd like

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to change so that in the caption that was presented as a proposal, it has the parent corporation only in the title with a footnote, and then the footnote sends you down to reach the boilerplate, but also that's where we find the I think that's a nice format to use in Utility. corporations that have lots of affiliates in bankruptcy. would prefer that a caption say both Debtors, that the notion of jointly administered be there, but that it go two or three steps further, that it identifies the parent as lead case, and so it says something like, you know -- I'll let -- if you're okay with it, we don't have to spend time dealing with it on a, you know, fly speck basis, but what's important is, I think there should only be filings in the lead case so that already, in just two days, we've had so many filings that appear to be duplicates. So my hope would be that both Debtors would be named in the caption. It would be identifying the parent as the lead and indicating that all filings for both Debtors are in that lead case, which is No. 88. And that avoids a lot of duplication.

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And then finally, there is a practice here and maybe that's true in other places where you practice, that just below the names of the two Debtors, there be a line that the person filing any papers can indicate if it affects only the parent or only the sub or both. Are you

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familiar with that format in other cases?

2 MR. KAROTKIN: Yes.

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THE COURT: Okay. What I mean it's just three little lines. It'll say "Affects PG&E Corporation" or "Affects Pacific Gas and Electric Company" or "Affects both Debtors," and then there's a little check box. I mean it doesn't have to be any particular style, but it's helpful, again, with when we're dealing with these things, and I'm sure your claims agent will have to deal with it also. I'm prepared to not rule on this today, but let you discuss it with others and then I want counsel who did file the objection for the bondholders to say if they're comfortable with something that I think will solve the problem, but if conceptually you don't have a problem with what I've asked for, I'd leave it to someone from your side to talk to our chief deputy, Mr. Busby over there, and just work something out.

And the substantive thing that maybe will solve the problem from the objectors is that your first-day motion has a proposed docket entry that would follow the case, and it begins "An order has been entered in accordance with Bankruptcy Rule..." such and such, directing, in your words read:

"... directing the procedural consolidation and joint administration."

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I would simply strike the word "consolidation," so it reads:

"... directing the procedural joint

administration of the cases."

And I personally don't think that the objectors need to worry, that they're not going to get trapped here, but that takes the word "substantive," or, excuse me, the word "consolidation" out of the language. Again, I'll -- we'll pass on this for now unless I hear from the objectors, and you or someone on your side can take it up with the Clerk, and if everything works there, then we can move on to the next case. Do you want to be heard on the bondholders?

Just state your appearance, please.

MR. MA: Good morning, Your Honor, Steve Ma with Proskauer Rose on behalf of the ad hoc group of Institutional Bondholders for Pacific Gas and Electric Company.

THE COURT: Good morning, Mr. Ma.

MR. MA: Good morning. We agree with the Debtors' agreement to include certain language addressing our issue in the order, and we of course agree with your views that we don't want to be trapped.

THE COURT: I think we can put on this record, nobody is trying to trap anybody, but are you okay with my striking the word "consolidation" and it will just be

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1 automatic.

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MR. MA: We would prefer the (unintelligible word) proposed in our order given that --

THE COURT: I didn't see it. I mean I didn't have a chance to review it.

MR. MA: -- given that in <u>Transwest</u>, the court acknowledged that the cases were jointly administered but not substantive and consolidated.

THE COURT: Yeah. Well, the concept -- again, okay with the concept?

MR. MA: Yes.

MR. KAROTKIN: I think a statement on the record is more than sufficient. I think his language really overrules Transwest. I don't think you really want to do that.

THE COURT: (Laughing) I tell you what, I'm going to grant the motion for joint administration and instruct that there be language that can be worked out that deals — that preserves this. This is "angels on a pin," and we're not going to make a buzz word in there that people are upset about, and I'll expect Mr. Busby and someone from the Debtors' counsel office will discuss the formatting of putting names on the right and the bottom — I mean on the page with a box on it. Okay? So that'll take care of the joint administration motion.

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All right. So now I'll leave to you to go ahead
and which ones you want to take in order,

MR. KAROTKIN: Sure, the creditor matrix.

THE COURT: Yeah, the creditor matrix, is there

THE COURT: Yeah, the creditor matrix, is there anyone who objected to the motion regarding the creditor matrix?

MR. KAROTKIN: We're not aware of anything.

THE COURT: And I think in that one, the only comment we had on that internally is that there be some discussion with Mr. Busby about it, that from his point of view and our point of view, there is also no objection, but it might be kind of something we might have to revisit some date in the future. So I'll grant the motion. This is not a trap; this is just paper, electronic paper. Okay? Are you all right with that?

MR. KAROTKIN: Yes sir.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. KAROTKIN: We might as well go in order. The next thing was the motion to extend time to file schedules and statements. I think the only objection was by the Office of the United States Trustee.

THE COURT: All right. Did you work it out or -- Ms. Kelly?

MS. KELLY: Your Honor, we filed our objection this morning, and so Your Honor may not have seen it.

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THE COURT: Right.

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MS. KELLY: But with a 60-day extension, that gives 74 days to file schedules, but the Debtors have filed very extensive first-day motions. They clearly have done a lot of work on the case, gathered a lot of information. They have been working on this for a while. This isn't something that just turned up yesterday when somebody tried to foreclose on a property. This is a completely different kind of case, and although it's a large case, and I can understand they want some kind of extension, this long of an extension here could very well prejudice a number of There's a meeting of creditors to be had; there are -- we need to know even -- how do they know who the creditors are even? We don't even know if everybody is being noticed, if they can't commit to schedules at this point.

THE COURT: Well, you know, another -- something that I've learned a long time ago is that lawyers -- again, I love them; I used to be one -- I'm a recovering lawyer, folks -- they tend to think in big packages. You can dice some things up a little bit, so a schedule of creditors can be filed even though maybe some other schedule, executory contracts, or something else, doesn't have to be filed by the date. So maybe there's an in-between where the Debtor can file what you need to do the kind of things you're

talking about and have some more time to file other things that are less time critical. And I'd be inclined to grant this motion with a slightly earlier deadline, but open to extend it if there's a reason to do it.

MS. KELLY: Your Honor, an earlier deadline would be satisfactory, and we are happy to discuss. We had a very productive conversation last night, given the short time frame, and I'm sure we could have further discussions with counsel regarding what is appropriate here. But we just don't want creditors to be prejudiced --

THE COURT: Well, on that subject, have you had a chance -- and probably not -- to talk to representatives of the Debtors as to where and when the 341 meeting will be -- even where, let alone when?

MS. KELLY: I think that is still even being considered by the U.S. Trustee, so I don't think we yet know what is appropriate with respect to that yet.

THE COURT: But that's a time sensitive issue also for the first meeting notice going out.

MS. KELLY: It is, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And, you know, it can't be in your office downstairs. We might have to get, you know, Candlestick Park, but it's not here anymore.

(Laughter.)

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MS. KELLY: It is being considered right now.

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It's one of the many urgent matters that we've had underway. We have gotten the solicitation packages out to creditors for a committee formation and set a date for a formation meeting on February 11th at 10:00 a.m. So we have gotten that piece underway, and I know they're focusing on the date and location of the 341.

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THE COURT: Okay. I'll let you and the Debtors' representatives work that out. Here's what I am prepared to rule on, unless, again, you or Debtors' counsel think it's a miscarriage of justice, and that is, I will grant the motion to extend time to file the schedules, but I'll expect that the parties work out kind of a sequencing for, for example, the list of creditors isn't necessarily -shouldn't take as long as the list of assets, for example. And while creditors and parties in interest are entitled to the assets schedules, the creditor schedules drive another concept and deadline, and we've already talked about a claims deadline, which is going to be longer. So make a proposal, Ms. Kelly, as to when you think the liabilities schedule should be filed, and I'll see if they're agreeable to that. And I'll grant the 60 days as to the other ones. Do you have a proposal? I'm negotiating with you.

MS. KELLY: Yes. Thank you, Your Honor. Well, I would propose a 30-day schedule, to keep it in a round number.

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THE COURT: Mr. Karotkin, I think I'll do that and recognize that if there's a good reason why the company needs more time, I'll be amenable to -
MR. KAROTKIN: We're just trying to be realistic.

THE COURT: I know that, and I know that it is a huge task, so why don't we treat it this way. The motion is granted as filed, except that we're setting a 30-day deadline for schedules of liabilities and the Statement of Financial Affairs and schedules of assets 60 days as

MS. KELLY: Thank you, Your Honor.

to change the earlier date. Okay?

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MR. KAROTKIN: I'm just trying -- again, I'm just trying to be realistic. We have like 50,000 creditors.

requested, and I'll just revisit at some other time a need

MS. KELLY: Yeah, I know that.

MR. KAROTKIN: So -- but we'll work with counsel --

THE COURT: And you know what? I'm not going to hold your feet to the fire if you make an argument, and look, Ms. Kelly has to be reasonable too, and I'm not suggesting she's not. We'll deal with it. Okay. Let's go to the next motion. So we'll get an order on that; upload that order, and we'll take care of it. Okay? Next.

MR. KAROTKIN: The next one, Your Honor, is the oversized briefing motion, and --

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1 THE COURT: Sure. Were there any objections to 2 that? It's almost moot; don't you think? I mean --3 MR. KAROTKIN: Yes. 4 THE COURT: Yeah, okay. MR. KAROTKIN: Just don't deny it. 5 6 (Laughter.) THE COURT: I mean I'll grant it -- what's next? 8 MR. KAROTKIN: The responsible individual. 9 THE COURT: Is there any objection to the motion 10 for Mr. Wells to be the responsible individual under the Bankruptcy Rules? No objections. That will be granted. 11 12 I think we've got one left, one more; don't we? 13 I'm going to ask that we take, before the other substantive 14 motions, but after these other administrative ones, the 15 claims agent motion, if that's all right. 16 MR. KAROTKIN: Do you want to do that now? 17 THE COURT: Well, do we have all the other ones 18 out of the way? By my list, we do. 19 MR. KAROTKIN: I think that we do. I think we have the procedural ones out of the way, although we're 20 21 still in the first group on the agenda. We also have cash 22 management, the insurance motion --23 THE COURT: Let me -- well, since I said I'd like to change the rule, let me change the rule. Is there anyone 24 25 in the court, either courtroom, that wants to object to the motion for the Debtors to employ the claims agent?
Yes, sir. Name?

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MR. SKIKOS: Good morning, Your Honor. My name is Steve Skikos. I'm Plaintiffs' co-liaison in the State Court action. I don't consider this an objection to, but a supplement to the claims agent motion, and I believe I'm the bearer of some good news, and not that we just share an undergraduate degree and hope for our future, but that there has been a year of collaboration within the State Court litigation between counsel for PG&E and their client, counsel for subrogation and all the interests and their clients, the 50 law firms who represent the fire victims, and the 3,600 claimants.

And the point of what I want to get at is that we have entered an agreement, a stipulation and order signed by Judge Karnow that allows for the exchange of information, including the subrogation files, the claims that are actually made, the administration of the claims through Brown Greer, which is a company that ran Deepwater Horizon, BP, ASR, et cetera, and that agreement is embodied in Case Management Order No. 5. I brought ten copies to it and --

THE COURT: Well, is this relevant to the actual motion today on the Debtors hiring the claims agent?

MR. SKIKOS: I think the only reason it's relevant

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is that in terms of claims administration, we are working cooperatively with the Debtor and subrogation to deal with that particular issue. I can be heard later on that issue, but I wanted to make sure that claims administration is carved out for what we're doing with PG&E and subrogation.

THE COURT: Again, this is new to me. What do you want to do with it, Mr. Karotkin?

MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, Your Honor. This morning, I had -- I must have had a conversation with your co-counsel about that --

MR. SKIKOS: Yes.

MR. KAROTKIN: -- which I was going to mention, and what I told her and it was agreeable to her that we agree to work with her and the other lawyers on appropriate notice in claims filing procedures and try to facilitate the process, and that we would work with them going forward to try to do that, but I don't think anyone had any objection to the entry of the order approving the retention of Prime Clerk.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, I have just a couple of questions. Again, some of these are matters that Mr. Busby for our court has been working with someone there, and they are discussing and Mr. Busby, for the Clerk, would want some language in the order that says something like this, that the claims and noticing agent are using the proper

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title, shall relieve the Clerk's Office of all noticing under applicable Bankruptcy Rules and processing of claims, kind of boilerplate, but it wasn't in there. And I think, other than that, I have a question that I've asked, but that allows the details to get worked out at the Clerk's level. And -- well, I'll give you one example. As I read the moving papers, it said that the agent will maintain the claims and provide access, but it didn't say what kind of access, so I assume it's electronic access. Well, it didn't say that, and I didn't think we were back in the 19th Century where somebody would have to go and look at a claims docket.

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Okay. I am a little -- I want to hear your take on the indemnity issues. You may know and your colleagues may know that I and others in our District have been pretty concerned with indemnification, and the way I read it, the claims agent does get the benefit of indemnity if it engages in negligence rather than gross negligence. Don't you read the rules that way? I mean is that the way you read it, because I read the particular -- the operative paragraphs to conclude that. And if one of your other colleagues wants to speak to that, that's okay, and I'm not even telling you I'm going to disapprove it; I want to know if you gentlemen interpret it that way.

MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, we've been made aware of that,

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and from what I understand, they have agreed to waive that.

THE COURT: Oh. Okay. So --

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MR. KAROTKIN: Not the indemnity entirely, but straight negligence, yes.

THE COURT: No, I understand. I understand. No, you negotiated in there what seemed fine to me that you got the agent to agree to take a cap off of their exposure, but that's a little different. Okay. Look --

MR. KAROTKIN: So that's been resolved.

THE COURT: You solved the problem. The order will then resolve it with -- so Prime is waiving its protection under the negligence standard.

MR. KAROTKIN: The negligence standard.

THE COURT: Yes, okay. That's fine.

MR. KAROTKIN: And I believe that -- I was advised this morning that representatives of Prime have spoken with Mr. Busby and resolved the other issue, and --

THE COURT: Yeah, we don't have to put them on the record unless Prime wants it on the record, but again, we want to get on with the merits here. So there will be an order -- and we don't have to put in an order all the details that those folks have worked out --

MR. KAROTKIN: Right.

THE COURT: -- except the language that I mentioned.

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MR. KAROTKIN: Yes. I think that's already been addressed.

THE COURT: Okay. Great. That's terrific.

MR. KAROTKIN: So we'll get you a revised order.

that's consistent with the waiver of the -- what we talked about. I don't remember the specific paragraphs. Okay. I apologize to you for asking that we follow a sequence and then jumping it, because it sounds to me -- it seemed so integrally related to, you know, we're talking about the captions and the language and so on. So, okay. Back to -- I guess we have the remaining ones on the insurance and --

MR. KAROTKIN: The cash management and insurance.

THE COURT: -- the cash management.

MR. KAROTKIN: As to cash management, Your Honor,
I believe the only objection was from the United States
Trustee as to the Section 345(b) waiver.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. KAROTKIN: Rather than try to resolve that today, my suggestion is that we reserve that for the final hearing, and that we get a waiver until the final hearing. And then we can have some more — we had some discussions last night with the United States Trustee, and we can over the next 30 days or whenever the final hearing comes, we can either resolve it with the Office or we can come back

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to Your Honor.

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THE COURT: Ms. Kelly, are you good for that? You can just remain there, if that's the answer.

MS. KELLY: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Yes? Okay, great.

MS. KELLY: In fact, it does seem complicated, and we want to work with the Debtor to resolve it.

THE COURT: There's one question that the cash management motion by itself doesn't trigger in my mind, but your comments just now did, Mr. Karotkin, and that is, you and I both know that for traditional financing motions or, for example, the notion of a preliminary hearing and a final hearing is well established, but I was a little confused by some of the other motions today. I'll give you an example, just an example, and then we'll come back to the cash management. As I read the motion for payment of taxes, there is a two-step process where there's a certain amount to be paid on an interim basis and a larger amount to be paid on a final basis. But at least one motion, I believe it's the customer program, there is no two-step, and so the notion of having a preliminary hearing and a final hearing, it seems to me you're importing it into these other kinds of motions. Right? For more time -- I'm okay with that -- I just want to make sure we're on the same page.

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MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, we are. I think the customer programs motion is different than -- it doesn't really fit into an interim relief type of thing.

THE COURT: Well, one of the motions that -- I'm sorry for jumping around, but it sounded to me like all the money is going to be paid on the interim motion, so what's the purpose of the final motion? But let's stick with the cash management. The record here is the cash management motion is granted on an interim basis, and we'll revisit it at a final hearing. So whether it's in the rules or not, we are having a final hearing at some point on the cash management issue, and the U.S. Trustee is agreeable to that, and so am I. Does anyone want to be heard on that?

MR. KAROTKIN: Can I have one minute?

THE COURT: Wrong attorney, sorry.

MR. MINNICK: Excuse me, M. David Minnick, Pillsbury, on behalf of Bank of America, and just a question of --

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Minnick at the podium, the first figure from the overflow room. Mr. Minnick, welcome.

MR. MINNICK: Hopefully I'll do it in the proper order. Bank of America is a payroll bank, and as I understand the 345(b), they have to post treasuries in compliance with their obligation under their agreements with the U.S. Trustee. Is this waiver today of the

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application of 345(b), is that to delay the compliance or 1 2 we should comply and then deal with it on a more long term 3 basis? 4 THE COURT: Ms. Kelly, why don't you come up to 5 the podium and answer that. 6 MR. KAROTKIN: I think it's to delay compliance, delay compliance pending the final hearing when we can 8 address it. 9 THE COURT: Well, is that your agreement, your 10 understanding too? 11 MS. KELLY: Your Honor, what I would say is, we're 12 going to work toward compliance with the Debtor. 13 somebody can comply tomorrow, I think, you know, they 14 should comply. We're working toward compliance, but I understand it's sort of an extension of time within which 15 to comply, is the way I would conceptualize it. 16 THE COURT: But Mr. Minnick's bank client is 17 18 already one of the kind of depositories that does comply, but --19 20 MR. KAROTKIN: It does not. 21 THE COURT: It does not? 22 MS. KELLY: It does not. 23 THE COURT: I thought he just said it did. 24 that right, Mr. Minnick? It does or doesn't comply

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normally?

MR. MINNICK: I was told by in-house counsel that we automatically post treasuries as the case occurs, and we are to comply with that -- in relation to the balances that we have.

THE COURT: Well --

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MS. KELLY: Okay. So that is a new piece of information actually, because I had understood from conversations with the Debtor that Bank of America was not in compliance, but now this is an additional piece of information. So that's very helpful. If parties are able to comply, such as it sounds like Bank of America has a procedure in place for complying, then that is really what we're working toward. We're working toward finding some way that the Debtor and the financial institutions can be in compliance, and if there is some issue about that, then we're going to try to work out how we address the substance of it. You know, if there is some way they can't technically do it, we're going to try to come to some resolution.

THE COURT: Okay. But what that means to me is that Bank of America represented by Mr. Minnick has to comply because they're already complying or they're a complier in some other financial institution that hasn't complied, then we're waiving it on an interim basis.

MS. KELLY: Yes. There may be institutions that

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    are not authorized depositories and that don't have
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    anything in place such as Bank of America does to
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    automatically start complying --
              THE COURT: Right.
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              MS. KELLY: -- so those we are going to have to
    work on, is our agreement, and --
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              THE COURT: So stated again, I should tell Mr.
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   Minnick his client has to comply now.
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              MS. KELLY: Yes, Your Honor, I would say that,
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   because they're in compliance.
              THE COURT: Mr. Minnick, got the message?
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              MR. MINNICK: Thank you. Yes, Your Honor, I do.
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              THE COURT: Okay. Ms. Parada, I've lost the video
    on the overflow court. I see all the other monitors have
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    it, but I don't have it, so -- I don't need it right now,
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   but maybe -- did something come loose or something? All
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    right. Maybe it's just the connection because it was on
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    there. I don't need it right now. Let's move on to the
    next one. Okay. Does that take care of that motion?
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              MS. KELLY: I think it does, Your Honor.
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    you.
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              THE COURT: Okay. All right. So what's left, the
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    insurance motion?
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              MR. KAROTKIN: Can I just raise one other issue?
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              THE COURT: Yes.
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MR. KAROTKIN: I think you had entered an order with respect to the payment of State and Federal taxes, which is a, I think a standard order that you enter in cases.

THE COURT: Right.

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MR. KAROTKIN: Which requires the Debtors to segregate --

(Court and Mr. Busby confer.)

THE COURT: All right. I can fake it. Go ahead with -- now I've got it back. Just say that again.

MR. KAROTKIN: Yes. I think it requires the Debtors to segregate certain tax payments from customers.

THE COURT: Right. That's just a standard order that we issue routinely.

MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, I realize that. Under the cash management system operated by the Debtors, that is virtually impossible because all of those payments come in from the customers in one stream, and there's, you know, 16 million of those coming in, and it's not practical. So if we could ask Your Honor to suspend enforcement of that order until we have a chance to figure out exactly what we can do and can't do, I would appreciate that.

THE COURT: Ms. Kelly, do you have any concern about that? I don't, but this isn't a regular case, right?

MS. KELLY: I'm sorry, Your Honor. I missed --

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1 THE COURT: You don't mind what he asked, that we 2 suspend that standard order that's issued in most every 3 Chapter 11 case; it doesn't have to apply to this case. We're going to deal with it on this other issue. Okay. 5 the answer is yes, and maybe we need a stand-alone order 6 from you that waives that compliance, okay? MR. KAROTKIN: Yes. We will do that. 8 THE COURT: Okay. So by my count, we're down to 9 the insurance motion, which is -- I don't know if there's 10 any objection. Was there any objection to the Debtors' motion regarding insurance, which includes workers' comp 11 12 and a number of other things. Anyone at all? I didn't see 13 any; did you? 14 MR. KAROTKIN: No, sir, although we did get one 15 informal request from one of the insurers to make a clarification. 16

THE COURT: Okay. Well, let's finish -- anyone in the overflow courtroom want to be heard in response to the motion regarding the insurance matters?

(No response.)

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Okay. I don't either. I'm prepared to -- just for clarification, the portion of it that grants relief from stay is really just to go ahead and let the workers' comp processes follow their regular course, right?

25 MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, sir. THE COURT: That's what I thought. Okay. So how do you want to clarify otherwise?

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MR. KAROTKIN: One of the insurance companies had asked for a clarification in the order, in a footnote -- I don't know if you have the order in front of you.

THE COURT: I'll take your word for it. Yeah, I do.

MR. KAROTKIN: It basically says that for the avoidance of doubt, the term insurance policies shall include all insurance policies issued or providing coverage to the Debtors at any time, whether expired, current, or prospective, and any agreements related thereto. That's to cover policies where the actual coverage may have terminated, but there's still an opportunity to file claims and to address claims. And again, Your Honor, this does not direct the Debtors to do anything. It's within their discretion; it's just authority. And they also would like another paragraph added to the order that says:

"Nothing herein alters or amends the terms and conditions of any of the insurance policies or relieves the Debtors of any of their obligations under the insurance policies.

THE COURT: That seems fair and normal.

MR. KAROTKIN: Yes. We certainly have no objections to any of that.

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THE COURT: Okay. That's fine.

MR. KAROTKIN: So we'll submit

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MR. KAROTKIN: So we'll submit a revised order.

THE COURT: Make sure the order that you upload is consistent with that.

MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, we will.

THE COURT: Okay. By my calculation, we've clicked off all the administrative motions, including the claims agent, and we're ready to go to what I call the operational ones. Right?

MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. KAROTKIN: I think the first one is the Exchange Operator Motion.

THE COURT: Are you aware of any objections to that?

MR. KAROTKIN: The only thing that we've been asked to do is to make a representation that with respect to collateral being posted with the Exchange Operators and the Trading Counter-Parties, that that will be done in the ordinary course of business, and we certainly can make that representation.

THE COURT: Okay. There's no one up, no opposition. That motion will be granted.

MR. KAROTKIN: Thank you. Can I turn the podium over to my colleague, Mr. Goren?

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THE COURT: Sure. Mr. Goren. Welcome to the Court again. Ready to go?

MR. GOREN: Good morning, Your Honor, Matthew Goren from Weil Gotshal Manges on behalf of the Debtors. The next agenda item is Item No. 10, Your Honor, the Operational Integrity Suppliers Motion.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. GOREN: And, Your Honor, pursuant to this motion, the Debtors are seeking authority to pay the claims of certain vendors and suppliers that are essential to protecting public health and safety and maintaining the safety and reliability of the Debtors' operations.

THE COURT: Were there any -- did you receive any objections?

MR. GOREN: Your Honor, we did receive six specific objections to this motion. Notably, none of the objectors objected to the basis of the relief essentially itself that these Operational Integrity Suppliers are essential, and the Debtors need the discretion to be able to pay them to maintain the operations and they're necessary for the success of the reorganization. The nature of the objections themselves was really that these vendors wanted confirmation that they were covered by this motion, and Your Honor, simply put, the process set forth in the motion is exactly why we don't necessarily publish

vendor lists, why we don't do this publicly. There's a protocol set forth in the motion, and should the Judge — should Your Honor be willing to grant the motion, the Debtors would review every request for a critical vendor, Operational Integrity Supplier status, defer to that protocol that is in place, and make a determination in accordance with their business judgment, whether such a vendor is necessary to maintain the operations of that supplier. That's the only rationale; that's the only thing that is important to make that decision, and it shouldn't be made here on the record in public, which is exactly why we don't necessarily publish these lists of potential Operational Integrity Vendors.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. GOREN: But I can defer to the parties if they want to come up and speak, but that was the nature of the objections themselves.

THE COURT: Well, there are a number of people behind you, so I assume they want to be heard on that.

MR. GOREN: Sure.

THE COURT: So why don't we take them in order.

Ms. Hayes, you filed a number of objections.

MS. HAYES: I did. Good morning, Your Honor.

Jennifer Hayes from Finestone Hayes LLP appearing on behalf of creditors Roebbelen Contracting, Inc., Aggreko, Nor-Cal

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1 Pipeline Services and the last one is M, as in Mary, CE 2 Corporation. 3 THE COURT: And what do you want me to do? 4 MS. HAYES: I could jump right to what I'd like 5 you to do. If you want me to give you a little context, I can do that as well. THE COURT: Well, I read your papers, but go 8 ahead. There are a lot of people here that probably haven't, no let's do it. MS. HAYES: Okay. Well, let me go through it just 10 So these four creditors filed responses, and they 11 quickly. 12 each contain kind of reservations of rights and weren't 13 sure whether to object because they couldn't tell really what the two key motions, the Lien Claimants' Motion, and 14 the Operational Integrity Suppliers Motion were really --15 16 THE COURT: Well, let me interrupt you. It struck 17 me as one of these oppositions that says, I oppose it 18 unless I'm in the classes getting paid. 19 MS. HAYES: We didn't know what else to say. I 20 mean --21 THE COURT: I got you, but if --22 MS. HAYES: Right. There's no Creditors' 23 Committee. 2.4 THE COURT: -- if they pay you, you don't have a

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problem with it, right?

MS. HAYES: Well, I mean it's hard to complain about getting paid in full. You know, Roebbelen is owed somewhere in the neighborhood of 38 million dollars.

THE COURT: It's a very large number. No, I saw that.

MS. HAYES: It is a large number.

THE COURT: I saw that.

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MS. HAYES: Yes. And the other three creditors are owed between one and a half and almost three million, and they're smaller companies, and this is a lot of money. And so it's hard to object if the creditors — if they say, hey, we'll pay you, they fall within these buckets which they believe they do —

THE COURT: No, I understand. Ms. Hayes, I'm sympathetic to you. We're all dealing under tight --

MS. HAYES: Right. Absolutely.

THE COURT: But you heard Mr. Goren's comments. I mean it seems to me that if the company says it's critical, they pay it, and if the company says no, you don't get paid right away, but you certainly have a right to revisit the issue.

MS. HAYES: Right. And you point out -- you can piecemeal this, and you can make, you know, to a smaller -- it doesn't have to be all or nothing, and I guess what I'd ask is, to win it -- I don't see any necessity with respect

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to the lien claimants' motion for any kind of critical vendor issue there, and that's the numbers -- I think total between the two for the interim payment that's requested -and again, without any historical, financials or future projections, without any evidence in support, because the declaration that was filed by Mr. Wells doesn't appear to be signed under penalty of perjury and doesn't even set forth with any kind of urgency with the -- you know, it speculates that these certain vendors may not deliver services or goods, and that's not -- it's not -- you don't get the sense that there are conversations and you had X, Y and Z say, look, I'm cutting you off unless I'm paid. And so without the benefit of historical and future projections to see what is really necessary, it's hard to say, sure, write a blank check without a Creditors' Committee being appointed for 180 million dollars, because that's what they're asking on a final basis.

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And so what we would like, and that's what I will jump to, is to limit whatever the interim payment is to that which is critical, you know -- it's hard for me to say what that is without any numbers, right, but that which is necessary to keep the gas and electricity supplies coming, whatever is critical to the business.

THE COURT: But critical might be in the eye of the beholder, right? And so --

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MS. HAYES: Of the beholder, and that's the issue. 1 2 So it's hard to say a number but the point is, I don't see the need for any interim relief with respect to the Trade Creditors' Motion, and I would like the Court to set a briefing schedule and to require additional, you know, 6 competent evidence in support of the motion that establishes kind of what is under B & w and K-Mart, kind of 8 the evidence here to support this need to -- because you're subverting the priorities in the Bankruptcy Code without 10 any evidence. And that's -- that may be appropriate; I'm not -- you know, but it's hard to know with the requisites 11 12 here, which is devoid of evidence. It's allegations 13 that -- what do you make of them? 14 THE COURT: I didn't notice that Mr. Wells' declaration was not under penalty of perjury, but let me 15 hear from the other --16 17 MS. HAYES: He might sign it if he's here. 18 THE COURT: He might. Let's hear from the other 19 objectors, and then we'll figure out what to do about it. 20 MS. HAYES: Thank you, Your Honor. 21 MR. PONIATOWSKI: Thank you, Your Honor, Mark 22 Poniatowski, Poniatowski, Leding, Parikh. I represent Holt 23 of California. Holt of California filed an objection. Holt is the Caterpillar Equipment Dealer in Northern and 24 25 Central California, and essentially what we have here is,

you know, the Debtor is asking for authority to determine who is a critical vendor, and from what way I read the papers, they're going to appoint a Committee and --

THE COURT: Well, it's an internal committee,

though, right? It's not a Creditors' Committee; it's -MR. PONIATOWSKI: No, no, it's not a Creditors'

THE COURT: It's the Debtors' own committee, right?

MR. PONIATOWSKI: The Debtors' committee, right.

THE COURT: Right. Right.

Committee.

MR. PONIATOWSKI: Although it's unclear what the procedures are that they're going to follow.

THE COURT: Well, but what I glean from it, and again, trying to absorb it all, some group of human beings who were the on the payroll for the company will figure out A is critical and pay them; and B is not critical and not pay them, and so on. But as I said to Ms. Hayes, if she can come in or you can come in and show that B is in the same category as A, then maybe it's appropriate to pay.

MR. PONIATOWSKI: Well, right now -- and I understand that, Your Honor, and, you know, typically when I flipped through the motion, I was looking for the list, the list of the critical vendors, you know, which we don't have here, which is a little bit unusual -- which is quite

a bit unusual. But, you know, here my client has --1 2 supplies, critical equipment for the specific requirements 3 enumerated in the motion, for safety, for fire cleanup, and for support. This is the earthmoving equipment that Holt had on site within five hours of the fire, which is critical to the staging of the disaster. And right now, there are ten units that -- we have a master rental 8 agreement since 2015, and right now there are ten units, ten earthmoving units that PG&E has in its possession that 10 it wants to keep. My client is owed half a million dollars, 150,000 of that within the past 21 days. It's not 11 12 the large numbers that we hear being thrown around with these other creditors --13

THE COURT: Well, it might be large to your client.

MR. PONIATOWSKI: And that's why I'm here. And, yes, it seems to me that we put forth in this motion -- I don't see why -- we tried to stipulate in advance that Holt would be a critical vendor. We put forth sufficient evidence to meet all the requirements of what a critical vendor is by virtue of what the Debtor has said in their papers. We meet all those requirements. I don't see why they can't be named a critical vendor right now in connection with this motion.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. PONIATOWSKI: And it seems to me that the procedure that the Debtor put forth is somewhat shrouded in some kind of secrecy. I mean what's going to happen -- what's going to happen; how are we determining who are critical vendors --

THE COURT: Well, you know, I understand your point but we've got authorities cited in the briefs that in some part of our Circuit, some people don't believe that critical vendors should even be paid at all. So here we have a Debtor who's saying, I want to pay some critical vendors, so I --

MR. PONIATOWSKI: Well, the motion said that they've already identified a whole handful of them -THE COURT: Right.

MR. BONIATOWSKI: -- but why don't they tell us who they are. Not that I care. I mean my client thinks that it's a critical vendor.

(Laughter.)

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THE COURT: I know. We'll have an auction here for who wants to be a critical vendor. No. Look, I want to give Mr. Goren a chance to respond, but there's another counsel behind you, so I suspect he's in the same boat. Right?

MR. PINKSTON: Close, Your Honor. Ryan Pinkston, Seyfarth Shaw on behalf of Turner Construction. We too

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believe that we're critical. However, the impetus for our preliminary injunction of reservations of rights was to spur the Debtor to provide more information. When we asked Debtors' counsel for information, they said it's going to be handled by the Supplier Management Committee, which is business folks. When my business folks and my client talked to their business folks, they said you need to talk to the Debtor's counsel; we're not sure, so we're stuck in a box here without any information about what exactly is going on here. Turner would not object to granting of the motion on an interim basis, and we just would like to reserve all of our rights —

THE COURT: But what does that mean? What does it mean "interim"? Does it mean your client gets paid or not?

MR. PINKSTON: I don't know.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. PINKSTON: But the amounts that were specified in the Lien Claimants' Motion and the Operational Integrity Motion, the more modest amounts that were going to become due in the next 30 days, we don't have an issue with those being paid, but we wanted to reserve our rights for the much larger sums going out after a final hearing to determine -- so we can get more information from the Debtors and the business folks.

25 THE COURT: Mr. Goren, is there any expectation

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    that this committee that makes the call is going to be --
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    is going to have some creditor representatives in it too?
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             MR. GOREN: Your Honor, what this is, is an
   internal committee made up of --
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              THE COURT: Right. I know that.
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              MR. GOREN: -- a cross section of representatives
   from in-house counsel, purchasing, suppliers, but obviously
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   once committees are appointed, official committees, we will
   be consulting with them.
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              THE COURT: No, but I'll rephrase the question.
   What you're telling me in a very complex case is, somebody
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   on the debtor's side will decide whether A gets paid and B
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   doesn't, and I'm just asking if it's reasonable to assume
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    that maybe somebody at the table ought to be a creditor
   representative. Now, I understand we don't have a
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   Creditors' Committee yet, but just imagine we had a
   Creditors' Committee and they --
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              MR. GOREN: Once a Creditors' Committee is
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    appointed, Your Honor, the Debtors would obviously consult
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   with them about these payments that are going to be --
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              THE COURT: So let's assume that in the near
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    term --
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              MR. GOREN: -- and report to them on them.
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              THE COURT: Let's assume in the near term -- and,
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   you know, I don't know when the term will be, there will be
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a Committee. What I'm unclear about is what we should do right now in terms of decision making and whether I should defer it.

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MR. GOREN: Well, I think, Your Honor, we are limited the relief that we're looking for here to be that which is absolutely critical, and if the Debtors in their business judgment know what is critical to them — unfortunately, when you bring other creditors into this, they're going to be looking for their own interests, and we get into a public auction.

THE COURT: But what do I do when someone like Mr. Poniatowski says, you know, we've got ten big earthmoving things out there dealing with the fire. He wants to be labeled critical, but what if he isn't. Then what do we do?

MR. GOREN: Of course he wants to be -- every vendor wants to be critical, which is why this is the Debtors' business judgment. It's who is critical at this point, Your Honor, and that's why we have a protocol in place, Your Honor, to insure that only those vendors that are critical -- and which is why we're seeking here this very limited relief at this hearing, limited to 30.1 million dollars, before a Creditors' Committee is appointed for larger dollar amounts to go out the door. Again, this is in the Debtors' business judgment. If we open this up

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- to other creditors, every one of them thinks they're critical, Your Honor.
 - THE COURT: Okay. I said several times, I just haven't been able to absorb every line of every motion that's been filed.
- 6 MR. GOREN: Sure. Of course, Your Honor.
 - THE COURT: So are you now telling me that -- and I'm looking at it here on the Interim Order Motion portion of it, you are -- it's a 30 million dollar interim thing.
- 10 MR. GOREN: Interim cap, yes, Your Honor.
- THE COURT: So if I grant the motion, that means some time in the next period of time, between now and that final hearing, someone on the Debtors' side, that Committee, will make decisions that might lead to payment of up to 30 million dollars.
 - MR. GOREN: That's correct, Your Honor, in accordance with that protocol, which is only paying those that are naturally necessary. Yes.
 - THE COURT: Okay. Right. No, I got it. I got it. So if Creditor A gets paid, that's fine. If Creditor B doesn't, at least -- we're not going to unring the bell and make A disgorge.
- MR. GOREN: No.

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THE COURT: We're just going to do it little -you know, little steps, right?

MR. GOREN: Well, this is little steps, right, interim relief. But what I would say is, who's critical today -- may be not critical today -- but they may be critical tomorrow. So the fact that somebody isn't paid now as a critical Operational Integrity Vendor doesn't mean circumstances -- don't get paid later on, and they perhaps could. So nobody's rights are prejudiced here, Your Honor. The fact that we're not stipulating on the record that somebody is or is not a critical vendor today at this very moment, they're free to demonstrate to the Debtors the criticality of the services that they're providing.

THE COURT: The Lien Claimants Motion doesn't have

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THE COURT: The Lien Claimants Motion doesn't have that step though, right?

MR. GOREN: Well, the Lien Claimants is slightly different, Your Honor, in that obviously those creditors are ones who have the ability to assert possessory or statutory liens.

THE COURT: Yeah. No, I understand. I understand.

MR. GOREN: So technically none of those vendors, because of the secured nature of their claims are being preferred to other general unsecured creditors. It's just the matter of timing with respect to their payment.

THE COURT: Yeah, so again, it's hard to compartmentalize everything that's on the table today, but

- taking those two together, if I say "Granted," then 30 million will be available to go out the door to the 30 million dollars worth of people that are in the Operational Integrity category. But all the dollars will go out to the lien claimants because the Debtor says those are the ones who have liens. MR. GOREN: Your Honor, just -- again, we're 8 taking it in baby steps. The Lien Holders' Motion also has an interim cap of 25.8 million dollars during the --10 THE COURT: Well, that's what I'm afraid I didn't understand, and you're right. Okay. I understand. 11 12 MR. GOREN: And again, you know, those 13 creditors -- and due to the secured nature of their claims, 14 they're not being preferred to any other unsecured 15 creditors. 16 THE COURT: No, I know. I know. I didn't remember what you now remind me, and I'm looking at the 17 18 summary of it and --19 MR. GOREN: Only about 10,000 pages of documents 20
 - that we dumped on you, so perfectly understandable.
 - THE COURT: All right.

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- MR. PINKSTON: Your Honor, if I can make one --22
- 23 THE COURT: Mr. Pinkston, yes.
- 2.4 MR. PINKSTON: One final point and maybe this is a 25 housekeeping issue, but Mr. Goren is referring to a payment

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protocol that's going to be utilized by the committee of Debtors' personnel; we don't even know what the payment protocol is, and it's described in the motion, but the actual protocol is the not listed.

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THE COURT: Well, I understand but think about it this way, the Debtor who is a fiduciary and in a complex bankruptcy, on the second full day of the case says, I want to pay 30 million dollars of the creditors that I owe, and that's a good thing, and it's even better if you're in the 30 million class. If you're not in the 30 million class, that doesn't mean you're not going to get paid; it means that, you know, we've got to work through it. So I'm inclined to think that for all of you counsel who are here representing your clients, it's a good thing if I grant the motion and you get some payment. It's not as good as it might be if I say, okay, we'll cross that bridge at the next step, but I don't know what else to do. So if I deny the motion, it means I cut off the pipeline for -- in these two categories -- 55 million dollars of creditors that they want to pay.

MR. PINKSTON: I think it's more than that, Your Honor --

THE COURT: Well, I just took those two.

MR. PINKSTON: No, it's not just the dollar amount; if the payments aren't made, then there's the risk

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that operations have to come to a stop.

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THE COURT: I know, but I'm just talking about the notion of a debtor in possession paying a creditor who might otherwise stand in line.

MR. PINKSTON: I understand. Ryan Pinkston on behalf of Turner. I understand your comments, Your Honor, and that's why I said Turner doesn't oppose the interim relief. We would just like to reserve our rights for the final hearing so that we can try to get more information from --

boat, right? I mean nothing that you have argued would say that I should not let the Debtor pay some creditors, and if the Debtor pays your client, that's even better, but it doesn't mean if your client doesn't get paid, it doesn't mean anything except somebody else got paid. And then the Debtor has got your client or got the issue framed and if at the end of the day, you can't convince them or me, then you have to stand in line. But —

MS. HAYES: Your Honor, a couple of things. One, I think that that's a fair summary. I would like an opportunity for the final hearing to not be rushed and for there to be additional evidence in support of -- in the nature discussed --

25 THE COURT: Well, again, I'm going to give you a

freebie here by saying you can do that, but maybe if they pay you ahead of time, it's not going to be a problem.

MS. HAYES: Right. Right. Correct, Your Honor,
and --

THE COURT: Because I don't want to -- what I don't want to do this morning is hand out a briefing schedule with -- to people, to lawyers who maybe don't have to do it. So we have to come up -- and I'll ask Debtors' counsel to put on their agenda, you know, a way to deal more fully to get around two of these two motions.

MS. HAYES: Yes, Your Honor, and if --

THE COURT: Okay? Or a final hearing, whatever.

MS. HAYES: And one final point, all four of the clients whose names I've identified in the record have filed declarations that establish their critical vendor status under both the Operational Integrity Suppliers

Motion and the Lien Claimants Motion, and I did want to point that out in case you hadn't seen it.

THE COURT: And that's good, and you obviously turned around a lot of work product in a short time and then maybe others that are in the same category, so my suggestion is if I grant the motion for these two, that I am inclined to do, persuade Mr. Goren and his clients to get your client paid, and if not, we will deal with it the next time around.

MS. HAYES: Fair enough. 1 2 THE COURT: But I'm going to respect the Debtors' 3 wish of not to publicly name the list of all the vendors. 4 MS. HAYES: I understand. That makes sense, yes. THE COURT: Okay. There doesn't appear to be 5 6 anyone at the podium in the courtroom or the other courtroom, so have we covered everybody? 8 MS. HAYES: Thank you, Your Honor. 9 THE COURT: Yes, sir. 10 MR. GOREN: Just one point. We're perfectly happy 11 to discuss with each one of these vendors the critical 12 nature of their services or goods that they perform. 13 THE COURT: Right. 14 MR. GOREN: Which is consistent with exactly what 15 we were proposing in the motion. The one thing I would 16 add, though, Your Honor, is, we do think there is 17 sufficient evidence to support both the interim and the 18 final relief the Debtors are putting forth, and the fact 19 that, you know, some counsel are coming up and saying, the 20 evidence would be fine if I was getting paid, is really 21 quite an interesting standard, but as set forth --22 THE COURT: But it's also true; isn't it? 23 MR. GOREN: -- as set forth in Mr. Wells' 2.4 declaration, these are necessary to maintain safety and 25 public --

THE COURT: Just clarify one point that Ms. Hayes 2 said.

MR. GOREN: Yes, sure.

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THE COURT: Is in fact Mr. Wells' declaration not signed under penalty of perjury?

MR. GOREN: It is sworn to.

THE COURT: I mean I could look at it; it's only 140 pages long.

MR. GOREN: It is sworn to, Your Honor. Yes, it's sworn to under the corporate aspects of the statute.

THE COURT: Okay. There's another gentleman that wants to be heard.

MR. GOREN: Exactly. But again, there's -- due to the -- just to put this on the record -- 811 million dollars of trade contraction in the time leading up to the petition date. All of these are safety, critical for maintaining the Debtors' operations for keeping the lights on, not just for the Debtors, but for, you know, for 16.1 million people, and all of this is set forth in the declaration, Your Honor, which again it was 167 pages, but it's all in there. We do believe that there is more than adequate evidentiary record to support both the interim and the final --

THE COURT: Okay. Do you want to be heard again, or no, the first time. I'm sorry; I'm just trying to keep

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1 everybody straight. 2 MR. DE GHETALDI: Thank you, Your Honor. My name 3 is Dario de Ghetaldi from Corey, Luzaich, De Ghetaldi & Riddle, and I am a member of the executive committees that were appointed by the courts in the Butte fire cases --5 6 THE COURT: In the State Court. 7 MR. DE GHETALDI: -- in Sacramento, and the North 8 Bay fire cases in San Francisco. Our firm represents as of Monday over fifteen hundred victims, and of those fires in 10 addition or included in that number, we represent approximately half of the plaintiffs who have filed in the 11 12 Camp fire cases. 13 THE COURT: What's the relevance to this motion? 14 MR. DE GHETALDI: I'm getting to it, Your Honor. 15 THE COURT: Okay. MR. DE GHETALDI: I'm getting to it. I would like 16 17 right now to crank open the chest of a patient briefly and 18 expose the heart of the case which is the victim --19 THE COURT: Well, but I'm really more interested 20 in having general comments, but --

21 MR. DE GHETALDI: I'm getting to it, Your Honor.

22 THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. DE GHETALDI: I'm getting to it. And those are the victims of the case.

25 THE COURT: I understand.

MR. DE GHETALDI: And in particular, I filed an 1 2 objection this morning. I apologize; it was not -- I 3 wasn't able to --4 THE COURT: That's okay. What's the name -- just 5 focus the objection for me. 6 MR. DE GHETALDI: We represent a group of plaintiffs in the Butte County --8 THE COURT: I understand that. You've got to 9 focus on this motion. 10 MR. DE GHETALDI: I'm trying, Your Honor. 11 THE COURT: You can do it with one creditor. Just 12 tell me what you want me to do on this motion. 13 MR. DE GHETALDI: I don't want you to give 14 priority to payments over payments to a group of 22 of our 15 plaintiffs who have executed pre-petition settlement agreements with PG&E, some of which came due before the 16 17 petition was filed and some of which came due immediately 18 after the petition was filed. 19 THE COURT: Okay. Got you. 20 MR. DE GHETALDI: And there are other firms who 21 have other Butte fire plaintiffs in the same position. And 22 I represent, I think, their views as well. 23 THE COURT: I apologize for trying to cut you off. I was trying to get to the merits of the objection, and you 24

did, and there will be time later for further general

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comments, if you want. Mr. Goren, do you want to respond to that? This is essentially — this counsel is not acting or speaking the way Ms. Hayes and the other two gentlemen did. He's not representing a lien claimant or an Integrity Supplier; he's representing a tort victim who doesn't think — well, doesn't think they should be paid when these other folks —

MR. GOREN: Of course, Your Honor, and we are obviously very sympathetic to his clients and the victims of these wildfires, and we understand their concerns, but we don't think it's prudent to risk the operations right now and risk potential recoveries for them going forward, which is why we think this is absolutely critical to maintain the Debtors' operations and sustain them going forward.

THE COURT: Okay. I'm going to note the comments from counsel, and I'm sorry I didn't get his name correctly, but they are serious comments. They are not responsive to the question of whether as a matter of bankruptcy law and practice, the two categories of creditors which we're conveniently calling Lien Claimants and Operational Integrity Suppliers, which covers a multitude of sub paragraphs, to be sympathetic to fire victims and hope that they get paid some day, is not legally relevant to whether these other creditors can be

paid. And so I'm going to note the objection by one attorney on behalf of a small number -- a larger number of victims, but 22 specific parties that have executed settlement agreements and understand that they are going to be treated at some fashion in some way, but today, there's nothing for me to act on, and I'm going to stick with the -- and overrule the objection just with that notion that the motion will be granted as I've stated. Now, Mr. Poniatowski, you have another --

MR. PONIATOWSKI: Just a quick point of clarification. Thank you, Your Honor. So the idea is that we will try to negotiate with Debtors' counsel. If they happen to reject our assertion that we're a critical vendor, we will have a chance then to bring that issue up to the Court that we will reject it and seek review of that decision?

THE COURT: Well, let's try it a different way.

Again, I'm going to simplify a complex matter, but from my point of view, the Debtor has said we owe A, B and C and we believe under the circumstances, under the doctrines of critical vendor or 506(b)(9) or call it whatever label, we think we should pay A but not B and C. And we will visit this matter again and we will pay A, and there are dollar limits that we're imposing for the two categories, and between now and the next hearing, we will try to articulate

and formulate, you know, the rationale, but to respond to the objecting party, if you think your B or C belongs in the same category as A and is critical, and they don't agree as a matter of negotiation, it'll be revisited on a final hearing where the Debtors will be seeking -- and what I'm hearing and they both made it clear, both counsel, that they're going to be seeking authority on a final hearing basis to pay some more people. And that's where we are. So my point is, all of your objections, for all of you -the three of you that are standing there and Ms. Hayes, are noted, but I'm granting the Debtors' motions, the two categories under the circumstances that we've said. So I think we've preserved it on the record and certainly the Debtors have preserved in the motion -- the two parts of the motion -- what they want granted. Is that clear? MR. PONIATOWSKI: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. GOREN: Thank you.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you all. Now I've kept my own time limit here, and look at that, it's 11:30. So what I'm going to do, unless there's a strong objection from any counsel, is I'm going to take about a ten to fifteen-minute break for everyone's personal convenience, and then I will resume and we will change from discussion of the motions to simply I will listen to comments from

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- 1 lawyers or non-lawyers in response basically to what the
- 2 | Debtors' opening comments to Mr. Karotkin were. I'm not
- 3 going to turn it into a, you know -- well, I'm just going
- 4 to let people speak and then when we're done with that,
- $5 \mid$ after the lunch break, I'll go to the next motion, Mr.
- 6 Goren, unless there's something you really want to handle
- 7 right now.
- MR. GOREN: No. That schedule makes sense, Your
- 9 Honor. Thank you very much.
- THE COURT: Okay. So again, all right, then we
- 11 | will reconvene here in both courtrooms by that official
- 12 | clock over there. I'm going to add a few more minutes, so
- 13 it'll be 11:45 on that clock, and I will take comments up
- 14 to around 12:30. All right? Thank you all for your
- 15 | attention.
- (Whereupon, a recess is taken at 11:32 a.m., and the
- 17 | court is reconvened at 11:52 a.m.)
- 18 THE COURT: All right. Please be seated. Okay.
- 19 | Al right. Consistent with my comments earlier, we're going
- 20 | to take an intermission from the scheduled motions, and I'm
- 21 | just going to allow creditors or representatives of
- 22 creditors to be heard, and I'll take anyone who wants to
- 23 come to the podium and identify him or herself, either in
- 24 the courtroom or in the overflow courtroom. And the first
- 25 person up? Yes, sir.

MR. KORNBERG: Your Honor, Alan Kornberg, and I'm here with Brian Hermann and Sean Mitchell.

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THE COURT: I didn't recognize you and when I looked closer, Mr. Kornberg, I know who you are. Nice to see you.

MR. KORNBERG: Good to see you, Your Honor. We're from Paul Weiss Rifkind Wharton & Garrison, and we do not represent a creditor. As Your Honor is probably aware, we represent the California Public Utilities Commission, which I know is no stranger to this courtroom. Your Honor, based on your prior experience, it will not surprise you to know that the CPUC intends to be an active participant in these cases.

THE COURT: Well, that's two of us then.

MR. KORNBERG: Your Honor, the Commission is here because it needs to be vigilant in insuring that no matter what happens in these Chapter 11 cases, there will be no impediments to the CPUC fulfilling its constitutional and statutory duties to the people of California. At their core, the CPUC's duties are to make sure that Californians get safe and reliable utility service at just and reasonable rates. A specific relevance to these cases, Your Honor, the PUC administers public purpose programs which involve billions of dollars, much of which flows through PG&E. The Commission directs initiatives critical

to achieving California's clean energy goals and climate mandates and assures that PG&E and other utilities have the necessary infrastructure and financing to operate properly and to operate safely.

So our objectives here are to make sure that nothing in these cases frustrates the critically important goals of the Commission or harms rate payers, and you will hear from us as necessary when those issues are implicated. Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Kornberg. Yes, sir.

No one in the overflow courtroom? I'm going to alternate,
but nobody wants to speak to me over there.

SPEAKER: Your Honor, there are some people on the phone. Will we have a chance afterwards?

THE COURT: Oh, okay. Yes, sir, of course. I'm sorry, your name again?

MR. ESSERMAN: Sandy Esserman, E-s-s-e-r-m-a-n, and I'm with the firm of Stutzman Bromberg Esserman & Ploifkia in Dallas, and my co-counsel is John Fiske and Scott Sonley (Phonetic) of Baron and Bud, as well as Chris Hart, and we represent the following cities: the town of Paradise, the City of Santa Rosa, the City of Clear Lake, the City of Napa; the following counties: Napa County, Mendocino County, Lake County, Nevada County, Yuba County, Sonoma County, Butte County, as well as the Calaveras

County Water District, Sonoma County Agricultural

Preservation and Open Space District, the Sonoma County

Community Development Commission, the Sonoma County Water

Agency and the Sonoma County Sanitation District. We're

basically known in the litigation as the public entities

affected by the wildfires.

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The public entities are committed to a fair and prompt process. The damages that these public entities have suffered is a matter of some public knowledge and quite extensive. The public entities are very interested in getting a prompt resolution of this case which would be to everyone's benefit, the communities' benefit in particular, and the Court knows the damages suffered by these public entities is significant. We're talking about damages of infrastructure, public works projects, roads, bridges, sidewalks, water systems, stop signs, stop lights, the works, all of which are necessary for a functioning county and city and district, and the reverberation effect is very traumatic, as Your Honor no doubt knows because when your population decreases, your tax base decreases, et cetera, et cetera.

So we're very committed to a prompt and fair process. We'd love to see this case end quickly if possible. I've known Mr. Karotkin for many years. He's a fair lawyer, and he's committed to a prompt process. We

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know that there will be diversions. We hope that they will be minimal, but we do commit to you to a fair and prompt process, and we're willing to engage in discussions to solve the issues and try and reach prompt agreements which can be approved by the Court.

Just so Your Honor knows, we have an ad hoc public entities committee consisting of those 16 counties and municipalities and districts. We act as an ad hoc committee. We have sought recognition of such by the U.S. Trustee. If the U.S. Trustee does not recognize us, we are still going to be here before Your Honor acting as such, but we have sought official recognition. I just wanted you to know that.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. ESSERMAN: Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Esserman. Welcome to the court and we appreciate your comments.

MR. ESSERMAN: Thank you.

THE COURT: All right. Yes, sir. Good morning.

MR. BAGHDADI: Good morning for another 30

seconds, Your Honor.

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THE COURT: All right.

MR. BAGHDADI: My name is Khaldoun Baghdadi. I'm an attorney at Walkup Melodia in San Francisco, Your Honor. I am the court-appointed liaison counsel, one of three in

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the North Bay fire coordinated proceedings in California Superior Court before Judge Karnow. I, among several other attorneys, represent those who are closest to the emotional harms and losses that brought us here today, Your Honor, and we represent several thousand individuals who are now being told they are creditors, and I've actually had some client say, I don't remember applying for credit.

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So they are here through no choice of their own, through no voluntary decision to invest or not, but by simply paying their bills, going to work, and being a parent or a loved one. Mr. Karotkin stated when he stood before you the commitment to fair, orderly and expeditious resolution of claims, Your Honor, and we could not agree more. The work that we've already done in our capacity as leadership in the State Court cases provides a foundation which we hope to build upon, which is the exchange of information to get our hands around the extent of these harms and losses caused -- not just by North Bay but in Camp as well. Even though there has been no coordinated proceeding determined for Camp; it was stayed, we voluntarily have undertaken as the leadership group of Plaintiffs' attorneys to get our hands around and assess and learn what is the extent of harms and losses that seem to be the center of this case.

We have relayed our request in writing to the

+.S. Trustee's Office that we be recognized as a separate, stand-alone fire claimant committee because we feel that the voice that our clients represent is unique and central to the resolution of these claims, and with respect to the expeditious resolution, I'll just point to the Court, October of 2017 when several thousand people lost their homes and loved ones, nearly every one of their homeowner insurance policies provided for two years of alternative living expenses, which means in October of this year, several thousand people are going to have a serious problem in finding a place to live.

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Expeditious and fair orderly resolution of this process is what we want to be a part of, and we feel that we would play a vital role working in collaboration with the Debtor and providing this Court with any information we can to navigate through this path to bring this Chapter to a close for our clients, sir.

THE COURT: Thank you for your comments, Mr. Baghhdadi. They're noted.

MR. BAGHDADI: Thank you.

THE COURT: I appreciate your time. Yes, sir.

MR. PITRE: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Frank

Pitre of Cotchett Pitre & McCarthy. I serve as co-lead

counsel -- I have that privilege -- on behalf of all the

victims of the North Bay fires. I also hold leadership

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positions in the Butte fires, and also have an informal leadership role with respect to the Camp fires. We have asked the U.S. Trustee to consider our group, the leadership group, as a separate committee for the reasons Mr. Baghdadi has already said. The only comment I would make in addition to his is that as opposed to the word "expeditious," I would substitute the word "urgent."

Right now, there are thousands who are living in trailers. There are elderly individuals who had preferences in getting their cases to trial in the State Courts. A State Court case was set for trial for one of those cases which we hoped would be a benchmark for the resolution of all cases for September. There's a lot of exceptional talent in this room. I ask that that exceptional talent, together with your stewardship, Your Honor, insure that this process moves with a sense of urgency on behalf of all those individuals who are going to either be homeless or will continue to live in trailers and search for food out of garbage cans, and there's got to be a way in this process to provide for urgent relief for those individuals.

Those are my comments, and I appreciate the Court's time.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Pitre. I appreciate your comments. Yes, ma'am. Good afternoon.

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1 MS. ALEXANDER: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Mary 2 Alexander, Mary Alexander and Associates here in San 3 Francisco, and I am the liaison counsel appointed by Judge Fillman (Phonetic) in the Ghost Ship case. I also have another hat of leadership in the wildfires cases. 6 THE COURT: Well the Ghost Ship case isn't relevant to this case; is it? 8 MS. ALEXANDER: Yes, it is. 9 THE COURT: It is? Okay. 10 MS. ALEXANDER: We're suing PG&E in that case, 11 Your Honor. 12 THE COURT: Okay. I wasn't aware of that. 13 aware of the Ghost Ship fire; I wasn't aware that there 14 was a --15 MS. ALEXANDER: Right. They are a Defendant. 16 so, Your Honor, I stand before you with regard to the --17 it's about 34 of the wrongful deaths that came forward and 18 also personal injury, and you just granted the insurance motion brought by the Debtor. I would ask, Your Honor, 19 that we look at and ask the Debtors to turn over the 20 21 information regarding their insurance. The Ghost Ship fire 22 is a different year, and as I understand it, a different 23 year policy from the other fires, but I think it would be very relevant to these proceedings if the Debtors do 24 25 disclose what policies will cover personal injury.

THE COURT: Well, I assume you're familiar with the Bankruptcy Rules for discovery. I mean many of us in the bankruptcy world skip the rules and do it on an informal basis, but if you're unable to do it on an informal basis, there are formal ways. I'm not saying you're going to get them or you're not going to get them, but it's a different environment, and I hope you'll at least try to -- see what the Debtor has to say as far as what you're looking for. Okay?

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MS. ALEXANDER: I will do that, Your Honor. Thank you very much.

THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Alexander. Yes, sir. Oh wait -- well, I tell you what. We'll get to this gentleman at the podium and then I'll take someone on the phone just to be -- divide the load here.

MR. FELDMAN: Good morning, Your Honor. For the record, Matthew Feldman from the law firm of Wilkie Farr & Gallagher. I am here, Your Honor, on behalf of the ad hoc group of subrogation claim holders. I'm joined today, Your Honor, by Craig Simon from Berger Khan. Mr. Simon is one of the lead lawyers appointed by the State Court in the North Bay fire litigation.

Your Honor, we are also here committed to tell the Court that we do believe an expeditious and fair resolution of these cases is possible, and it's going to be

possible, Your Honor, we think, working collectively with ourselves, with the municipalities, as well as with the individual plaintiffs. We have been engaged, Your Honor, with the company for many, many months — I would actually caution years — over mediation regarding claim amounts. We are continuing to discuss with the company whether we can come to resolution with respect to claim amounts. Our clients, Your Honor, have paid and reserved many billions of dollars in connection with these fires.

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THE COURT: Your clients -- the subrogation claims are essentially insurance carriers, right?

MR. FELDMAN: They are essentially the insurance companies who have paid out and have reserved on claims.

THE COURT: No, I'm aware of how it works. The terminology and the way you were just referring to the groups, I just don't know them by name, but I got it.

MR. FELDMAN: Understood, Your Honor. We will continue to be and want to be a positive presence in these cases. We do support the relief requested by the Debtors today. There is a critical point that I don't believe is lost on the Court, but I do want to emphasize, the success of this case really depends in large part upon the value of these companies going forward.

THE COURT: I'm aware of that.

MR. FELDMAN: So the orders that you're entering,

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Your Honor, today to preserve that value are not just
    critical for the individual critical vendors who may get
   paid; they're critical for all of us, if in fact we expect
    these cases to be successful. Thank you, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Got it. Thank you, Mr. Feldman, and
    welcome to the court. I appreciate your comments.
    sir. Oh, you know what? I said -- someone on the phone,
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    first up on the phone. Go ahead.
              MR. VILAPIANA: Thank you, Your Honor. Victor
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    Vilapiana in San Diego.
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              THE COURT: Good morning, Mr. Vilapiana.
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              MR. VILPIANA: I'm here with Mr. Tom Tosval.
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              MR. TOSVAL: Good morning, Judge, good to talk to
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    you.
              MR. VILAPIANA: I'm here with Mr. Tom Tosdal who
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    is one of the lead litigators for the fire victims, and
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   Mr. Tosdal would like to address the Court.
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              THE COURT: All right.
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              MR. TOSVAL: Good morning, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Good morning. Yes, sir. Just restate
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    your name for the court reporter. Go ahead.
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              MR. TOSDAL: Tom Tosdal, T-o-s-d-a-l.
23
              THE COURT: Okay, thank you.
              MR. TOSDAL: I represent many but by no means all
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    of the fire victims in the PG&E fires, and we look forward
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to having an actual functional fire victim creditors' committee that can play an integral role in this bankruptcy proceeding. The interests of the fire victims are both unified in terms of obtaining full and fair compensation as well as the interests are diverse in terms of the nature of the loss and other factors affecting ultimate compensation should that occur in this proceeding or some other. I echo the comments of my colleagues, Mr. Baghdadi and Mr. Petri that the harm caused by these fires goes far beyond a money transaction. There's no decision made by these people to invest or play the stock market with PG&E, and they should be put as far up front as the law allows. Thank you very much.

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THE COURT: All right. Appreciate your comments. Thank you. All right. Back to the court appearances. Yes sir.

MR. DUNNE: Good afternoon, Your Honor, for the record Dennis Dunne from Millbank Tweed Hadley and McCloy on behalf of an ad hoc committee of certain institutions that hold in excess of seven billion dollars of the unsecured bonds against — or issued by Pacific Gas and Electric. Both that group and that number are growing, so I expect as I reappear, I will have different information for the Court.

I rise to do two things. One is to introduce

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myself and the group to Your Honor. I suspect that we will be a repeat presence at these hearings.

THE COURT: I suspect.

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MR. DUNNE: And also to -- and I'm echoing some of the comments that Mr. Feldman had who immediately preceded me in the courtroom to underscore the need for a seamless transition into Chapter 11 and to have no disruption to operations and service. That, I submit, is in everybody's best interest today. We expect going forward to work daily, closely, collaboratively with not just the Debtors whom we've had a good working relationship with thus far, but with all the parties in the case so that we can get to a just, fair, lawful and expeditious outcome.

I'm sure I'll have our disagreements with the Debtors at some point in the case potentially but our working relationship has been such that we'll try to deal with those outside the courtroom and bring as few disagreements to Your Honor as possible. And so to just sum up, we think that the Court should grant the relief requested today. We didn't object to any of them. There's some that we may be back to you when they expand some of the first-day relief, for instance, on the NOL trading order, but that's not for today, because it only applies to the equity today.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. DUNNE: And we urge the Court to enter the appropriate orders today. Thank you.

THE COURT: Okay, thank you, Mr. Dunne. Welcome to the Court.

MR. DUNNE: Thank you.

THE COURT: All right. I'll go to the next -- anyone on the phone? Is there another speaker on the phone?

(No response.)

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All right. No. All right. Yes, ma'am, good morning or good afternoon, excuse me.

MR. RIDDLE: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Amanda Riddle from Corey, Luzaich, De Ghetaldi & Riddle. I am court-appointed liaison counsel in the 2015 Butte fire cases. I also represent several hundred North Bay fire case clients, victims, and I also represent over half of the Plaintiffs who have -- or the claimants who have filed cases so far in the Camp fire. I'm also counsel for victims of the 2015 PG&E gas line explosion in Fresno. I wanted to join in the comments of my colleagues. Mr. Baghdadi and Mr. Petri, but draw your attention to the Butte fire cases which those victims have started referring to themselves as the "forgotten victims," unfortunately. PG&E never mentions them even though there are over a thousand Butte fire 2015 Butte fire plaintiffs, victims,

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whose cases are still waiting to be resolved. That includes 48 household whose cases have been settled, but PG&E has not satisfied those settlements. A number of those settlements came due before the petition was filed, and PG&E chose to default on those settlements.

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We also had an April 1st trial date, a benchmark trial, for the Butte fire cases for nine households, and that was going to be used to set benchmarks for the remainder of the Plaintiffs in the litigation. So when PG&E talks about this process being expeditious and best for wildfire victims, I think it's purposeful that they forget to mention the ones who have been waiting for three and a half years for resolution. We have clients who are still living in trailers on burnt-out property on generators because they did not have insurance to rebuild. And they were supposed to get their trial date, and PG&E chose instead to file bankruptcy instead of accelerating a resolution with them and getting them out of harm's way. So I would just ask that the Court give as much priority to the wildfire victims as available under the law. you.

THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Riddle. I appreciate your comments. Yes, sir.

MR. BENNETT: I guess it's good afternoon, Your Honor.

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THE COURT: Oh yeah, it is somewhere. I mean in Hawaii it's still good morning. I need a name from you.

MR. BENNETT: I'm Bruce Bennett of Jones Day.

THE COURT: I know you, Mr. Bennett, but I need it for the record.

MR. BENNETT: The clients of Jones Day, Your Honor, hold more than 20 percent of the issued and outstanding equity of PG&E Corporation, and I want to emphasize that the holders of the equity, while they include a number of institutions, also include large mutual funds that are also -- hold for individual investors, moms and pops and retirees, and many other retail participants in the case.

We too have been in consultation with the Debtors concerning the relief requested today. We've had some input to some of the orders, in particular the order relating to the claims trading and equity trading provisions which you'll hear about later today. For all the reasons expressed by Mr. Dunne, we are very supportive of the Debtors' efforts to enter Chapter 11 smoothly, to continue to perform all of its obligations to its customers and other stakeholders, and to assure that the value of the businesses is maximized because after all that's what everyone in this case ought to be interested in. Thank you, Your Honor.

1 THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Bennett. Anyone else 2 on the phone want to be heard? 3 (No response.) 4 All right. Anyone else? Well then, I think 5 rather than go back to our agenda, I'll call our midday 6 recess, and resume at 1:30. Does that work for you, Mr. Karotkin and everyone on your side? I mean I'd make it 8 shorter, but we have a lot of people, and in and out, and let's double check on --10 MR. KAROTKIN: The only thing, if I may, I just think it's essential that we get through all of the motions 11 12 today. We don't have that many left. 13 THE COURT: I do too. You know, unfortunately 14 there's some big ticket items though, right? We've got the 15 taxes and the customer programs and the wages and the DIP, 16 right? 17 MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, and I can tell you that as 18 to --19 THE COURT: And the NOL one also. 20 MR. KAROTKIN: As to most of those, there are few, 21 if any, objections --22 THE COURT: Yes, I know that. 23 MR. KAROTKIN: -- remaining, so I think that --2.4 THE COURT: Well, I mean if you thought we could 25 wrap this up in, you know, 45 minutes, I'd just go straight

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through, but -- I mean I'm not trying to punish people.
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              MR. KAROTKIN: I think it's possible.
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              THE COURT: Well, but -- even for the DIP motion?
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              MR. KAROTKIN: I do. I think Mr. Zumbro is going
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    to be handling that. I think most of the DIP -- many of
 6
    the issues relating to the DIP have been resolved.
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              THE COURT: You haven't heard from me.
 8
         (Laughter.)
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              I'm going to reserve three hours.
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              MR. KAROTKIN: If you had filed your objection on
    time, Your Honor, maybe --
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12
         (Laughter.)
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              THE COURT: We're kind of easy on the rules here.
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    Well, all right. I'll take your suggestion and, you know,
   we will have a starvation world here, and we will not take
15
    a lunch break. I guess I'll revisit it if we get bogged
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17
    down. So I'm going to let you go ahead and take the
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    sequence for what's left and as I say --
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              MR. KAROTKIN: Sure. I think according to the
    agenda, the next one is taxes. Is that what you have, sir?
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              THE COURT: That's right.
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              MR. KAROTKIN: Okay. My colleague, Ms. Liou, will
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   handle the next two motions.
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              THE COURT: Okay.
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              MR. KAROTKIN: Thank you.
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THE COURT: Ms. Liou, good afternoon. 1 2 MR. LIOU: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Jessica 3 Liou from Weil Gotshal and Manges, here on behalf of the Debtors. The next item on the agenda is Docket Entry No. 11, Agenda Item 12, which is the Debtors' motion seeking 5 approval to pay certain pre-petition taxes and assessments and granting related relief. 8 THE COURT: And the way I read it, you get interim authority, temporary -- I mean remedial authority for 9 10 around 11 million dollars to pay and then at the final hearing 139 million. Some are priority claims; some are 11 12 post-petition, a variety of things. 13 MS. LIOU: That's correct. 14 THE COURT: Are there any objections that you 15 received? MS. LIOU: Absolutely none that I'm aware of. 16 17 THE COURT: Anyone either in the court or the 18 overflow or on the phone want to be heard on the tax motion? 19 20 (No response.) 21 I have no objections. I reviewed it, understand 22 That motion will be granted. 23 MR. LIOU: Thank you very much, Your Honor. 2.4 Next on the agenda is Item No. 13. It's Docket 25 Entry No. 16. It's what the Debtors have termed their

Public Programs and Customer Programs Motion. As Your Honor may be aware, we did receive a couple of filed statements in response to the Customer Program Motion. I'd like to take a moment to go through those on the record with Your Honor and indicate where we have resolved certain of the statements. I also do want to note that we have been working extensively with the staff of the CPUC regarding the motion itself and the provisions of the order, and that the U.S. Trustee's office has not objected to this requested relief.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. LIOU: At Docket No. 66, Sonoma Clean Power Authority filed a statement in support and reservation of rights. We have communicated with their attorneys and confirmed that their issues are all resolved. They have filed a separate statement in connection with entry of the DIP order and given that there were some proposed changes to the DIP order, that is fully resolved — their issues with respect to not only the DIP, but also this Customer Programs Motion.

THE COURT: Okay. That's good to hear.

MS. LIOU: At Docket No. 147, that's ChargePoint, Inc.'s conditional non-opposition that was filed. We have worked out some language with them that I believe fully resolves their conditional non-opposition, and they now

support the relief requested. I will go through those interlineated edits in the order in a moment because I believe that those edits also resolve Docket Item No. 158 which is the preliminary objection filed on behalf of various California State Agencies.

THE COURT: Well again, as you heard me speak earlier this morning, I just have not been able to keep up with the pace. So you summarized what's there, and to the extent that you or the Debtor has resolved them, we will make that on the record and go from there and get confirmation from any counsel.

MS. LIOU: Correct.

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THE COURT: And I did look over the ChargePoint one because that was one that came in a little earlier, and I understand it. So that's fine.

MS. LIOU: Yes. And there are two other remaining statements. That's Docket Entry No. 156 filed on behalf of Marin Clean Energy. We confirmed with counsel that that is also fully resolved. We confirmed with Marin Clean Energy that their program is part of the customer programs included in the motion.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, that's it. That's the easy way to get people to come around is to get them on the program.

MS. LIOU: That's right. And then the last one is

Docket No. 170. That's Air (could be Area) Petroleum Reservation of Rights that was filed. I do not believe that there's any action required as a result of that reservation of rights being filed at this point in time.

THE COURT: So you probably heard me have some conversation earlier in the day with your colleague, and this one is the one that is teed up as a two-step motion, but if I grant the motion, there's nothing to do really at the final hearing other than to ratify it, right?

MS. LIOU: That's correct.

THE COURT: Yeah. I mean I guess what I want -- I just want to make sure we're clear that -- I'm sure in your experience and in my experience and in a lot of the bankruptcy lawyers' experience, as I said earlier, this concept of a preliminary hearing and a certain amount of things happening, whether it be money borrowed or payments made, followed by more, gives people an opportunity particularly when we're operating under this enormously tight time schedule, but this one looked like, okay, there's a lot of money being spent and there's going to be a final hearing, but by the time of the final hearing, the money is either all spent or committed.

MR. LIOU: Well, I think that there's actually a significant portion of the relief that is reserved for the final hearing. We do provide an estimate in the motion of

what we anticipate we will spend during the interim period which is about approximately 215 million dollars plus any additional CPUC costs on top of that. But I share your concern. Your Honor, I would just say that, you know, this motion is critically important to many constituencies for many reasons.

THE COURT: Oh, I know it is. I mean I'm absolutely convinced. And that was my point, and maybe I missed it, but think in one or two of the other similar motions --

MR. LIOU: There is no interim cap if that's the question that you're asking.

THE COURT: Well, I think, for example, in a couple of the other ones, I had a table with "X" dollars to be spent now; "Y" dollars to be spent later, and I just wanted to get a sense. I'm not opposing this; I'm not going to impose anything on my own, and the people that have had a chance to weigh in on it, including some counsel behind you, that's fine. And we don't need to dwell on it now. In fact, why don't I shut up and see what the gentlemen behind you want to say.

MS. LIOU: Sure. But, Your Honor, if I may, at least go through the changes to the proposed order that we had agreed to with two of the parties that have filed statements.

1 THE COURT: All right. Okay. 2 MS. LIOU: If you have a copy of the order in 3 front of you. 4 THE COURT: I do. Yes, I do. MS. LIOU: All right. The only changes are with 5 6 respect to paragraph 2, and if you go about halfway down into that paragraph, there's a Romanette ii. 8 THE COURT: Yes. 9 MS. LIOU: The original language read: "Continue, 10 comma, renew, comma, replace, comma, implement, new, comma and/or terminate one or more of the customer programs. 11 12 There were certain parties who raised concerns about the 13 termination language and so we have agreed to modify that 14 language to make clear that the Debtors intend to continue 15 to perform in accordance with applicable law their 16 obligations under the customer programs. So we have now 17 revised that language to Romanette ii: 18 "... continue to perform in accordance with 19 applicable law one or more of the customer 20 programs." 21 THE COURT: Okay. 22 MS. LIOU: And then if you go three lines down, 23 there's language that reads "as they deem appropriate."

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We've agreed to strike that language. The Debtors will

obviously perform their obligations in the ordinary course

- of business in accordance with what Federal, State and other regulations require.
- THE COURT: Okay. I appreciate that, Ms. Liou.
- 4 Those are the only changes?
- 5 MR. LIOU: Yes.
- 6 THE COURT: All right. Counsel? Mr. Harris?
- 7 MR. HARRIS: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Robert
- 8 | Harris of Binder and Malter appearing for ChargePoint, Inc.
- 9 Ms. Liou has accurately represented our agreed changes to
- 10 | the order, and we withdraw our objection.
- 11 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Harris. Yes,
- 12 | sir.
- MR. PASCUZZI: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Paul
- 14 Pascuzzi, Felderstein, Fitzgerald, Willoughby & Pascuzzi.
- 15 We are co-counsel with the California Attorney General's
- 16 Office for various State agencies, the ones --
- 17 THE COURT: I expected you here. You're a
- 18 | regular.
- 19 MR. PASCUZZI: Thank you, Your Honor. The State
- 20 | agencies on our pleading in this particular matter are the
- 21 | California Department of Toxic Substances Control,
- 22 | California Department of Water Resources, State Water
- 23 Resources Control Board, Regional Water Quality Control
- 24 Boards and State Energy Resources Conservation and
- 25 Development Commission. Your Honor, we do support the

purpose of this motion to be able for the Debtors to continue these programs and pay pre-petition obligations in connection with the programs. But we did have an issue with paragraph 2. Of course, a lot of these clients regulate PG&E, and our main concern is that nothing in the Bankruptcy Court's order is supplanting any non-bankruptcy laws, orders, et cetera, that PG&E and the Debtors would otherwise have to comply with. So you'll hear me appearing on those types of issues throughout the case.

THE COURT: But is there any other change you want to paragraph 2 that you --

MR. PASCUZZI: No, Your Honor. The one thing was in accordance with applicable laws, I didn't know if counsel said "law" or "laws." So I requested it say "laws," Your Honor, and then --

THE COURT: Well, you can just pick one. (Laughter.)

MR. PASCUZZI: And then, Your Honor, as I understand it, this is an interim motion. There will be a final hearing on it, and, you know, we do have other potential State agencies that will be clients that will be weighing in, and we'll be talking to about this motion in lines of the concern I mentioned, so we do want to reserve our rights as to the final hearing on this motion and the other motions to file further oppositions or whatever and

identify additional clients that may have issues.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, that's noted on the record. I don't think anybody is trying to pull a "got you" on you here, so --

MR. PASCUZZI: Understood, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. PASCUZZI: Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Pascuzzi.

MR. ENGEL: Good morning, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Good afternoon.

MR. ENGEL: I guess it's afternoon now. Larry Engel for Sonoma Clean Power Authority. We are a governmental unit, also a joint power authority, a community choice aggregator, what they call a CCA. We filed statements and then also talked to the folks at PG&E and some of the DIP lenders and others and had very constructive conversations, and we've resolved our issues and thank them for their cooperation. I just wanted to address one point for you in your questioning, that perhaps would be useful to you, which is just to emphasize that PG&E as to the CCA's and there are eleven of them in this territory, we're going to be 40 percent of the entire PG&E grid power for this coming year, 2019. And so it's a significant amount of involvement here. And the point we're making is that PG&E is a billing and collection

agent, a conduit for us. It's actually our money that they're giving us back, so we're actually expecting things to continue in the ordinary course, and that's really the purpose as it relates to us of this motion.

So as between an interim hearing and a final hearing, I don't think -- we're certainly hoping there's nothing going to happen between us because we actually would like our money on a regular basis because it's essentially all our money.

THE COURT: But there's nothing that suggests otherwise.

MR. ENGEL: No, only Your Honor seemed to be concerned about something happening in that interim period between the interim and the final hearing, and I --

THE COURT: No. I think what I was trying to explain to you, again trying to absorb all these different motions in short order, a couple of them had steps with real dollar signs, and they were big dollars.

MR. ENGEL: Right.

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THE COURT: And some didn't. So I just needed to understand that.

MR. ENGEL: Well, I think the reason there is no dollar amount for us is that they're just giving us back our own money.

25 THE COURT: Well, maybe that's the reason. I

1 understand the point. 2 MR. ENGEL: Okay. 3 THE COURT: But it looks to me, Mr. Engel, like 4 the Debtors' position, vis-a-vis your clients, is this usual? 5 6 MR. ENGEL: Yes. Exactly. THE COURT: Yeah. Right. Okay. And if they try 8 to keep the money that they're -- I'll hear from you. 9 MR. ENGEL: We've gotten very reasonable 10 assurances from them that that won't happen, and we're looking forward to cooperation, Thank you. 11 12 THE COURT: Thank you for coming. Anyone on the 13 phone want to be heard on the issues raised by Ms. Liou and were discussed? 14 15 (No response.) 16 Well, I'm prepared to approve then the 17 Customer Program Motion with the changes that you have made 18 and the order that you submit and upload. 19 MS. LIOU: Thank you, Your Honor. 20 THE COURT: Thank you very much. 21 MS. LIOU: I will now give the podium back to Mr. 22 Karotkin. 23 THE COURT: Mr. Karotkin, where do we go next? You're the guy that said everybody gets a lunch break at 24 25 1:00 o'clock, so you're going to do that DIP motion at two

minutes to 1:00?

2 MR. KAROTKIN: I'm not doing that one, Your Honor.
3 (Laughter.)

You can hold them accountable for that one. I think the next one is the Employee Wage and Benefit Motion.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. KAROTKIN: I know it's a long motion and it covers a lot of different programs and benefits, but I think it's fairly conventional. Obviously the employees — there are 24,000 of them — they make this operation run and it's essential that we pay them their compensation to the extent there are some pre-petition amounts outstanding, and I will say that that is principally related to the hourly paid employees. The number appears fairly large, but there are like 14,000 of them, I believe, and as to all of those, Your Honor, they are under the cap with respect to the compensation. As I mentioned, I believe, on Tuesday, we are not seeking any authority to pay severance to insiders.

THE COURT: You did mention that.

MR. KAROTKIN: And we are also not seeking authority to pay any CERP (Phonetic) supplemental pension payments to any retirees, and there was some confusion, Your Honor, in some of the newspaper articles at least, and I think that the Office of the United States Trustee raised

1 it with us last night, as to the -- what we call the 2018 2 Stip, which is a broad-based, by the way, program. Ιt 3 covers about 12 to 14,000 employees. 4 THE COURT: Right. I saw that. 5 MR. KAROTKIN: We are not seeking any approval of 6 that today. That's reserved for the final hearing, and again, to clarify what was inaccurately reported in the 8 newspapers, in addition to not covering any insiders, that authority we are seeking does not cover any officers. 10 THE COURT: Well, did I read correctly there are 12 specific people -- maybe they're not identified by name, 11 12 but they mention that they are not -- I mean just the 13 number, 12 people, are not --14 MR. KAROTKIN: Well, in addition to about 26 other 15 people, so about 38 people, who we're not seeking approval 16 for anything that's under the stip. So it goes beyond the 17 insiders. 18 THE COURT: But those 38 people are not identified by name anywhere in the documents. 19 20 MR. KAROTKIN: That's correct. 21 THE COURT: Okay. 22 MR KAROTKIN: That is correct. 23 THE COURT: Okay.

MR. KAROTKIN: But those are the officer group.

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Okay?

THE COURT: Understood. So this is the one 1 2 that -- this is in that same category that I raised before. 3 If I approve this, and I'll hear from anybody that wants to be heard, but if I approve it, what happens at the final hearing? I mean it's a done deal; isn't it, for all the people that are the beneficiaries of this motion? MR. KAROTKIN: No, it's not a done deal because 8 if you look on page -- I believe it's page 10 -- there is an amount related to the interim period and an amount 10 related to the final period. 11 THE COURT: Okay. Again, I stand corrected. another ten million dollars. I got it. No, I'm sorry, no, 12 13 no, it's more than that. MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, it's more than that. 14 15 THE COURT: One of your table had totals, and this 16 one did not. No, it's significantly more. 17 MR. KAROTKIN: Yes. But again, if you were --18 THE COURT: But several of them are not affected They're just across the board. 19 at all. 20 MR. KAROTKIN: Right. Yes. But as to the 21 compensation obligations, Your Honor, that's two weeks pay. 22 THE COURT: I understand. 23 MR. KAROTKIN: Okay. So obviously they'd all be paid, and if you look at the next one, it's significantly 24 25 less than what we're seeking on a final basis.

THE COURT: Actually, the incentive and retention program, the stip, is the big one that is the final hearing.

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MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, being deferred, yes.

THE COURT: And it's a relatively small increase for the other line items.

MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, it is, but --

THE COURT: Again, I'm not here negotiating it or even taking it -- being opposed to it. I just want to understand it, and I misspoke earlier when I said this motion was going to be a done deal, because you corrected me; it was not.

MR. KAROTKIN: And I will note, Your Honor, on withholding obligations, if you look at Footnote 2, substantially all of that is withholding from employees' paychecks, and the rest of it is the employer's contribution, pretty much trust fund taxes. Severance obligations are very small. The benefit obligations, a lot of those are paid by either employee or retiree contributions. And again, these are conventional health and welfare programs. We've been very careful to narrowly tailor this motion not to encompass, as I mentioned, supplemental retiree benefits or deferred compensation for retirees.

25 THE COURT: Right. Well, let's talk about

1 objections. There was at least one objection; wasn't 2 there, or two that were filed? 3 MR. KAROTKIN: I think there was only one. 4 THE COURT: Okay. 5 MR. KAROTKIN: I'm sorry, two? 6 THE COURT: Well, let's -- if you think there's only, tell me how you're responding, and if there's another 8 one, we'll --9 MR. KAROTKIN: This gentleman said he filed an 10 objection. I will stand corrected. 11 THE COURT: Okay. Let's just -- what I want to 12 hear from you is how you're responding to any objections 13 because again, this is in that same category where I have 14 to rely on you to tell me what the Debtors' position is. 15 MR. KAROTKIN: I think the U.S. Trustee's 16 objection was solely related to the statutory cap. 17 THE COURT: And there is some cap -- there are 18 some --19 MR. KAROTKIN: Yes. As to the compensation, it's 20 clearly within the cap, Your Honor. As to some of the 21 other benefits, such as medical benefits, those are normal. 22 They are paid over time, and again, they cover 24,000 23 employees. It's really impossible to calculate in any manner how much each employee is entitled to. We certainly 24 25 don't want to be in a position to not being able to pay

- normal medical benefits to our employees. We think that
 will send -- that will be disastrous for the operation of
 this business. These are routine health claims
 essentially. That's where the big number comes in, and
 there is really no way of determining whether or not that
 is over the cap by individual because literally thousands
 of claims are handled on a monthly basis.
 - THE COURT: Okay. Well, Ms. Kelly can respond if she wants to. Hang on to that objection. Did you want to go to another one?

- MR. KAROTKIN: Yeah. The other objection I think that was raised by the United States Trustee and I think I mentioned it earlier, was the stip payment, and that's again reserved for the final hearing. So I don't think there's any need to get into that today.
- THE COURT: Ms. Kelly, do you want to be heard on this, to the extent that the motion exceeds the statutory cap for anyone?
- MS. KELLY: Your Honor, with respect to the statutory cap, we wanted clarification because it was unclear in the motion. It referred to them being below, but it was unclear what part of that was wages and some mentioned benefits. So now counsel is saying it's impossible to tell. Obviously we're not saying that people shouldn't have their medical benefits. However, it is

troubling that there are elements of compensation that the
Debtor is saying are impossible to calculate at this point.

So I will --

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THE COURT: Well, maybe what they're saying is it's impossible to sort of draw the line where the cap is for each and every one of the 24,000 employees, because somebody who is paid, you know, minimum wage is probably under the cap no matter what. Somebody who is paid a significant pay because he or she does more valuable — more highly compensated work, is going to be over the cap. And that's what I think he's saying. And really the question as I see it is, the Debtor has this work force, business as usual, and you're interposing possibly an objection as to those who are over the cap.

MS. KELLY: Your Honor, what I would say on that is, of course, it is the job of the U.S. Trustee to argue that the law, the Code, and the Rules, should be enforced as written, so --

THE COURT: I'm not quarreling with you.

MS. KELLY: On this issue, those are the facts that have been presented today, and so at this point, I would just maintain our objection, and I defer to Your Honor to rule on it.

THE COURT: Right. Okay. I got it. All right. Now the gentleman behind you. Let's get the -- there are

- objections, I think. I think you interposed an objection earlier, right?
- 3 MR. DE GHETALDI: I did, Your Honor. I was 4 speaking -- I did file one this morning.
- THE COURT: Right. And I've got your name right
 now, but I need to have you state your name again, just
 because to state your appearance.
- 8 MR. DE GHETALDI: Right. I'm sorry, Your Honor. 9 Dario De Ghetaldi, once again.
- THE COURT: And I have it noted so I wouldn't say it wrong. Okay. I got you.
- MR. DE GHETALDI: I'm sure you didn't misspell it either, right?

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- THE COURT: No. I misspell my name occasionally too. Mr. De Gethaldi, thank you, and I'm sorry I got your name mixed up before, but anyway, what do you want to say?
- MR. DE GHETALDI: That's okay, Your Honor. Our objection here is -- well, the motion with respect to payment of bonuses is not clear. It does not identify the employees that PG&E is planning on giving the short-term incentive program bonuses to or the amounts. And we have specifically -- our written objection specifically objects to payment to those individuals in the vegetation management division and in the risk evaluation division and to executives such as Geisha Williams. (Phonetic) To give

those bonuses priority over the claims of our clients and those other parties who have final written executed and effective settlements with PG&E that are unfunded, we would like to see more detail from PG&E on the identities and the amounts of those bonuses that they're seeking to pay to the individuals in those programs.

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THE COURT: Well, you did hear, and the papers do say officers and directors, right?

MR. DE GHETALDI: Officers and directors and what is or is not an officer in PG&E is not exactly clear because they have directors who are not on the Board of Directors, and their management structure is a little opaque in that respect. So names, amounts, to allow us to make more specific objections.

THE COURT: But I gather you're zeroing in specifically on two other categories of employees because of what they've done, risk evaluation and I think you said vegetation management.

MR. DE GHETALDI: Yes.

THE COURT: I mean I realize that both of those labels or titles suggest why you're saying that, but how do I do anything about that? I mean what about somebody that was doing the line repair job in, you know, Berkeley, California is in the same legal category as somebody who is an employee in either of those divisions. So how do I draw

the line for that? I'm not talking about senior management.

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MR. DE GHETALDI: Okay. Your Honor, the reason we would like the names, and we can work with the division — with PG&E with respect to the divisions where these employees would be assigned during the 2012 to 2015 time period leading up to the Butte fire, but we want to be able to make specific objections to those employees that we believe had a part in the fault of creating the Butte fire.

THE COURT: Are those individuals named as defendants in State Court actions?

MR. DE GHETALDI: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: I mean then how do I -- I understand, but how do I parse through a huge payroll and I or you say, you know, Joe, who happened to work in the vegetation management doesn't get a pay and it turned out Joe was on medical leave at the time, I mean, and Sally was at work that day. I mean we can't do that.

MR. DE GHETALDI: Your Honor, I've participated in over a hundred depositions. I know the names of the people that we're interested in, not seeing getting bonuses in priority of payments to the persons, the victims, who have enforceable settlement agreements that are unfunded.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, I didn't know the background, so you've identified people, and I

understand -- certainly understand what your concerns are.

My question is what to do about it. So -- I got it. Okay.

THE COURT: Other counsel?

MR. DE GHETALDI: Thank you.

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MR. KNAPP: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Brad Knapp of Locke Ford on behalf of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, No. 1245. With me are my partners, Steven Bryant and Meaghan Tom. We'd like to underscore the importance of the entry of this interim order for PG&E's work force. The IBW has about 12,000 PG&E employees as members and this goes a long way to assuring them that their continued employment, continued hard work on behalf of Californians will go compensated. We filed our reservation of rights because we have a few questions we want to work through before the final hearing, but otherwise, we urge that the Court grant the motion on an interim basis.

THE COURT: Okay. I got it. Anyone else on the phone want to be heard on this?

(No response.)

All right. No one in the court --

MR. KAROTKIN: Just to respond briefly to counsel for the Butte claimants. Number one, as I said, this is being deferred until the final hearing. In any event, we're not asking for any authority on the stip payment. To

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1 make clear what I said --2 THE COURT: Well, but you are for some other kinds 3 of payment. 4 MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, all the other things, yes. 5 THE COURT: So if there are people who are in 6 either of those two divisions that counsel complained about --8 MR. KAROTKIN: I thought he was only complaining 9 about them getting a bonus. 10 THE COURT: Well, maybe. Maybe again, I didn't 11 understand it. 12 MR. KAROTKIN: I didn't think he was 13 complaining --14 THE COURT: Is that the case, only about bonuses? 15 MR. DE GHETALDI: I was talking about pre-petition 16 obligations to --17 MR. KAROTKIN: Including wages and compensation --18 THE COURT: So, wait. I mean just everyday runof-the-mill type payments. So he is talking about more 19 20 than bonuses. 21 MR. DE GHETALDI: Not including wages. 22 THE COURT: I mean I'll make a ruling. I just 23 want to hear the arguments, one way or the other, what to 2.4 do about it. 25 MR. KAROTKIN: I was going to point out just so

1 the record is clear, the stip does not include officers; it 2 also does not include members of the Board of Directors. 3 THE COURT: How about former officers? 4 MR. KAROTKIN: It doesn't include former officers. 5 THE COURT: Okay. Well, again, there seems to be 6 some --7 MR. KAROTKIN: Ms. Williams is not in. We're not 8 seeking --THE COURT: She's not in this class of people. 9 10 MR. KAROTKIN: Not in the stip, no. No. No. 11 THE COURT: Okay. 12 MR. KAROTKIN: And just to mention one last thing, 13 counsel was talking about what happened in 2013, and not to 14 minimize that at all, but the 2018 stip is with respect to 15 2018 performance, not 2013. 16 THE COURT: So even if he has a quarrel with 17 somebody who is in vegetation management or risk 18 evaluation, you're telling me for the current period, that person is doing his or her job and --19 20 MR. KAROTKIN: And either warrants a bonus under 21 the program or does not. 22 THE COURT: And if there was fault or carelessness 23 or error by an individual several years ago, that's for the employer to deal with under the current claims and whether 24 25 there are judgments or pending matters or State matters or

unfiled matters.

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2 MR. KAROTKIN: Exactly, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. I think I understand, and I understand what the objections were by counsel on behalf of his clients, Mr. De Ghetaldi, and again, I'm sympathetic to the fate of his clients under these circumstances, but I'm going to overrule those objections and grant the Debtors' motion to grant their motion for -- what I'll call for convenience the wages and benefits motion, recognizing that there has been the various carve-outs, both the -- as counsel explained without naming individuals, but rather quantifying them by role of officer and/or director and then also the stip -- I mean it's an awkward word "stip" because we're used to using the word "stip" to do something else, but if it's an employee benefit term, stip, that's being deferred and not resolved -- or not dealt with today. So for all those reasons, the objections will be overruled. The motion will be granted and the orders to be entered will be consistent with that, and I did -- I do acknowledge that I misinterpreted the breakdown of what's to be paid in the interim period versus later, and although there's a substantial amount of money onto the so-called stip terminology for later, there are others that are also being deferred in lesser amounts and will be taken up at the final hearing.

1 And let me make an aside, also we're covering a 2 lot of territory today. Before we conclude, we'll talk 3 about when those final hearings are going to be, and they may be at different times. 5 MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, sir. 6 THE COURT: All right. MR. KAROTKIN: Just for a matter of housekeeping, with respect to Mr. Wells' declaration, he's here in the 8 court and available for cross-examination. 10 THE COURT: No. We're not going to have a trial 11 today. 12 MR. KAROTKIN: But I'm saying, we would ask that 13 that be moved into evidence. THE COURT: Well, I mean it's in the document. 14 15 mean we're not treating the -- it's in the record, so --16 MR. KAROTKIN: If it's in the record, that's fine 17 with us. 18 THE COURT: Well, you filed it. 19 MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, sir. Okay. 20 THE COURT: Yeah. Yeah. MR. KAROTKIN: I think the last one before --21 22 THE COURT: But let me comment on that. Ms. Hayes said that when she was complaining a little bit -- a little 23 bit, that it wasn't signed under penalty of perjury. Well, 24 25 if she's correct, then maybe it should be signed under

penalty of perjury. If she was incorrect, that it
wasn't -- I mean that it already was, then no harm, no
foul. We don't have to deal with it today.

MR. KAROTKIN: I think if there are any questions, Mr. Wells is here today, and he can attest to the fact that the statements therein are truthful.

THE COURT: I don't want to do that. I want to make it simple. If, as a matter of form, it was not technical compliance with the normal attestation to a declaration, he can do it after the fact. I'm not going to put him on the witness stand and turn him over for crossexamination.

MR. KAROTKIN: Okay. Thank you, sir.

THE COURT: Okay.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$ KAROTKIN: So the last one before the DIP is the NOL motion.

THE COURT: And did you get objections to that?

MR. KAROTKIN: No objections, just there were some discussions with Mr. Bennett and his colleagues about making certain revisions to the proposed order, that I was asked to read into the record, and they will be included in the order.

THE COURT: Okay. I'll let you come to that in a moment. Is there anyone on the phone who wants to be heard on what the Debtor has called the NOL Motion, but it's

1 really a little broader than that. 2 (No response.) 3 There's no one there. There's no one in 4 either courtroom. I have no objections. I have reviewed it, and I'm prepared to approve it, as long as you're just 5 6 making some additional changes that you want to make on the record. MR. KAROTKIN: Yes. We will submit a revised 8 9 order, Your Honor, where we will agree that confidential 10 information provided by people who may be subject to the restrictions in the Notice of Provisions will be kept 11 12 confidential and will not be disclosed as to their holdings 13 and their identification. 14 THE COURT: Okay. 15 MR. KAROTKIN: There was a 20-business day notice 16 in the procedures before the acquisition could be effected, 17 and we've agreed to shorten that to 15 business days. 18 THE COURT: Well, does 20 days ever get the same length as 15 business -- I mean --19 20 MR. KAROTKIN: I'm sorry, it was 20 business days. 21 Sorry. 22 THE COURT: Business. 23 MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, business and business.

THE COURT: Apples and apples, not apples and

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oranges.

1 MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, sir. Yes. Thank you. 2 you. 3 THE COURT: Okay. I just want to make sure it wasn't a slight of hand here with -- you know, we might have a three-day holiday in there. 5 6 (Laughter.) MR. KAROTKIN: And the objection period was also 8 shortened from 15 business days to ten business days. 9 THE COURT: Okay. 10 MR. KAROTKIN: The other provision in the order is that in an effort perhaps to resolve any notices -- if any 11 12 confidential information is given to an attorney for a 13 purchaser or a proposed purchaser, it's agreed that that 14 information will not be transmitted to their client. 15 THE COURT: Okay. MR. KAROTKIN: And that's to facilitate resolution 16 17 of any potential issues. 18 THE COURT: Mr. Bennett, did you want to be heard 19 on this? 20 MR. BENNETT: There's one more change that --21 MR. KAROTKIN: There's one more. I knew Mr. 22 Bennett would keep me honest here, Your Honor. We agreed 23 that we would state on the record that we would reasonably consider any request to acquire stock outside the formal 24 25 process, and again, that would be subject to our consent,

and if there was no agreement, they would have to follow the procedures.

THE COURT: All right. Does that take care of it,
Mr. Bennett, or is there something else?

MR. BENNETT: No. With respect to the confidentiality provision that Mr. Karotkin mentioned, the requirement that there be a filing on the docket of the Notice has been eliminated, so the reports go directly to the Debtor.

MR. KAROTKIN: That's correct.

THE COURT: Okay. So the order will reflect that.

MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Okay. And, you know, we didn't talk about it procedurally, but anybody who interposes an objection to anything today, you're going to give them a copy of the form order, and you know my procedure is, we will do orders that need to get signed quickly, quickly, but orders that can wait a little bit, you make sure anybody who complained about it or objected has an opportunity to review it. You're familiar with that procedure, right?

MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: And I will tell you, I'm guilty of one sin in this area, I sign the orders rather quickly, rather than the seven-day rule, and if there is an order that

- 1 uploaded and somebody wants to be heard, they need to act 2 quickly. Another point there.
- 3 MR. KAROTKIN: And I think for purposes of today's relief, it is important that they get entered as soon as possible.
- THE COURT: Well, I mean like the NOL motion, is that really time sensitive?
- 8 MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, it is, because with the stock 9 increasing in value, yes, it is important that they get 10 entered right away.
- THE COURT: Have you checked with your broker in the last couple of hours? I haven't.
- MR. KAROTKIN: I haven't, no. I can't buy it, so it doesn't matter.
 - THE COURT: Neither can I. So -- but, okay. Then look, most of the lawyers who -- I mean, they're either here or on the record. They're also known to you, and we just move quickly on it; that's all. I want to move quickly.
- 20 MR. KAROTKIN: Yes.

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- 21 THE COURT: All right. So we're down to just two 22 motions left?
- MR. KAROTKIN: I think one. Oh, two, the sealing motion --
- 25 THE COURT: Well, no, the sealing motion --

1 MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, and the DIP. 2 THE COURT: -- I think I was told earlier, Ms. 3 Kelly, you had an objection to the sealing motion. 4 MS. KELLY: I do, Your Honor. THE COURT: Mr. Klee? 5 6 MR. KLEE: Your Honor, may I interrupt for just a second? 8 THE COURT: Yes. Identify yourself. 9 MR. KLEE: Kenneth Klee of Klee, Tuchin, Bogdanoff 10 & Stern LLP for Next Era. 11 THE COURT: Good afternoon, Mr. Klee. 12 MR. KLEE: We have an agreement we'd like to put 13 on the record, and we have the Department of Justice on the 14 phone, and we may lose them if we don't place it on the 15 record. 16 THE COURT: Okay. 17 MR. TSEKERIDES: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Ted 18 Tsekerides from Weil Gotshal on behalf of the Debtors. we spent the morning going over the adversary proceeding 19 20 schedule that we talked about the other day. 21 THE COURT: Right. 22 MR. TSEKERIDES: I'm pleased to announce that 23 we've reached a deal that we want to put on the record with respect to the scheduling and another related matter. 24 So 25 Your Honor may have seen, there were two, I think,

intervention motions filed.

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THE COURT: I saw one, and I saw the motion to withdraw the reference, and I saw the motion for the summary judgment, but it'll come as no surprise, I didn't sit down and read them all.

MR. TSEKERIDES: Fair enough. I just want to let you know what's required, and so Next Era is the one you just heard from Mr. Klee, and Con Ed also had submitted one. So the three of us with FERC this morning worked out a schedule that we think would satisfy everyone's needs and hopefully the Court's as well. So on the intervention, there is a slightly accelerated schedule there, but the parties are in agreement on it. The intervention motion would be heard on the 13th which is one of our days.

THE COURT: I guess that means you're going to oppose it, right?

MR. TSEKERIDES: Yes, we are going to oppose it, but the schedule is fine.

THE COURT: Yeah, no, I understand, but my first reaction was, would they really be opposing it, but okay, you're going to oppose it.

MR. TSEKERIDES: Well, we have an argument that we think will be successful, but we'll see. You'll decide.

THE COURT: So you're putting that on on our February 13th calendar.

1 MR. TSEKERIDES: Right. And we were going to put 2 that in the afternoon. I don't know if that's something we 3 would do later as far as the timing. 4 THE COURT: Well, let's just get the rest of your 5 stip. 6 MR. TSEKERIDES: Okay. 7 THE COURT: I mean, you know, when we set these 8 dates the other day, it's only been two days ago, right; I don't think we filled up any of our dance card yet. 10 will fill up quickly, however. So you want it on the afternoon of the 13^{th} . 11 12 MR. TSEKERIDES: Correct. 13 THE COURT: Ms. Parada, we have the day clear, right? 14 15 COURTROOM DEPUTY: Yes. 16 THE COURT: Yes. Okay. MR. TSEKERIDES: Our opposition would be on the 17 18 11th. We were going to put a 4:00 p.m. Pacific --19 THE COURT: Do I have to read the opposition? 20 MR. TSEKERIDES: It'll be short. 21 (Laughter.) 22 THE COURT: I signed an oversized brief order. 23 I'm going to sign an undersized brief order now. 2.4 MR. TSEKERIDES: That's on the main case. 25 just the adversary proceeding.

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THE COURT: What if I told you it's limited to two
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    pages? Okay. Opposition when, on the 11th.
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              MR. TSEKERIDES: On the 11th.
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              THE COURT: What time?
              MR. TSEKERIDES: 4:00 p.m.
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              THE COURT: Thanks a lot. San Francisco or New
    York?
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              MR. TSEKERIDES: San Francisco.
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              THE COURT: Okay.
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              MR. TSEKERIDES: And 2/12 for the reply for the
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    intervenors.
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              THE COURT: I'm not going to read them anyway.
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              MR. TSEKERIDES: You're not going to read them.
              THE COURT: Unfortunately, I have a bad habit of
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    reading these things, so I will.
              MR. TSEKERIDES: I'm sure theirs will be short
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    too.
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              THE COURT: Yeah, I'm sure.
              MR. TSEKERIDES: So that's on the intervention.
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    Then on the Debtors' preliminary injunction motion, the
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    hearing date, frankly, it's already on, that we had filed
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    our --
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              THE COURT: I think you put it on --
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              MR. TSEKERIDES: 2/27.
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              THE COURT: The 27<sup>th</sup>.
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1 MR. TSEKERIDES: That stays. 2 THE COURT: Yeah. But doesn't that conflict with 3 your -- the drop dead from the government? Oh --4 MR. TSEKERIDES: We're going to address that. 5 THE COURT: Okay 6 MR. TSEKERIDES: So 2/27 for the PI hearing. THE COURT: And we didn't set a time for that; or 8 did we? MR. TSEKERIDES: That'll be in the afternoon as 9 10 well. 11 COURTROOM DEPUTY: Well, currently, we have it at 12 9:30. 13 MR. TSEKERIDES: Can we move that to 4:00 on your schedule? 14 15 COURTROOM DEPUTY: The hearing? 16 MR. TSEKERIDES: Or the afternoon. THE COURT: Well, yeah. I mean we can accommodate 17 18 you. Let me just look at one thing. Wait one second. 19 Well, do you really want it on a late Friday afternoon? I mean, just as a matter of convenience -- I mean I live 20 21 here, but you don't. MR. TSEKERIDES: The 27^{th} . 22 23 THE COURT: Oh, I'm sorry. I'm sorry. I'm looking at -- I'm sorry. My error. 24 25 MR. TSEKERIDES: That's a Wednesday.

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THE COURT: Yeah, yeah, okay. Overload. Okay.
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    What time?
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              MR. TSEKERIDES: So at 1:30?
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              THE COURT: All right.
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              MR. TSEKERIDES: And the opposition to that would
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    be on the 15^{th}, so it's slightly different from the 14-7.
    So again, it'll be on the 15^{th}.
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              THE COURT: From both parties. Well, all three.
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              MR. TSEKERIDES: Yeah, so for all three, even
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    though --
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              THE COURT: You've got three parties.
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              MR. TSEKERIDES: Right.
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              THE COURT: Okay.
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              MR. TSEKERIDES: So 4:00 p.m.
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              THE COURT: Can I get the three parties to get
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    together on their opposition, so I don't read the same
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    thing three times? I mean I don't want to get the primer
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    on basic issues three times.
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              MR. TSEKERIDES: We would prefer that.
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              THE COURT: Well, let's finish the schedule and
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    then we'll talk about it.
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              MR. TSEKERIDES: We'll go through the schedules.
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    So that's the 15^{th} at 4:00 p.m.
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              THE COURT: And reply?
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              MR. TSEKERIDES: 2/22 at 4:00 p.m. And then as
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relates to the FERC piece of that, we had further

discussions with the DOJ counsel and they have a similar

view now as we did on the 108's impact, and so we're going

to work out a stipulation that we would submit to the Court

to be so ordered that would lay that out, but we wanted to

at least put on the record today that both we and FERC,

through their DOJ counsel agree that 108 would allow the

Bebtors to file a petition for re-hearing 60 days from the

filing of the Chapter 11 case, and we would prefer to have

that in a stip that gets so ordered.

THE COURT: Okay. So the FERC drop dead deadline that you talked about the other day has been extended by stipulation.

MR. TSEKERIDES: Right.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. TSEKERIDES: I mean -- right, exactly.

THE COURT: Put that please in a separate standalone order, so we can deal with that. Now what do I do with all this if the motion to withdraw the reference is acted on?

MR. TSEKERIDES: Well, I mean, you know, if's out there; we'll oppose it, but it doesn't stay the --

THE COURT: I mean it goes, right? But the point is, as I understand the rules and remember them, you can have the world's greatest motion to withdraw the reference

but I'm supposed to act on anything that's pending before me, right?

MR. TSEKERIDES: Right.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. TSEKERIDES: And we would think that in one of the -- not the preview things, but that the District Court would be informed by your rulings on some of these issues.

THE COURT: I would hope so, assuming the judge reads them.

MR. TSEKERIDES: Right. So I will just make sure counsel agrees with what I just said.

THE COURT: I know, but I'm not being facetious.

If somehow the motion to withdraw the reference is acted on by the District Judge, and he or she withdraws it, then I'm out of a job on this one, right? And right, Mr. Klee is saying yes, it sounds right to me, but --

MR. TSEKERIDES: I mean if the reference is withdrawn, yeah, I mean --

THE COURT: Yeah. I mean -- and I'm not -- it's none of my business and I have no knowledge and probably won't have any knowledge on what happens to it. All I'm getting at is that if it's withdrawn; it's withdrawn, and there's nothing before me, if the judge hasn't acted on it or it's opposed or whatever, then my job is to do what I'm supposed to do. So you guys just told me what I'm supposed

1 to do. I got it.

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MR. TSEKERIDES: Well, we suggested what we'd like you to do.

THE COURT: No, no, no. You gave me one day to read all these things.

(Laughter.)

MR. TSEKERIDES: Why don't we do -- since the counsel is on the phone and he has to go -- the DOJ lawyer is on the phone --

THE COURT: On the phone for the DOJ? Just restate your name and tell me if you're on board with the stip?

MR. SACKS: Thank you, Your Honor. This is Marc Sacks, Department of Justice, on behalf of FERC and we are on board with the stip. We'll work out the language of course, but we're comfortable and FERC is comfortable that it will not treat a petition for re-hearing filed later than 30 days under its rules, but prior to the 60 days granted by 108 as a late-filed petition. We will not treat it as such.

THE COURT: Okay. And do you want to get everyone's agreement on that? Thank you, on the phone, counsel on the phone.

MR. STERN: Your Honor, David Stern also on behalf of Next Era. Good to see you. On the briefing, just so

you know, FERC will probably file its own briefs. We will do our best to coordinate with Con Ed on briefing so that you're not overloaded.

THE COURT: Well, it might come as no surprise to you that I've got a lot of things to do these days, and as much as I love good lawyering and know many of you, and I put you in that category, if each of you reinvents the wheel and I get 150 pages of briefs that could be done in 25, it's a little more difficult. That's all.

MR. STERN: No, we will follow Mark Twain's adage and not write you a long letter.

THE COURT: Yeah. Sorry, my brief is so long; I didn't have enough time, right?

MR. STERN: Right. No, we'll do it. And all of this is acceptable to Next Era, and we're pleased that we were able to work out a schedule.

THE COURT: You're here for Con Ed, right?

MR. McDONALD: Yes, Your Honor. Hugh MacDonald,

on behalf of Con Edison. I echo Mr. Stern's sentiments.

We are going to coordinate to try and obviously present to the Court a concise brief. We will explore other ways to

22 make sure that it is not duplicate in any way. We will

23 streamline the briefing.

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THE COURT: Well, I'm certainly not inviting you to short change or shortcut anything but you're all

1 experienced. You've all worked together on countless cases. You all at least have a common set of preliminaries 3 or whatevers and then just make it easier for me, because I've got my hands full. And I'm going to try to agree with 5 your schedule, and I will agree with it. 6 MR. McDONALD: As the Court is aware from the first PG&E, these issues are very complex, and so we will 8 try and deal with it. THE COURT: Piece of cake. 9 10 MR. McDONALD: Piece of cake, right? 11 THE COURT: Piece of cake. MR. McDONALD: Like the intervention. 12 13 THE COURT: I love preemption questions. 14 (Laughter.) 15 MR. McDONALD: Thank you, Your Honor. 16 THE COURT: Thank you for working that out. 17 MR. STERN: Your Honor? 18 THE COURT: Yes. 19 MR. STERN: Do you want a scheduling order from 20 us? 21 THE COURT: Well, I think it would be helpful --22 not a scheduling order, but just memorialize the stip so 23 that it has these deadlines in them. It's a good way to keep track -- for all of us to keep track of what we're 2.4 25 doing and the public. I mean everybody is entitled to

1 know.

2 MR. STERN: We'll circulate something and get it

3 filed.

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THE COURT: Yeah, but I don't need any kind of pre-trial order. I mean, look, unless I'm missing something, I've got a very discreet question, and the issue of, well, other courts have dealt with it or not, and if I've got enough out of it -- Mr. Stern, your side believes that PG&E took a contrary position in the past, and, you know, so there I've going to have to see what to do about that.

MR. STERN: Agreed.

THE COURT: That was in the prior case. No, it wasn't in the prior case.

MR. STERN: That was 12 years ago.

MR. McCAIN: Your Honor?

17 THE COURT: Yes.

18 MR. McCAIN: From the overflow room.

19 THE COURT: Oh, I'm sorry, yes. Who is that?

20 MR. McCAIN: Thank you. It's Mark McCain of

21 Kirkland and Ellis on behalf of Cal Pine Corporation. We

22 are a contract on a party and believe -- we're parties to

23 | the FERC orders as well. If there's going to be a

24 | stipulation with this type of schedule, is the Court going

25 to set a date by which other parties should intervene? For

example, to the extent that we're going to be all doing this in the next month or so, would that include a date by Monday for other parties to intervene, so that they could coordinate together with Ms. Serra (Phonetic) and kind of --

THE COURT: Well, I mean that's a two-part question. I should let the lawyers answer instead of myself, but it's one thing to move to intervene; it's another thing to coordinate on briefing. So what's --

MR. McCAIN: Yeah. We will coordinate on the briefing, Your Honor. We just want to make certain that we're not excluded from our opportunity to intervene based on a stipulation on how this is going to be addressed in the next --

THE COURT: Well, I'm going to try it a different way, and I'll ask Debtors' counsel, would you be agreeable to -- by giving a deadline for people like Cal Pine to make its motion to intervene?

MR. TSEKERIDES: Well, I wouldn't be agreeable. I mean they had an opportunity to file motions. We have a schedule, and this is exactly -- one of the arguments we're going to be making; I'm not giving anything away is that we don't think every single counter-party to the Debtors' contracts has a right to be in the one case against FERC that's going to deal with jurisdiction. So we have a

schedule. If they want to work with the other parties to submit something, we're not going to -- I don't think it's appropriate to ask the Debtor to respond to 150 or whatever other intervention motions.

THE COURT: No, it's not appropriate for the Judge to respond to that many either.

MR. TSEKERIDES: Exactly.

THE COURT: But on the other hand, if it's a "me to" and somebody says I want to be at the table at least on the argument that's presented, that's not so --

MR. TSEKERIDES: If it's like that and you want to set a date so that we know who we're dealing with, but they're not filing a brief, I'd be open to something like that. But I don't think we should have to be responding to other briefs. I mean they should at most be given the opportunity to say, yes, we're joining in that, and you can deal with that, because I assume the arguments are going to be the same, because I can tell you that pretty much right now.

THE COURT: Well, that's what I'm assuming. So that's why if the argument is the same, it seems to me the pros and cons of the preliminary argument, can they intervene — can anybody intervene, and then if the answer to that question is no, then we kick them out. If the answer is yes, then they're at the table on the —

essentially the preemption argument, right? 2 MR. TSEKERIDES: I mean so since we have the 11th, 3 I think we would like to know that by the 4^{th} at the latest. 4 THE COURT: So would you please -- counsel on the 5 phone -- I mean in the courtroom across the way, I just didn't get your last name. MR. McCAIN: I apologize, Your Honor. It's Mark 8 McCain for Cal Pine. 9 THE COURT: So what's your --10 MR. McCAIN: And I certainly know the law firm and I've worked with all the folks as well. 11 12 THE COURT: No, of course you do. But what's your 13 suggestion on the timing here? 14 MR. McCAIN: My suggestion is that there be -- to the extent there's going to be a stip accelerating their 15 motion for intervention, that there be a date that all 16 motions to intervene be set by 4:00 o'clock on the 4th. I 17 18 don't think that's a problem. 19 THE COURT: Okay. But you understand my concern and I think that Debtors' counsel --20 21 MR. McCAIN: I do, Your Honor. 22 THE COURT: I don't want 20 briefs. I can't 23 handle them.

25 Your Honor, I was counsel on the first energy case and

MR. McCAIN: Absolutely, Your Honor. In fact,

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coordinated with similar counter-parties for joint briefing and was also working with FERC on those issues.

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MR. TSEKERIDES: Just so we're clear, we're not talking -- I mean he said "motions." I mean if they want to say yes, we're going to be joining in what other people are doing, that's fine, but again, we're not inviting, you know, 50, 100, a lot of counter-parties.

THE COURT: I know you're not. I mean it's now after 1:00 o'clock and we're not even at the DIP motion. So now we got sidetracked here. I mean I know this is a very important issue, and in the little time I've had to learn everything, I took time to at least understand what's at stake here, and I know how serious it is. But I didn't have a deadline for filing motions to intervene, and now if Mr. McCain or somebody else wants to intervene, if you don't want to even agree to let them be there arguing to intervene, then what do I do? Then they file a separate motion to intervene and a motion to shorten time, and we have a hearing on whether they can intervene.

MR. TSEKERIDES: Well, to be clear, I'm not saying that, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. TSEKERIDES: When he said "motions" is what set me off a bit. But if we have a 4:00 p.m. Monday, this coming Monday, 4:00 p.m., that they have to file some

thing, and then we'll deal with that after that, that they're going to be seeking to intervene in that motion that we just sequenced, then I think that's what we should do.

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with that, and then any other similarly situated party, it's the same deal, but the price of this — my consent here is that you coordinate so we don't have overwhelming numbers of arguments and briefs and so on, that rather you work with the principal lawyers and these two, Mr. Klee and Mr. Stern, and Con Ed's lawyers, they are sort of like the lead issue — I mean arguers on this issue. I'm not stating it very well, but I hope you get the message. Do you?

MR. McCAIN: I understand, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. All right.

MR. TSEKERIDES: Okay.

MR. McCAIN: Thank you.

THE COURT: I look forward to the stipulation.

MR. TSEKERIDES: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: So Mr. Karotkin, I think we're going to take a break. I mean this is not a torture -- I know what you wanted to get done, but I just -- unless everybody has rolled over and the DIP motion is stipulated to --

MR. TSEKERIDES: If you don't let them each lunch,

1 they'll roll over. 2 THE COURT: Yeah, I know. 3 (Laughter.) 4 MR. TSEKERIDES: No, that's fine, whatever you 5 want. 6 THE COURT: But if the cafeteria closes, they're in worse trouble. Okay. Well, again, we'll do our best to 8 get out of here within a reasonable time, but I'm going to take a break now until -- I'll make it 2:15 on that clock, 10 so if you want to have lunch, go for it. 11 ALL COUNSEL: Thank you, Your Honor. 12 THE COURT: Thank you. 13 (Whereupon, the luncheon recess is taken at 1:11 p.m., and the court is reconvened at 2:16 p.m.) 14 15 COURTROOM DEPUTY: All rise. 16 THE COURT: Good afternoon again. Please be 17 seated. All right. So how are we coming on our agenda 18 here? Mr. Karotkin, as I recall, from what you said 19 before, we've got the Motion to Seal and the DID motion, 20 and that's it, right? 21 MR. KAROTKIN: That's it, sir. 22 THE COURT: Yeah. And then after that, for 23 anybody who is hanging around, we'll schedule what we're going to pencil in for the coming --2.4 25 MR. KAROTKIN: Mr. Zumbro from the Cravath firm is

1 going to handle the DIP. 2 THE COURT: And the sealing motion also? 3 MR KAROTKIN: Yes, sir. 4 THE COURT: Mr. Zumbro, good afternoon. 5 MR. ZUMBRO: Good afternoon, Your Honor. 6 THE COURT: Welcome to the court. MR. ZUMBRO: Thank you, sir. Paul Zumbro from 8 Cravath Swaine & Moore, proposed counsel for the Debtors. 9 THE COURT: I understand we had one objection on 10 the sealing motion; is that right? 11 MR. ZUMBRO: Yes, sir. There's one objection on 12 the sealing motion, and I believe, Your Honor, there's only 13 one live objection as well on the DIP motion itself. All 14 the other either objections or reservations of rights have been addressed through language changes which I'm happy to 15 16 walk the Court through. 17 THE COURT: Well, I do have some questions too for 18 you on that one, but --19 MR. ZUMBRO: Certainly. 20 THE COURT: Do you mind, can we just do the 21 sealing motion first? 22 MR. ZUMBRO: Sure, Your Honor, if that's how the 23 Court would prefer to proceed. 2.4 THE COURT: Well, it's discreet and Ms. Kelly, I

presume you're going to tell me that I should unseal it and

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Mr. Zumbro is going to tell you, you shouldn't, and guess 1 what? What else is there to talk about? 3 (Laughter.) 4 MR. ZUMBRO: Well, perhaps I let Ms. Kelly tell 5 the Court --6 THE COURT: Why didn't we do this before lunch, right? 8 MR. ZUMBRO: Perhaps, Your Honor, I can just share 9 the Debtors' thoughts briefly on that motion before turning 10 the podium over to the U.S. Trustee. Your Honor, I think the main thrust of Ms. Kelly's objection is that the U.S. 11 12 Trustee asserts that the public needs to know how much the 13 DIP financing will cost the Debtors. And, Your Honor, we 14 agree with that basic predicate. In our moving papers, and 15 the Kurtz declaration that supports those papers in 16 particular, we disclose the aggregate financing fees. I 17 would point Your Honor to Docket No. 24 at paragraph 25. 18 THE COURT: I'm not sure that I got a copy of Mr. Kurtz' declaration in the binder. Maybe I did, but I --19 20 MR. ZUMBRO: It was filed in connection with the 21 DIP financing motion. 22 THE COURT: No. I know there was. 23 reviewing it, and there was a reference to the Kurtz declaration, and of course I can go to the docket also, but 2.4 25 I was using the big binder, and so --

MR. ZUMBRO: If I could have permission to approach, I would happy to hand -- it's just one paragraph, one sentence I'd like to point the Court to.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. ZUMBRO: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: What's the docket number?

MR. ZUMBRO: Docket No. 24.

THE COURT: 24, okay. Yeah. I think in fact it was just in passing; it was a reference in the DIP motion and it just said, you know, Kurtz, not declaration of Mr. Kurtz, but Kurtz, paragraph subsection, and I thought, well, what are they --

MR. ZUMBRO: There may have been some confusion, sir, because there were two Kurtz declarations, one which was filed in support of the DIP motion to talk about the marketing process we underwent, and the second one filed in support of the sealing motion, which talks about normal practices with fees. I was actually referring to the Kurtz declaration which was filed in connection with the DIP motion itself.

THE COURT: Well, what I think is -- unless I overlooked it in this great big binder, I don't think I was given a hard copy, and so I knew what it was going to say and I went to make sure I knew his affiliation, because he was saying what he was saying about it and I didn't want

- him to be lined up as one of the Debtors, and he's not.

 So, okay. Well, let's get back to the sealing motion. So

 what do you think -- what is the disclosure --
 - MR. ZUMBRO: Well, the point I was trying to make, sir, is that I think that the U.S. Trustee and the public at large has an interest in knowing what the aggregate financing fees were for the DIP motion that we'll propose pursuant to the separate motion. And we have disclosed that in the declaration that I reference at Docket No. 24, which was 95.25 million dollars, which sounds like a lot of money but it's all relative. It's approximately 1.7 percent of the aggregate 5.5 billion --
 - THE COURT: But you're just showing me the -- oh, wait one second. Yeah, I just have the page 11. I have the last phrase. Here we go. All I have is a half a sentence, but --
- MR. ZUMBRO: I'm sorry, sir.

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- 18 THE COURT: So I had the 1.7 percent.
- MR. ZUMBRO: Right. And the prior page I think is confusing; it's double-sided printing.
- 21 THE COURT: No, that's all right.
- MR. ZUMBRO: It just talks about how the aggregate fees are 95.25 million dollars.
- THE COURT: So Ms. Kelly, I understand you might want more than that, but at least you've had a chance to

see that that's there, and perhaps the media or the public can see that figure, right? Beyond that, what do you want to say? I mean why should I do more than that? I have the advantage and maybe you also -- did you actually read what was in the sealed document?

MS. KELLY: I believe that we do have the unredacted version, yes.

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THE COURT: Yeah. Well, you're supposed to. And I did and I understand what it says, and I'm not going to repeat it here, but I also understand why there's a request to seal it. So --

MS. KELLY: Okay. Well, Your Honor, where we start from is that normally in bankruptcy, of course, most things, even financial information, is disclosed and is transparent, unless it meets the very stringent requirements with respect to sealing, and even if it does, even if there is some commercially sensitive information, it is looked at in the most narrow sense. In other words, if there is some piece of information -- I understand there's something called "market flex" or "flex market" information.

THE COURT: Well, try not to disclose what you're talking about because the three of us have read the document, so --

MS. KELLY: Yeah. Well, I mean I think it's in

the papers. Yes, but I believe that term has been used,
and, you know, that perhaps that is a sensitive piece of
information, but that doesn't necessarily encompass the
entirety of the letters that we're talking about. So I
think if the Court were to find that there is commercially
sensitive information and that those particular numbers
should not be shared, I think we should look at whether
that could be a matter of redaction rather than disclose -sealing the entire documents. So I would just propose
that.

THE COURT: Is that feasible, Mr. Zumbro?

MR. ZUMBRO: Your Honor, we have no objection to redaction in concept, as long as -- our DIP lender is sensitive because it is a very competitive business.

THE COURT: No, I understand that.

MR. ZUMBRO: Our DIP lender is sensitive to having -- the way the fees are sliced and diced is commercially sensitive information, and we think they're entitled to the protection of 107. So we are perfectly happy if Your Honor would --

THE COURT: Well, wait a minute. Is the lender happy?

MR. ZUMBRO: The lender I believe will be happy as long as all of the economic terms, fee related terms, are redacted.

THE COURT: Well, okay, but let's pretend in hypothetical because I'm not going to disclose what I've learned --

MR. ZUMBRO: Yes, sir.

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THE COURT: -- but let's do it -- you know, as a beauty contest, to hire a lawyer, and the lawyer says to the client, I'll take this case for a fraction of my hourly rate, and my billing rate will only be, you know, \$200 an hour. But he doesn't want that to get out because other clients might complain or, you know -- you know all the reasons. So is it sufficient in your view and to the lender's view that we just redact out the amounts and percentages and not sort of the whole environment of the, you know, what took place between the lenders and the company.

MR. ZUMBRO: Well, let me -- I think lender's counsel is in the courtroom, so I'll let them speak for themselves.

THE COURT: He's right behind you.

MR. ZUMBRO: From the Debtors' perspective, the market flex terms that Ms. Kelly referred to are very important to the Debtor. The reason for that is because they sort of show what pricing we would have been willing to pay if JP Morgan hadn't been successful in syndicating it, so it's very important because it could potentially

make future financings more expensive --

THE COURT: No, I understand.

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MR. ZUMBRO: -- so the Debtor would propose that the market flex provisions be redacted in their entirety, and whether it would be sufficient just to redact out the specific numbers would suffice for JP Morgan's purposes.

I'll cede the podium to my colleague.

THE COURT: Let's see what the lender wants to say.

MR. HANSEN: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Kris
Hansen with Strook, Strook & Lavan on behalf of JP Morgan
Chase as administrative agent on the DIP loan. Your Honor,
so there's more than just the dollar amounts in the letter.
I know you've seen them from a --

THE COURT: That's what I'm wondering.

MR. HANSEN: There's architecture to this that is sensitive and banks compete not only in the DIP market but outside of the DIP market. We have other customers as well and that architecture isn't simply, to your example, \$200 an hour. There also might be -- I might structure a portion of it as a contingency fee if I was a lawyer, and I might talk about what I might collect out in the future, and I might talk about when the timing of payment was -- just to use your example from a lawyer's perspective.

THE COURT: Well, I used to be one.

MR. HANSEN: And so everything from that perspective in our view is commercially sensitive information. It's competitive because that's how we at JP Morgan price our loans and that's how in this one, we've gone out to say, we want to prevail here. And from the Debtors' perspective, we're in a very competitive process, and we were selected not only on the dollars but also upon the way we structured it. And so from a redaction standpoint, the letters get very, very heavily redacted when you take into account those types of things.

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THE COURT: Well, if you watch CNN, you'll see they're always publishing the latest strata of a special prosecutor and you get the entire document redacted.

MR. HANSEN: Right. And so --

THE COURT: I could get one of those for this case.

MR. HANSEN: So our -- obviously JP Morgan's very strong preference is to seal them because when you think about the public interest, the public really doesn't have an interest in how JPM assembles the fees and the structures associated with how it charges those fees.

THE COURT: Well, but don't you concede, though, the public does have an interest in knowing how much the Debtor is going to be paying for this whole deal.

25 MR. HANSEN: Which has been publicly disclosed,

- and we have no problem publicly disclosing that, and that number that Mr. Zumbro cited is an all-in number, so that number includes many different components that appear within those letters. THE COURT: No, I understand. So your suggestion 5 6 really -- it's the Debtors' motion but JP Morgan would like the entire document to stay redacted. 8 MR. HANSEN: Yes, Your Honor, and there's ample 9 precedent for that --10 THE COURT: No, I know there is. 11 MR. HANSEN: -- which we can cite to you as well. 12 THE COURT: I should tell you, those of you that 13 worked in the first PG&E case, we had early in the case, we 14 had a lawyer who was not as well informed as you are. He filed a motion to redact a document that he attached to the 15 16 public motion --17 (Laughter.) 18 -- and I granted the motion. 19 (Laughter.) But it was all over the Internet. I'm going to go with the 20
 - But it was all over the Internet. I'm going to go with the more cautious point of view here, and I do appreciate Ms. Kelly's point of view and the public's point of view, and I know the U.S. Trustee guards carefully the issue and hear her or that office's views on what should or shouldn't be redacted. To me it's just -- it's insufficient just to

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block out a number and if we start to get more than that,

I'll be here all afternoon trying to figure out what to

redact or not, and, you know, I tell you -- you know, tell

me what CNN says about it or something else. It's really

that's what it would amount to. It would be nothing of any

benefit. So Ms. Kelly, I appreciate your comments and

contribution, but I'm going to overrule your objection and

go ahead and grant the sealing motion as is.

MR. HANSEN: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And if there's some reason or somebody in the future to feel that that needs to be disclosed, then they can make the proper motion and notice to JP Morgan and the Debtor, and we'll decide it then.

MR. ZUMBRO: We thank you, sir.

THE COURT: Mr. Zumbro, do you want me -- these are extra copies for you? I mean do you want me to toss them or -- I'm not going to keep them.

MR. ZUMBRO: I'll take them back. Thank you.

THE COURT: Okay. So you're doing the -- you got the watch on the DIP motion.

MR. ZUMBRO: Well, now that we've got the difficult issue of the sealing motion out of the way, we can turn back to the easier task at hand, which is the DIP financing motion. As I said, I'm Paul Zumbro from Cravath Swaine & Moore, propose counsel for the Debtors. I just

wanted to reiterate what Mr. Karotkin said this morning.

We wanted to thank the Court for making itself available

again this week to commence these important Chapter 11

THE COURT: Don't thank me. I live here. Thanks for putting it all together on my -- I think all the lawyers and all the parties have just done a terrific job and the same with the people that are responding to it. It's been a challenge for everybody. But that's enough of handing out thanks. Let's see if we get to the merits here.

MR. ZUMBRO: Yes, sir.

cases.

THE COURT: I've been through most of it.

MR. ZUMBRO: Okay. Your Honor referred to the DIP Motion --

THE COURT: I have a couple of questions.

MR. ZUMBRO: -- as a big ticket item, and we agree, and I have a summary of the material terms of the order as well as the DIP credit facility which I'm happy to walk through, but if Your Honor would prefer to just jump to specific questions, I'm happy to do that or if you'd like me to address the U.S. Trustee's objection, which seems to me really principally focused on the question of whether the Debtor really needs the 1.5 billion dollars of availability that we're requesting authorization for today.

I'd be happy to hop right into that.

THE COURT: well, let me take a different approach for you.

MR. ZUMBRO: Sure.

all 160 pages of the document including the exhibits or whatever, but I'm one of the proponents way back when the rules were changed a few years ago for the introductory statement and why it needs to be helpful to the Court and to others, and I think that the lawyers who put together this portion of all these papers did a wonderful job and then going and matching up and cross-referencing the material terms with a citation to something such as our guidelines. And again, for those of you who are not regulars here in Northern California, we've had our cash collateral guidelines in place before Delaware even stole our versions of them.

(Laughter.)

And, you know, we did it on purpose because we can see when there was a typo. We put it in there to -- if they got a typo, it means they stole ours.

MR. ZUMBRO: Exactly.

THE COURT: But that being said, there are a couple of things that jumped out at somebody who has been living with the Northern District guidelines for a while,

and one is perhaps more technical in nature, but I don't think that the counsel whom I know and respect, local counsel, signed -- made the certification the way it's supposed to be made because I don't think there was a highlighting of where there might be a departure from the quidelines. But I'm not here to dump on Mr. Keller. really focusing on the summary that I don't hear a good explanation as to why at this point or even on a preliminary hearing basis I should be allowing the Debtor to waive the 506(c) and waiving the avoidance claims. is a Debtor who, by everybody's expectation, before the financing -- well, obviously before the financing -- has lots of unencumbered assets, but even after the financing, will have lots of unencumbered assets, and I wasn't comfortable with just kind of on the fly saying, you can waive your avoidance actions, and you can waive your 506(c) recoveries, and you can have a nice generous carve-out for the Chapter 7 trustee who will never come into existence. So my question is, why don't we have a more realistic carve-out for professionals if they are appointed in this case, adverse to the Debtor. Look, I'm not naive. It's inconceivable that this Debtor in its present situation could end up in Chapter 7, but what if there's a

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motion for a trustee considered and granted? What happens

to the trustee's professionals? Why isn't the carve-out

1 there for all professionals? That's the one question. 2 maybe -- maybe, this Debtor will never have the kind of 3 insolvency outcome that might happen, and so therefore it doesn't have to concern itself with avoidance actions. why on the third day of the case should I even allow those 6 to be done? Okay? That's a long way of saying I'm not comfortable until somebody makes me really comfortable with 8 the Debtor giving up avoidance actions, 506(c) not as important, and really having no realistic ability to 10 protect what might be, say, a trustee appointed, if there ever was a trustee. Unless I misread it, it looks like 11 12 there's a \$100,000 carve-out for only a Chapter 7 trustee. 13 Am I right? Did I read it correctly?

MR. ZUMBRO: You are correct on that number, yes, sir.

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THE COURT: It's meaningless in a case like this, right? I mean you don't have to agree with me. I think it's meaningless in a case like this. So you've got to persuade me otherwise.

MR. ZUMBRO: Well, perhaps I could start first with the avoidance actions. I think that one might be easier. That one, just to clarify, because I think the U.S. Trustee had raised this in its objection as well. I just want to be clear that the DIP loan doesn't purport to grant a lien on the avoidance actions themselves, but

rather on just the proceeds.

THE COURT: What does that mean?

MR. ZUMBRO: In other words, the DIP lender couldn't control the prosecution of the action, but rather it would be part of any proceeds received from such an action.

THE COURT: Well, but I mean as a practical matter, it's the same thing.

MR. ZUMBRO: In any event, it's not going to be until the final hearing, so that's -- after a committee has been formed. The relief we're seeking today does not allow the lien to attach to any avoidance action proceeds.

THE COURT: Well, I didn't remember that specifically, but certainly the carve-out survives the final, right?

MR. ZUMBRO: That is true.

THE COURT: And I would hope that a Creditors'

Committee might say, what about me? And you know that'll

happen. So this kind of goes back to the certification. I

mean I appreciate this great big long thing, and it was

helpful to work through it, but those are the kinds of

things that should be flagged. So look, Mr. Zumbro, if I

approve it today on an interim basis and say, okay, we're

going to revisit the avoidance actions at the final

hearing, then we'll be facing it at the final hearing,

unless the lenders or the Debtors just capitulate and extend the carve-out to all the people that get their compensation --

MR. ZUMBRO: Just to make sure that we're speaking about the same thing. The hundred thousand dollars that you referenced earlier was for a Chapter 7 trustee, but the estate professional fee carve-out also is drafted to pick up the Committee's counsel once it's formed. So --

THE COURT: Well, maybe I missed it then. Let me look at it. I'm looking at --

MR. ZUMBRO: It's further down. I'm looking at -I guess I'm looking at the "as-filed" version of the
proposed order in paragraph 10.

THE COURT: Well, but I was looking at the motions.

MR. ZUMBRO: Okay.

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THE COURT: You know, you can't -- so -- all right. Let me try to get my way through them. Well, you know what, I've got to find the proposed order. Here's the motion. Okay. No, you know, I said before that I didn't have Mr. Kurtz' declaration, but indeed I do have it. Just a second. Okay. I don't see it unless I'm just -- my eyes are glazing over, so --

MR. ZUMBRO: I was looking at Docket No. 23-1 which is the form of the proposed order that was filed with

- the petitions, and the carve-out there consists of a couple of different components as well as --
- THE COURT: All right. I'm going to catch up with you. What page?
- 5 MR. ZUMBRO: That's page No. 20 of 37 of Docket 6 No. 23-1.
- 7 THE COURT: I do have it now. It was hiding 8 behind one of the blue pages. Page 27?
- 9 MR. ZUMBRO 20, 20 of 37 of Docket No. 23-1.
- 10 THE COURT: Got it. Okay, carve-out.
- MR. ZUMBRO: And so the carve-out as is typical is
 composed of a couple of different components including the
 U.S. Trustee's fees, but it's also the estate
- professionals, an the estate professionals is defined not only to mean the Debtors' professionals but the professionals of any committee. So there is a number, the
- 17 25 million dollars, is the number that would apply post --
- 18 | the carve-out trigger notice for all estate professionals.
- THE COURT: Again, I'm sorry to be nitpicking
- 20 about forms of orders, but I look at motions and not form
- 21 of orders and I don't think it was clear, so let me just
- 22 take one second and read it in the proposed order.
- MR. ZUMBRO: Sure.
- THE COURT: We've got the Clerk; that's easy.
- 25 | We've got the U.S. Trustee. There's the Chapter 7 trustee.

Okay. All right. There's the committee.

MR. ZUMBRO: I think it's on line 17.

THE COURT: Yeah, I've got it. So the committee there -- all right -- so -- but do you agree with me, if somebody persuaded the Court to replace the debtor in possession with a trustee -- you know, I understand that might trigger all sorts of things, but in such a case, that trustee and professionals are not beneficiaries of the carve-out.

MR. ZUMBRO: I don't disagree with that really. I do think it's unlikely that this particular Debtor will end up in Chapter 7. I just think it's --

THE COURT: No. That isn't what I said -- Chapter 11 trustee.

MR. ZUMBRO: Chapter 11 trustee.

THE COURT: I agree with you. Look, I live here in Northern California. I don't think this Debtor can go into Chapter 7 any more than anybody else can. But there are public complaints about management. You've heard it. I said this morning, it's not my job in this case right now; it's another court that's carrying all these complaints about the Debtor. But what if under whatever circumstance a party persuaded the Bankruptcy Court to appoint a Chapter 11 trustee? That trustee as I read it would not have the benefit of a carve-out. That's all.

Right? 1 2 MR. ZUMBRO: That's correct. 3 THE COURT: Okay. What do I do about it? 4 MR. ZUMBRO: Well, I think if we got to that place 5 where a Chapter 11 trustee were appointed, I think as part 6 of the -- whoever moved for that, and we don't think that a Chapter 11 trustee is appropriate in this case --8 THE COURT: I understand. MR. ZUMBRO: -- but if someone were to move for 9 10 it, I think as part of that process, a fee structure would be put in place and professionals would be agreed to. 11 THE COURT: But the lenders wouldn't --12 13 MR. ZUMBRO: We would have to get the lenders to 14 agree to that. 15 THE COURT: Well, and it gets back to what I said, 16 if I read it correctly, appointment of a trustee, a Chapter 11 trustee would be an event of default. 17 18 MR. ZUMBRO: Correct. That's where I was about to 19 go. 20 THE COURT: So the lenders -- you're right, maybe 21 the lenders would waive and the problem is solved, but 22 maybe not. 23 MR. ZUMBRO: That's correct. I think we have bigger problems because our whole financing structure would 24 25 go into default if a Chapter 11 trustee were appointed.

I guess we hadn't focused on the Chapter 11 trustee's fees as such because we would sort of have bigger problems at that point.

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THE COURT: If I missed in the motion what you've just pointed out in the proposed order, I apologize. As I said more than once today, I'm trying to absorb an awful lot of stuff, but I look at motions before I study proposed orders, and I didn't see it. So the question then comes down to, should there be a carve-out for this hypothetical entity that nobody -- at least the Debtor doesn't ever want to have there. I guess the question is, why don't I defer that to the final hearing?

MR. ZUMBRO: That would be --

THE COURT: I mean again, I'm not -- the last thing in the world I want to do is have the lenders think, what is this crazy judge doing; he's screwing up everything. I'm not. I just want to make sure I understand what the rules are here. So if the lenders are willing to simply let that matter be visited by the final hearing, then maybe we can just go there. Do you want to talk to them or --

MR. ZUMBRO: I'm happy to talk with them or --

THE COURT: -- or see what they have to say.

MR. ZUMBRO: -- if they would have an issue with expanding the carve-out again.

THE COURT: No, I didn't even say expand the 1 2 carve-out. That would be great if they did that. No, just deferring it until the final hearing. 4 MR. ZUMBRO: Deferring the question of whether the 5 carve-out would include that -- to the final hearing. That would be fine with us. THE COURT: Well, I know. The Debtor would always 8 agree to that. 9 (Laughter.) 10 MR. HANSEN: Yes, Your Honor. Again, it's Kris Hansen with Strook, Strook & Lavan. 11 12 THE COURT: Well, Mr. Hansen, you know, debtors 13 always agree to things, but the judge started thinking it 14 was a good idea --MR. HANSEN: No, I was going to make that 15 16 suggestion, Your Honor. Certainly no one is going to be 17 appointing a Chapter 11 trustee between now and the final 18 hearing --19 THE COURT: Well, if somebody files a motion --20 MR. HANSEN: I would hope not, so -- yeah, so I 21 think from our perspective --22 THE COURT: Didn't you get one this afternoon --23 MR. HANSEN: I think from our perspective, that's a discussion that we should take up at the final hearing. 2.4 25 THE COURT: Okay. That's solved then. All right.

I would like the benefit of committee input and Mr. Zumbro, straighten me out, the committee or committees, the statutory ones, are protected, and, you know, there's more people to express themselves, and I'm just not on my own going to make crazy rulings, and so I won't. We'll just defer that. And so, Mr. Zumbro, you pointed out that the avoidance action issue is also a deferred issue.

MR. ZUMBRO: Yes, sir. Again, I apologize. I was looking at the order again, but in paragraph 3 of the order, it says --

THE COURT: See, when I was a baby judge, I was taught always to read these great big long DIP motions that the lawyers present to you, and I did. Now it turns out they're sticking the zingers in the orders. I read the orders too, but I haven't read it yet because I haven't decided to grant one. So I'll take your representation that my reading of the motion and my concern about the avoidance actions is a final hearing issue as well --

MR. ZUMBRO: Correct.

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THE COURT: -- and this isn't a hypothetical about a Chapter 11 trustee; it's what do the creditors think about it.

MR. ZUMBRO: Correct.

THE COURT: And they have a right to be heard on the subject, and I mean -- is the 506(c) --

MR. ZUMBRO: The 506(c) was also expressed to be only a matter at the final hearing, as the proposed order was drafted.

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THE COURT: Okay. Again, for the same reason, it looked like to me as -- well, all right. Well then, with that, Ms. Kelly, did you have other DIP motion issues?

Because I in effect got on the record that the substantive ones that I mentioned are going to be deferred for further -- is there anything that you want dealt with on an action item today?

MS. KELLY: Your Honor, I just wanted to clarify with respect to the items that Your Honor raised, which were also in our objection, about the avoidance actions and the 506(c), I also can't find these things in the order at the moment, but I had thought that I saw those things in the interim order, but then it was saying it was simply interim. Are they -- I guess my point of clarification is just -- I guess where does it say that they are not -- or does it say --

THE COUR: Well, maybe we need to make it more clear in the orders; that's all. I mean, again, there are a lot of talented lawyers that have put together these various orders, but we need input --

THE COURT: I think, Your Honor, that would be very helpful because, yeah, several people in my office

looked at it, and we all thought that those were somehow -or perhaps implicated. Even if they were going to be
finally considered at the final hearing, they seemed to be
somewhere in the interim. So I would like it to be
clarified.

THE COURT: Well, let me Mr. Zumbro and his colleagues to accept the invitation to make sure that we just state that there's no 506(c) waiver and no avoidance action lien issue in the interim order.

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MR. ZUMBRO: And I can certainly commit to that on the record, Your Honor. I think it's consistent with the motion as well, which makes it clear in the chart that talks about the guidelines, that both of those issues are subject to the entry of a final order. So I'm happy to represent on the record as well.

THE COURT: And there's no zinger in here or anywhere, like a waiver of normal statutory deadlines on things like avoidance actions and other actions. Again, that happened in Case No. One where right on day one, I was asked to approve a rather short deadline for, you know, statute of limitations to be tolled. You know, Congress — at the starting point, people were telling me, we'll have it all done in 30 days or 60 days. That's just not — it's not here.

MR. ZUMBRO: No, sir. I don't think there are any

1 other zingers in here.

THE COURT: All right. I have a "no-zinger" rule.

3 MR. ZUMBRO: No zingers.

THE COURT: Okay. Ms. Kelly, are you okay? Are you on board?

MS. KELLY: Your Honor, would you like me to step to the podium to make further --

THE COURT: Well, I said before you have to, but here I've been talking to you back and forth, so go ahead.

MS. KELLY: Okay. We did have another issue which we raised in our objection, and in fact, it was sort of the preliminary issue to all this, and I think -- I did, as I say, have a conversation last night with counsel, but I think to the extent that the information is not in the motion papers, it would be useful to put it on the record so that Your Honor can consider whether there is sufficient evidence on the record on this issue. And it is really the basis for the Debtor saying it needs, as an urgent matter under Rule 6003 at this stage the ability to borrow the 1.5 or 1.6 --

THE COURT: It's one and a half billion --

MS. KELLY: It's one and a half billion at this stage, particularly given that the budget is showing cash flow positive as of week four, and we thought that that was something, just as a preliminary matter, that should really

- be -- I understand the Debtor has some things to say about
 that, but that that should really be on the record in this
 preliminary hearing before the Court would rule on that.

 MR. ZUMBRO: I'm happy to address that, Your
- MR. ZUMBRO: I'm happy to address that, Your blooms.
- 6 THE COURT: Okay.

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- 7 MR. ZUMBRO: If I could.
 - THE COURT: Yeah. Again, this is not -- in my mind, I kind of saw the way you broke it down, the 1.5, and the three -- and then the tail end of the -- the half a billion for the draw. So how do we need to have this whole one and a half right now?
 - MR. ZUMBRO: I think the evidence -- I would like to point Your Honor to the 13-week budget, which is attached as Exhibit C to the DIP motion, which is Docket No. 23-3. And just to walk through it --
 - THE COURT: Wait a second. I'm catching up with you.
 - MR. ZUMBRO: The numbers are very small, so -THE COURT: Yeah, they are, but, you know, they
 ought to have an elder abuse section here for older judges
 that have to read these things.
- MR. ZUMBRO: -- I apologize. We should supply magnifying glasses for older lawyers too, so --
- THE COURT: Yeah, too. It is pretty microscopic.

All right. Go ahead.

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MR. ZUMBRO: So the U.S. Trustee raises in their objection the -- and this is all in the Wells declaration, but Forecast Week Four, they say that the Debtors have an ending cash balance of approximately 1.6 billion as of February 23, 2019. And that is true; that's the number at the very bottom of the fourth column --

THE COURT: Yeah, I see it.

MR. ZUMBRO: 1.6 billion. So we agree with that, but the real point is, what you have to do is you have to back out -- that 1.6 billion assumes -- if you go to the first column on the far left side -- it assumes 750 million dollars of borrowings on week one in order -- that's this week, right? So you reduce the 1.6 billion, if we aren't given any authority to borrow today, you reduce the 1.6 billion by that 750 million.

THE COURT: No, it's 1.5 billion.

MR. ZUMBRO: That leaves you with --

THE COURT: No, it's 1.5 billion.

MR. ZUMBRO: No, I'm sorry. This is the cash balance number.

THE COURT: Oh, the cash. Okay. So if the Debtor doesn't borrow the $750\ --$

THE COURT: If they don't borrow the 750 in Column One this week, that leaves you with 850 million dollars.

And if I could point Your Honor to the next page of the exhibit, you need to take out from the 850 approximately 370 million dollars which is corporate cash. In other words, we have two different Debtors here; we have the Utility and Corp. So the 370 on the first number of the first column --

THE COURT: I'm not seeing -- oh, the first number. Oh, yeah, okay, cash balance Corp.

MR. ZUMBRO: Cash balance Corp., correct. So that's the cash which is up at the parent corporation, which is, as Your Honor knows, is a separate Debtor. So that cash is to be used for Corp.'s purposes, and then you need to take out -- without that 370, you're down to 480. And then you need to take out customer deposits, which is two lines down, another 250 million dollars. So from 480, with minus 250, you're down to 230 million dollars, which, Your Honor, is less than the petition date net cash amount of 240 million dollars.

THE COURT: Well, it's that 670, right, available cash? Utility - 670?

MR. ZUMBRO: Well, it's the 670, but you need to back out the -- it's 670, assuming you borrowed the 750 at the beginning, right. So you need to back that out, and then you back out the 250 and the 370 and you're down to 230 million.

THE COURT: Yeah. I'm not quite reading it that way because I'm looking at -- you're talking about week one, right?

MR. ZUMBRO: Correct.

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THE COURT: Okay. Just look at the last three lines, available cash 670; DIP availability 750, and therefore ending Utility is 1.4, but if you just don't have any DIP -- if DIP availability is zero, then the ending Utility is 670. That's the net number. I didn't take these other numbers out.

MR. ZUMBRO: The other component of that, which is reflected as the 450 -- the overall point, Your Honor, is that there is massive liquidity swings in this company including in the month of January, those referred to in the Wells declaration, there was almost a billion dollars of liquidity swing. And so the overall point I'm trying to convey is, we actually do need the money. There is sufficient cushion if we assume we borrow 750 million dollars, but there's not sufficient cushion to cover all of the exigencies that could occur between now and week four. And so there is a certain amount of cushion built into the liquidity analysis, but the point I was trying to make to the U.S. Trustee's objection is, you can't just look at the 1.6 billion of closing cash in isolation; you have to look at the components of it, the main one being the 750 of

borrowing and the 250 of other people's money effectively deposited.

THE COURT: Well, let me rephrase it, a simple question. If the Debtor has the 1.5 billion revolving approved and doesn't draw some of it, it still has to pay some carrying costs, but if it draws it, it goes up, right? Am I right or wrong?

MR. ZUMBRO: You're right. I'm glad you asked that question.

THE COURT: Okay. So if the Debtor draws down a half a billion dollars, it's interest carrying -- or the carrying costs will go up accordingly.

MR. ZUMBRO: Correct. I'm glad you asked that question because that's another important --

THE COURT: Okay. So it's another way of saying if you leave a half a billion in the bank and you don't draw it, you might be paying some carrying charges but not large amounts.

MR. ZUMBRO: Correct. And that's why we structured it as a revolving credit facility. So what we're seeking today is the approval to borrow up to 1.5 billion. We don't intend to draw it down unless we actually need it, because it's more expensive to draw it down. It's relatively much less expensive to just have the undrawn commitment.

THE COURT: So if I were completely stupid and said, well, why don't we just, you know, do this on a weekly basis and I allow half a billion and then another half a billion. I mean it's crazy, but think about it, in an operating company, but that essentially is what would happen, right? You would be back here every time I needed you to come back to tell me you need more money.

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MR. ZUMBRO: Correct, and just given the nature of the operations, we don't have the luxury of -- you know, even if we were to do something on an emergency hearing basis, there are times when there's hundreds of millions of dollars of swing --

THE COURT: No, I understand. Of course, I do, but then, again, because these numbers are so hard to follow, and if your client, the principals, want to help you, that's okay, what week in the forecast are you anticipating the final hearing? I mean I didn't talk to Mr. Karotkin about that earlier, but I mean, is the final hearing going to be 20 days from now or 60 days from now? What do you folks have in mind?

MR. ZUMBRO: Well, we would like to get it as early as possible within the Court's schedule that we've set.

THE COURT: No, my schedule is good, whatever.

Well, no, but I mean we can do it -- what's the rule? The

rule is at least 15 days, right?

2 MR. ZUMBRO: Correct.

THE COURT: And we probably ought to build in a little more than that.

MR. ZUMBRO: Correct, so we were thinking 30 daysish, but we have to do it by April $15^{\rm th}$ under the terms of our proposed DIP credit agreement. The final order needs to be entered by April $15^{\rm th}$. So we need to work on it.

THE COURT: Well, but you don't have to draw the money all by then, right? I mean you obviously don't have to draw the money by then.

MR. ZUMBRO: The overall final approval needs to have been obtained by that date.

THE COURT: No, I got it. In other words, if on April 14th, I sign a final DIP order, then the Debtor hasn't defaulted that condition, but you haven't necessarily drawn the money down.

MR. ZUMBRO: Correct. We will only draw the money that you approve today as and when needed.

THE COURT: We're back to the <u>Bank versus Straw</u>

(Phonetic) Yeah. Okay. Well, I mean this is turning into my trying to speculate on when will this final hearing be, and what to do about this cash flow. Ms. Kelly, I think the Debtor has made a point here. I mean it's not as though -- well, I'd like to be a glass half full person

here -- if I authorize the 1.5 billion, they're not going to spend it all next week. They're going to have it available, but if they're prudently managing their finances, then it makes no sense to have to go back every time you have to get a draw-down, and it does sound like an awful lot of money. But if I approve it on an interim basis, then they're free to operate. They can't pay claims they can't pay. They can't give the money away. They can't upstream dividends to the parent. So what are you worried about if there's a little bit of a -- you know, a little bit of room in this, and this condition doesn't happen?

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MS. KELLY: Well, Your Honor, I don't think we were looking at it that — in sort of that close of a fashion as far as we're worried about, you know, having ten dollars versus five dollars. I think the point was simply that in looking at the budget and looking at the motion, and there was a lot of paper here too, but we didn't see the reasons, you know, what would happen if we didn't get this, you know, from the starting gate and why we needed this money when we already had some money and were showing money would be there. So we wanted to see further evidence on the record, and obviously it's up to Your Honor whether that evidence is sufficient to issue the —

25 THE COURT: Well, again, it's trying to absorb a

very complex subject that a lot of very professional 2 financial people have worked on. I think what I have to do is stick more with the business as usual model. If, God forbid, two weeks from now there was some additional catastrophe that caused a huge draw or drain on cash, we'd have to be back here anyway. It seems like a huge amount of money relative to the total. So it's -- if I read it 8 correctly, if you forget for a moment the portion of the credit facility that's dedicated to letters of credit type 10 things, it's a fund of money that the Debtors can draw on that at least -- it's five billion or four a half billion; 11 12 I've forgotten, but the point is your goal here is to draw 13 down an amount for the first time and then we look at it 14 again, and we have to hope that the managers of the company 15 are not drawing down more money than they need to, to run 16 up the costs. 17 MR. ZUMBRO: Exactly, Your Honor. I mean that's 18 why one of the fundamental important structures of the DIP 19 facility was to have as big of a revolving facility 20 component, which is --21 THE COURT: Yeah. No, I know how it works. 22 MR. ZUMBRO: Right. So that was important. 23 THE COURT: Okay. Is there another -- did you --

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who's back there? Is that Mr. Pascuzzi? Yeah.

MR. PASCUZZI: I didn't mean to interrupt, Your

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Honor, but - Paul Pascuzzi for -- co-counsel with the
Attorney General's Office for the Department of Water
Resources. We had filed a preliminary objection. Our
concern was insuring that the California Energy Crisis
refunds escrow money and interest that goes to rate payers
is not part of the DIP collateral. And it was already
carved out, but the language basically we were going back
and forth on, and I just wanted to confirm and have counsel
confirm that the revision to Schedule A for that
carve-out --

THE COURT: Just explain it again for me and the rest of you that might not understand.

MR. ZUMBRO: Sure. If I could, Your Honor, there are several categories of -- what's referred to as excluded property --

THE COURT: Right.

MR. ZUMBRO: -- which was largely -- we had several constructive discussions with counsel for the CPUC. We wanted to make sure a lot of the CPUC directed programs got those funds which are used for those who are not going to be part of the DIP collateral. We worked with that to carve out, and one of the -- there's a schedule that sort of goes through all of the different statutory and directed programs, and then this gentleman's client wanted to have certain language to clarify on behalf of the California

- Department of Water Resources. That was carved out and there was language which we believe satisfied the objection.
 - THE COURT: No, I understand that, but just for my purpose, and Mr. Pascuzzi, you help me too, but for this carve-out, this is Debtors' asset, right? This would be subject to a lien; this isn't like somebody else's property, or is it?
 - MR. ZUMBRO: There's a mixture, sir. There's some that the Debtor collects. I think one of the counsel who was talking earlier for the CA's, there are certain things that the Debtor bills and collects on behalf of others.
 - THE COURT: So they wouldn't be on it in the first place.
- MR. ZUMBRO: Correct.

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- THE COURT: You can't lien what you don't own, right?
 - MR. ZUMBRO: I don't disagree with that, but people like to have comfort sometimes on those types of issues. So there are certain things that fall into that category. There are certain things that are held in trust for others.
- THE COURT: No, I understand.
- MR. ZUMBRO: And this particular issue is a trust asset, and so we will just clarify the language.

1 THE COURT: So are you okay with the clarifying 2 language? 3 MR. PASCUZZI: Yes, Your Honor. I just want to confirm on the record that we did agree to language and 4 5 revise the scheduling. 6 THE COURT: No, that's good. All right. MR. PASCUZZI: And this is for the interim 8 hearing. We're reserving rights as to the final hearing. 9 THE COURT: No, everybody is. Anyone else in the 10 courtroom or on the phone that wants to be heard on the DIP 11 motion? 12 (No response.) 13 Okay. Well, I'm satisfied with -- oh, wait a 14 minute --15 MR. ZUMBRO: Sure. There was one other issue, 16 Your Honor, that we have also tweaked some language to 17 address the California Workers' Compensation Fund where 18 there were some issues where they were asserting a 19 statutory lien, and we had put some language in it that was 20 satisfactory to both them and the DIP lenders, and it was 21 further revised slightly this morning, but I can't seem to 22 find that black line, but I believe the language was 23 satisfactory to both. 2.4 THE COURT: Well, if you want to state it on the 25 record, you can, but if you want to just take care of it

and have an agreed -- you know, counsel to sign off on the form of order, I'm going to go either way. I don't need you to put it on our record because it'll be on the order that we sign, but if you or counsel want it put on the record, we'll do it.

MR. ZUMBRO: I can represent that the language that we discussed earlier will be reflected in the final order.

MR. PIDONI: You do not yet, Your Honor, Richard Pedoni with Nixon Peabody on behalf of the California Self Insurance Fund. And the two points were, in addition to what's in the revised order that was submitted very early this morning by the Debtors, we had two additional requested changes. One would cap the amount of subordination of what we believe is a valid lien at 1.6 billion, and the other matter is concerning timing, and we'll make sure that those are in the final order. And we appreciate the Debtors working with us on these issues. They are very cooperative.

THE COURT: Well, I appreciate your coming together, all of you working together on these complicated matters. All right. Well then, I'm going to -- again hearing no more complaints by anyone, I'm going to grant the Debtors' motion on the DIP financing as modified with

all of these comments, and again, Mr. Karotkin told me earlier that, you know, there's a desire to get these orders in a hurry, but you've got to do your homework too, to get them agreed, but because when I get an order uploaded, you know, later today, I just have to trust that you've done it, and I do trust you, but that's what you've got to do. And, you know, I'm not going to say, let's do it differently next time because hopefully, there won't be a next time. But I did rely on a very, very complicated motion, and it's not helpful to then find them in a form of order. In fact, under our procedures, you're not even supposed to submit proposed orders, but obviously we needed it in this case, and finally it was a helpful exercise.

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So unless there's something else that anyone thinks we're supposed to take up, I want to take up with Mr. Karotkin or whoever else wants to do it, the scheduling of various things coming up down the road.

MR. ZUMBRO: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Zumbro. So we have several final hearings. We have our regular calendars. We've already talked about the one adversary proceeding. Why don't you tell me -- you know our open dates, and if those don't fit, we'll make them fit.

MR. KAROTKIN: You reserved February 26^{th} and February 27th?

1 THE COURT: Right. 2 MR. KAROTKIN: Next month, so my suggestion would 3 be, if we could have the final hearing on all of the first days on February 27th. THE COURT: You prefer the second of the days, the 5 6 Wednesday? MR. KAROTKIN: Yes. 8 THE COURT: Shall we do it in the morning, though, 9 just so we have time? 10 MR. KAROTKIN: Yes. Sure. 11 THE COURT: So for all of the final -- all --12 everything that we covered today. 13 MR. KAROTIKIN: All of them, yes, sir. 14 THE COURT: And is there sufficient time to give 15 notice? 16 MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, sir. 17 THE COURT: I quess so. 18 MR. KAROTKIN: Yes. 19 THE COURT: Well the rules, as we talked about, 20 for things like DIP financing, we have a rule that says 21 what you have to do. Some of the others are kind of, you 22 know home made, but I think -- I don't want to have one of 23 these last-minute, night-before 8:00 o'clock in the morning, so we need to get a deadline for the Debtor to 24

give notice of the final hearing, and then that notice I

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    think should state when objections should be filed.
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    make me a proposal.
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              MR. KAROTKIN: Can we give notice by Monday?
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              THE COURT: That's one of the things you get to do
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    as lead counsel, is you get somebody else to --
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              MR. KAROTKIN: I've got to speak to my attorney.
 7
         (Laughter)
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              THE COURT: No, no, you get somebody else to
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    commit to when you're going to do something by a deadline.
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              (Counsel confer.)
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              MR. KAROTKIN: Your Honor, I think we can serve
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    everything by Monday, close of business Monday.
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              THE COURT: So Monday is --
              MR. KAROTKIN: The 4^{th}.
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              THE COURT: The 4th. The day after the Super Bowl,
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16
    right?
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              MR. KAROTKIN: Yes.
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              THE COURT: Okay.
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              MR. KAROTKIN: If we have the objection deadline
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    on the 20^{th}?
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              THE COURT: Okay, that's fine. Oh, again, I tell
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    you what. If anybody in the courtroom or on the phone
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    wants to suggest something is wrong or something you don't
    like about that suggestion, I'll take his suggestion and we
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    will say that the Debtor gives notice of all the various
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1 final hearings that we've talked about no later than this 2 coming Monday, February 4, and that objections need to be 3 filed by February 20th. And we'll have a hearing on February 27th at -- well, let's do it like we did --(Court and Clerk confer.) 5 6 Do you want to do it as early as 9:30? okay with me. 8 MR. KAROTKIN: Sure. 9 THE COURT: Okav. 9:30. So do we have all the 10 dates? I mean I'm just thinking; did we cover them all? MR. KAROTKIN: I think we did. 11 12 THE COURT: Well, that's also the day we're 13 doing -- no -- yes, that's the day we're doing the 14 adversary proceeding, right? COURTROOM DEPUTY: Yes, at 1:30. 15 16 THE COURT: Yeah. I'm just -- I mean I realize 17 there are a lot of things that you can't know are going to 18 be coming up. 19 MR. KAROTKIN: Would you prefer to do it the day 20 before? 21 THE COURT: No, no, no. I'm asking a different 22 question. You and all your colleagues have had your hands 23 full with all these things, but, you know, there might be several more things coming down the pike. Do you 24 25 anticipate or do you know now what might be coming in the

first few coming weeks that we should anticipate, or -- MR. KAROTKIN: No.

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THE COURT: I mean you could get 15 motions to do something tomorrow, but you also might know if there's one that's coming up, because frankly what that means to me is to think that well, you know, we gave you two days early in the month, and there's hardly anything there. That's not to say there won't be more things under shortened time.

MR. KAROTKIN: But I think that would be too quick for -- to give notice.

THE COURT: No, it would be generally, but all I'm saying is if -- well, never mind. I'm -- experienced lawyers know how to get shortened time. We've made the regular PG&E special calendar dates available. If we haven't yet got them posted on our website, it's because my staff and I have been working here, but we will have the dates there for any matter that's PG&E related that any lawyer believes should be heard, and if it's to be heard on an expedited basis, that lawyer needs to comply with the procedures for shortening time or get a stipulation from the other side, and I'm just asking you, if you know of anything -- well, I'll give you an example that we both know now. It was about 24 hours ago when I learned that -- that the motion for summary judgment -- I mean, sorry, for preliminary injunction was filed. So, okay, it's something

to think about. So I think about preparing for it and 1 using our resources internally to deal with it, and if you tell me well, there's a great big monster motion coming from somebody that will probably be set on that same date, 5 it's helpful to know, but --6 MR. KAROTKIN: I'm not aware of anything, sir. 7 THE COURT: Okay. Well then I'm prepared to 8 conclude the formal part of the hearing, but I did --9 MR. KAROTKIN: Before you do so, can --10 THE COURT: Yeah, sure. You go. MR. KAROTKIN: I would just like, if we could, to 11 12 review the motions and the orders that were submitted today 13 and the status of where there will be modifications made, 14 so we're all on the same page. 15 THE COURT: Okay. Well, I hope so. 16 MR. KAROTKIN: Okay. We're modifying the joint 17 administration order in accordance with your request. 18 We've done it and we've furnished a copy to the U.S. 19 Trustee already and to --20 THE COURT: And Mr. Busby has already met with 21 someone and is talking to some people. I think we've got 22 that under control. 23 MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, so I think that's pretty much finished. The creditor matrix --2.4

THE COURT: And by the way, there's no further

1 hearing on that.

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MR. KAROTKIN: Correct. The creditor matrix, there were no objections.

THE COURT: Correct.

MR. KAROTKIN: The motion to extend time to file schedules we've revised in accordance with your ruling and have given a copy of that revised order to the U.S. Trustee.

THE COURT: And that will come -- that is not the kind of order that's I need this afternoon.

MR. KAROTKIN: No. But that should be finished.

THE COURT: Ms. Kelly has signed off on it and we're done with that, right, I agree. Okay.

MR. KAROTKIN: The oversized -- I'm skipping the oversized briefing. The responsible individual, no changes. Cash management, we're addressing the 345(b) waiver deferring that, deferring consideration and granting the waiver until the final hearing.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. KAROTKIN: And we've given a copy -- we've revised that and given a copy to the United States

Trustee's Office. The insurance motion, I read into the record, there's a couple of changes. No one else has to see that, so that should be ready to go and uploaded.

25 THE COURT: And that's done. There's no further

- 1 hearing on that.
- MR. KAROTKIN: Right. The claims agent, I believe
- 3 Mr. Busby is handling that.
- 4 THE COURT: Well, he's already talked to the
- 5 agent.
- 6 MR. KAROTKIN: Exactly.
- 7 THE COURT: And I think there was a question that
- 8 | was presented to me by Mr. Busby for the Court during the
- 9 | break, that had to do with the indemnity language --
- 10 MR. KAROTKIN: Yes.
- 11 THE COURT: -- but you and I talked about it.
- 12 | The claims agent has agreed to a change.
- MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, sir.
- 14 THE COURT: So that will be reflected and
- 15 uploaded.
- MR. KAROTKIN: Okay. Good.
- 17 THE COURT: And that order should be signed
- 18 promptly too for the benefit of the claims agent.
- 19 MR. KAROTKIN: Okay. The Exchange Operator
- 20 Motion, there were no changes. The Operational Integrity
- 21 | Motion, there were no changes. The Lien Claimants' Motion,
- 22 | there were no changes. The taxes motion, there were no
- 23 changes. The Customer Programs Motion, there were a couple
- 24 of changes, and we can represent that counsel for the
- 25 parties who raised those changes have agreed to the form of

order that we can upload.

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THE COURT: But, stop there for a minute. Even the taxes motion, that is the subject of a further hearing, and --

MR. KAROTKIN: Yes.

THE COURT: -- and so is the customer --

MR. KAROTKIN: Yes.

THE COURT: Yeah, okay. Well, I mean we were identifying some that were done. Now these are -- we're identifying some that are going to come back to visit us next time.

MR. KAROTKIN: Exactly. Employee wages, No. 14, no changes. The NOL Motion, the changes that we discussed on the record have already been made.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. KAROTKIN: Then the DIP financing motion --

THE COURT: And you -- it was your suggestion that the NOL Motion should get -- should move quickly. We should go on that quickly. Again, keep in mind, when we break today, some of us have to figure out, now what do we do, and one of the things that I need to do with my staff is to make sure we can turn these orders around -- not that we can't do it; we want to be ready for you to do it.

MR. KAROTKIN: Yes.

THE COURT: And that's -- for reasons that are not

1 clear to me, but I'll trust you, that's a high priority 2 item.

3 MR. KAROTKIN: Yes.

4 THE COURT: That's a quick front burner order.

5 | Fair enough?

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MR. KAROTKIN: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Okay. What's next?

MR. KAROTKIN: I think that covers it.

MR. ZUMBRO: I think it's just the DIP Motion, which we will upload.

11 THE COURT: Oh, the DIP. Well, the sealing, we --

12 I mean other than the fact that Ms. Kelly objected, that's

13 a done deal. No further hearing. And the DIP Motion,

15 be approved too. Please make sure that you are able to get

we've talked about the schedule. Okay. And that needs to

16 sign-off, if you can, by the principal players who have

17 been heard on this. You know, I'm going to take your word

18 on relatively minor things, but these are big ticket items

19 | that I want to make sure -- and, you know, when my Clerk

20 and I look at our uploaded order, we like to see the name

21 of, you know, somebody who was on the other side, and we're

22 good to go; we will sign off on it.

MR. KAROTKIN: But I just want to make clear, on

24 | the DIP order, for example, there are no changes and

25 everyone is finished with it.

1	THE COURT: Yes, that's true.
2	MR. KAROTKIN: Yeah.
3	THE COURT: Well, I mean there are I mean if
4	you well, I mean
5	MR. PEDONE: Richard Pedone. I do need to need to
6	see the final changes. I can respond within 15 to 20
7	minutes this afternoon.
8	THE COURT: So just sign off on the form.
9	MR. PEDONE: Yes, I will. I'm available.
10	MR. KAROTKIN: Oh, Your Honor, in connection with
11	the second-day hearing, if there are objections filed, can
12	we submit responses by the 25^{th} ?
13	THE COURT: (Laughing). Do I have to read them?
14	MR. KAROTKIN: I think you'll enjoy them.
15	THE COURT: I'm sure. Oh, I'm sure I will.
16	(Laughter.)
17	All right. Yes, okay, the 25^{th} response.
18	MR. KAROTKIN: Okay.
19	THE COURT: What do you have for me today, Ms.
20	Kim?
21	MS. KIM: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Jane Kim,
22	Keller and Benvenutti.
23	THE COURT: Yeah, I know your home, but I want
24	you to say it again. What do you have?
25	MS. KIM: On behalf of the Debtors. I spoke with

- 1 Ms. Parada briefly yesterday, and she had mentioned that
- 2 Your Honor might want to discuss as housekeeping the manner
- 3 of things like notices of hearings and hearing binders.
- $4\mid$ And I tried to -- I was hoping that we would be able to
- 5 | just do that for a couple of minutes and then I don't want
- 6 to keep you --
- 7 THE COURT: Well, I tell you what. I don't want
- 8 | to keep all the counsel here. I'll ask Ms. Parada to be in
- 9 touch with you.
- 10 MS. KIM: That would be fine.
- 11 THE COURT: It's not a big deal.
- MS. KIM: No.
- 13 THE COURT: But again, I've already said, thanks
- 14 | to a lot of people and to you too Ms. Kim, and everybody in
- 15 | your office. Everybody must have been doing a very
- 16 | horribly difficult job because the little piece of it we
- 17 | get is enough to be mind boggling, and you all did a very
- 18 | excellent job of laying it all out and presenting it for
- 19 me. So thank you to everybody.
- 20 MS. KIM: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 21 THE COURT: Now the last thing on my agenda is
- 22 | this morning I said at the end of the work time on the
- 23 | motions, I'd see if anyone else wants to be heard, just
- 24 | general comments. So I don't -- I'll take a pause. Is
- 25 there anyone particularly representing a creditor or an

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individual person who is in the courtroom or in the
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2
    overflow courtroom that wants to be heard? Just make a
 3
    statement on the record.
 4
         (No response.)
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              How about on the phone, anyone on the phone?
 6
         (No response.)
7
              All right. Well, thank you everyone for putting
8
    in a long day and we appreciate your time and I look
    forward to seeing the orders.
              ALL COUNSEL: Thank you, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Have a good day. Thank you.
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         (Whereupon, the proceedings are concluded at 3:17
    p.m.)
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CERTIFICATE OF TRANSCRIBER

I certify that the foregoing is a correct

By: /s/ Jo McCall

transcript from the digital sound recording of the

proceedings in the above-entitled matter.

DATED: February 5, 2019

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